THE WEATHER
Fair Sunday and Monday.

THE MORNING STAR
WILMINGTON

16 Pages Today
ONE SECTION

VOL. XCV—NO. 26. WILMINGTON, N. C., SUNDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 18, 1914 WHOLE NUMBER 13,792.

MEXICAN BULLETS SERIOUSLY WOUND U. S. SOLDIER BOYS

Villa Adherents Attack Town Just Across the Line, with Fatal Results.

TWO NEGRO TROOPERS NOT EXPECTED TO LIVE

Seven People on American Side of the Line Hurt by Lead From Mexicon Rifles—Two Troopers Are Seriously Injured.

Naco, Ariz., Oct. 17.—Maytorena forces, partisans of the Villa faction in the Mexican imbroglio, it was learned today, were defeated with heavy losses during their attack on Naco, Sonora, last night and early today.

Maytorena, it is said, not only disregarded the armistice fixed by the Aguas Calientes conference, but attacked the Mexican town from due south, although he previously had assured American officials that he had given orders to prevent fire against the American town.

Bullets fro mthe rifles of the Indians who hurled themselves against the entrenchments of the Carranza forces under General Hill strucq in this village. Seven persons were wounded, including four negro troopers of the Ninth United States cavalry.

The American soldiers crouched behind boiler plate fortifications strung along the American side of the boundary as the bullets pattered against the steel.

Two of the most seriously wounded troopers, naither of whom is expected to live, were sent to the army hospital at Fort Huachouca.

CARRANZA STILL "FIRST CHIEF."

Mexican Foreign Minister Makes Statement to That Effect at Capital.

Mexico City, Mex., Oct. 17.—Ysidro Fabela, the Mexican Foreign Minister, declared today General Venustiano Carranza still is the first chief of the Constitutionalist party. The foreign minister said the Aguas Calientes convention had not discussed Carranza's resignation, but had considered only general questions affecting the nation.

Today he said: "The business of the government is being conducted as usual. The supreme chief of the army is General Carranza. He is also the first chief of the nation.

"The Aguas Calientes convention is discussing the general affairs of the country, but particularly an arrangement for an armistice between Benjamin Hill and General Maytorena, who have broken their agreement with the convention in not ceasing hostilities.

"The resignation of General Carranza has not been discussed at the convention, and, therefore, he continues to be the first chief as before."

General Villa is in Aguas Calientes with his staff, and an escort of troops. He says he will not enter the convention.

WHY WAR STARTED.

German Diplomats Make Reports After Investigation.

Berlin, Oct. 17, by wireless to Sayville, L. I.—The German Gazette has made public the reports of several German diplomatic representatives which refer to the circumstances leading up to the present war.

Among these is a report made in June, 1913, which shows France-Russian action, on the occasion of the English royal visit to Paris, in an endeaver to conclude an Anglo-Russian naval convention and to change the triple entente into an alliance.

The paper also publishes a report dated in June of 1914, which is accompanied by a Russian secret document on the Anglo-Russian conference held May 26 at the house of the chief of the Russian naval staff. In this document careful details of the deliberation of parts of both the English and the Russian navies are set down, as are also arrangements regarding the Bosphorus and the Dardanelles.

The Gazette concludes its presentations with the publication of an intercepted report by an aide de camp of a Russian grand duke, dated July 26, 1914, in which it is stated that Russia, since July 24, had been bent on war.

PLEAD WITH THE FARMERS

Governors of Southern States in Session at Memphis.

Memphis, Tenn., Oct. 17.—A plea to the farmers of the south to curtail the 1915 cotton production at least fifty percent and approval of the $150,000,000 fund raised to take care of this year's surplus cotton was expressed in resolutions adopted at the meeting of Governors of Southern states here today.

The conference was called by Governor Geo. W. Hays, of Arakansas, but only four executives attended. Two others were represented.

London, Oct. 17. — A dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company from Athens says early today there were continuous seismic shocks in the Grecian provinces of Attica and Boetia and Peloponnesus. Many houses were overthrown and a number of people were injured. The shocks have been felt in Athens.

Seattle, Wash., Oct. 17.—A Merchants' Exchange despatch from Port Said said that the big blue funnel liner Titan, which sailed from Seattle for Great Britain on Aug. 7, with a million dollar cargo, largely foodstuffs, is on fire in the Suez canal. No details are given.

WAR DRAWS NEARER HOME TO ENGLAND; FOUR GERMAN DESTROYERS DESTROYED

German Troops Are On the Coast of Belgium Less Than Seventy Miles From Dover—Are About to Attempt a March Southward to Dunkirk and Calais, Still Nearer to British Coast

FIGHTING NOW IS CENTERED IN WEST FLANDERS

French Official Communication Declares that Germans Have Not Advanced Beyond Line Running From Ostend to Thorout, Roulers and Menin—Allies Have Prevented Germans Seizing French Ports

London, Oct. 17.—Each day brings the war nearer home to England. Today there was a naval battle off the Dutch coast in which a British cruiser and four destroyers sank four German destroyers, while on land the German troops reached the coast of Belgium, less than 70 miles from Dover. They are about to attempt a march southward to Dunkirk and Calais, which are even closer to the English coast.

It is here in West Flanders and across the French frontier that the heaviest and most important fighting is now going on. According to the French official communication, issued this afternoon, the Germans have not advanced beyond the line running from Ostend to Thorout, Boulers and Menin. The last mentioned place is just on the border north of Lille which the Germans occupied some days ago, but which, according to an unconfirmed report, they have been compelled to abandon.

The allied line in this region runs from a point on the coast which has not been disclosed. For the moment Arras is the scene of the most persistent fighting. The Germans are trying to break through to the Calais railway while the French are attempting to push the German front to the northeast. In this fighting the French appear to have met with some success, as they announce that they have occupied Fleurbaix and also have taken the immediate approaches to Armentieres. At Arras they claim they are continuing to gain ground.

The fighting has only commenced in this district, however, for the Germans who would consider it a great victory to reach the coast of France and "hold the pistol at England's head" have brought up strong reinforcements and will strive with all their might to achieve this object. Their official report issued this afternoon says that no events of importance have happened but as they await important victories before making any announcement this does not mean there has been no fighting.

The allies also can bring up reinforcements on land and have been doing so, which makes it certain a great battle must be fought before either side gives ground. The allies will be assisted by the British ships when the fighting reaches points near the coast.

Along the center, which now stretches from Roye to the Meuse, there appears to have been a lull in the fighting, which means, of course, that although the artillery has been busy as ever, neither side has attempted any attacks.

Germans Holding Ground.

Around St. Mihiel south of Verdun, where the Germans are hanging on to the little strip of the river Meuse which they succeeded in crossing, and beyond which the French have been trying for weeks to drive them, the battle has been almost continuous and the French claim to have gained more ground.

Away down in Alsace, which is seldom mentioned in the official reports, there has been fighting which, however, both French and German statements ignore. Twice during the week reports have come from Besel that the Germans have been defeated there and now an unofficiay account from Berlin says the Fortress of Belfort has been attacked with mortars.

Both Berlin and Paris express confidence in the outcome of the battle in the East and West.

Reports of fighting in East Prussia, Poland, Galacia and Hungary are so widely at variance that it is difficult to judge of the progress of the battles. Austria claims to be driving the Russians out of Hungary, while the Russian generals say they are leaving the country to escape danger of infection from cholera.

Reports Differ Widely.

Berlin says the Galacian fortress of Przemysl, has been relieved, while the Russian report, received through Rome, says the fortress at last has fallen. In Poland both sides insist they have gained the advantage in advance guard actions. The only thing in which the two sides agree is that inactivity prevails in Suwalki.

In Poland, where a big and important battle has begun, the Germans are making for the crossings of the Vistula behind which the Russians are waiting for them. The Russian advance guard thrown out in front of the river are falling back before the German advance, and it doubtless is this fighting which was referred to in the official reports from Berlin and Petrograd. One account says the Germans have taken the offensive with success but the Russians declare the Austrians and Germans have been reduced to the defensive. It is quite likely the state of the roads prevents either side from making any advance and that they will be compelled to wait until the ground has frozen before striking their real blows.

From the allies' standpoint the delay in the eastern theatre of war is important, for it prevents the Germans from sending reinforcements to the west. The inhabitants of Poland apparently are giving the Germans some trouble and are reported to have organized marauding parties which, while they cannot do muct damage to any army, can interfere with its communications by destroying roads and bridges.

Mines and the stopping of neutral steamers are causing much annoyance to neutral counrties. Following the example of Germany and England, Russia is sowing mines in the Baltic, while the Germans are said to have placed these dangerous machines in the Scheldt which is Dutch water. The Adria-

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STARTLING FACTS ARE BROUGHT OUT BY PROBE

Witness Gives Details of Rock Island Losses.

B. F. Yoakum, Connected With the Sale of the Frisco Lines to the Rock Island and From that Road to Himself.

Washington, Oct. 17.—Disclosures in detail of financial losses to the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railway were made to the Interstate commerce Commission today by witnesses intimately identified with the transactions.

B. F. Yoakum, who participated in the sale of the Frisco lines to the Rock Island, and who subsequently repurchased the Frisco for himself and associates, described in detail the negotiations which resulted in a loss to the Rock Island of approximately $7,500,000.

Mr. Yoakum also gave, incidentally and briefly, his views on such supervision as he believed the government ought to exercise over railroads. His idea is that a co-partnership ought to exist between the government and the railroads and that each should have a share in the responsibility and in to construct and operate railroads in great achievements of the present national administration was its decision to construct and operate railroads in Alaska.

Through the testimony of J. N. Wallace, president of the Central Trust Company, New York, it was shown there is strong probability that the securities of the two Rock Island holding companies would be wiped out and that every dollar invested in them would be lost. As trustee of the bondholders, the Central Trust Company is pressing for the sale of the Rock Island stock held as security for its bonds. The sale of this stock would eliminate the security of the holding companies as a factor of any value.

At the conclusion of todays testimony the Interstate Commerce Commission's hearings in the Rock Island investigation were adjourned to an undertermined future date, perhaps several weeks hence.

Washington, Oct. 17.—Secretary Daniels expects to resume his campaign work in the East next week, and the following week will campaign in the Middle West beginning in Missouri.

War News at a Glance

While the armies of the allies and the German invaders are preparing for battle on their mighty lines, stretching from the Belgian coast southward, the ships of war in the North Sea again are showing activity. The British have revenged the sinking of the cruiser Hawke by a German submarine by a swift descent upon four German torpedo boat destroyers, which they sent to the bottom.

Capt. Cecil H. Fox, who was commander of the cruiser Amphion, destroyed by a German mine on August 6th, was in command of the light cruiser Undaunted and the four British torpedo boat destroyers, Lance, Lennox, Legion and Loyal, which engaged the Germans off the Dutch coast. The battle must have been fast, for the British had only one officer and four men wounded while the official report issued by the admiralty says 31 survivors of the German destroyers are prisoners of war. This would mean that nearly 400 Germans went down with their ships.

In the land fighting the British troops have captured Fromelles, an important position southwest of Lille, on the French left, while the French commander has been receiving aid from sailors of the French fleet on the important strategic position between Ypres and the sea. The French sailors are said to have repulsed a German attack and captured detachments of cavalry and infantry.

That the Germans are trying to move down the North Sea to Dunkirk and Calais is certain, but just how far south of Ostend they have proceeded is not known. Reports of fighting in the neighborhood of Dunkirk are not generally credited.

The Holland-American liner Noordam, which left New York October 6, and was reported to have reached Falmouth October 15, has been damaged by a mine in the North Sea and is believed to be proceeding to Rotterdam. The message conveying this information said that seven persons aboard the Noordam were injured by the explosion.

The latest British casualty list includes among the killed Major General Hubert L. W. Hamilton, who was closely associated with Field Marshal Kitchener in South Africa and India.

WHAT THE WAR IS COSTING

Paris, Oct. 17Paul Leroy-Beaulieu, the French economist, estimates that each of the greater belligerants is spending an average equivalent of $200,000,000 monthly.

In presenting these figures to the academy of Moral and Political Sciences today, he considered it probable the war would continue for seven months from August 1. Accordingly the five greater powers engaged were committed to an expenditure of $7,000,000,000. Each of the smaller states, including Japan, will have expenses of from $600,000,000 to $800,000,000 to meet.

SOLDIERS FROM COLONIES INSTEAD OF HOMELAND

Probable Result of Enforced Military Training in Australia.

London, Oct. 12.—(Correspondence of The Associated Press.)—The enforced military training system in Australia were made to the Interstate Commerce to a test in the contingents from the antipodes sent to the present war, but is it talked of seriously here as a possible means to strengthen the English army and at the same time escape the conscription system of the continent.

B. F. Yoakum, who participated in men away from productive labor as European conscription. It is more as if national guard service were required of every able-bodied man in the United States, beginning with the public school military training. It aims only to provide trained men for emergencies instead of a seasoned and menacing force.

Military service in Australia begins with boys at the age of 12. But from 12 to 14 the junior cadets, as they are called, wear no uniforms and their training is confined to gymnastics, marching, swimming and first aid. Senior cadets, from 14 to 18 years of age, have a simple uniform and receive instruction in company and battalion drill; musketry, sentry duty and the like. The number of hours of drill does not exceed that of an average national guard company in America.

What gives discipline to this force is the law. An employer who keeps an employe from his military duties is subject to a fine of $500. A senior cadet evading duty is liable to fine ranging from $25 to $500 for each year of evasion, the penalty being enforced only in cases where the offender is eighteen years of age or over. From the years 18 to 25, there are required of each man 30 drills annually, of which 20 must be out of door parades and twelve halfday or six whole day exercises in the field. Further each man puts in at least a week in annual training in camp and also fires a course of musketry each year.

In New Zealand, an employer who attempts to interfere with the training of a subject is not only fined but blacklisted as well for all government contracts.

Compulsory training will in full operation give Australia a force of 112,000 citizen soldiers and 100,000 cadets, and New Zealand a force of 30,000 trained men. Australia has a population of 5,083,000 and New Zealand a million whites.

Atlanta, Ga., Oct. 17.—The National convention of the Brotherhood of St. Andrew completed its business today with the selection of Los Angeles, Cal. as the 1915 meeting place.

British Cruiser and Four Torpedo Boat Destroyers Met and Sunk Four of Germany's Naval Vessels off the Dutch Coast Late Yesterday Afternoon—British Loss in Engagements Small

ONLY THIRTY-ONE GERMANS SURVIVE BATTLE

Score in Naval Operations Now Favors Allied Forces Slightly—Germany's Loss Yesterday Makes Six of That Class Vessels Sent to Bottom by British Gun Fire Since Opening of Hostilities

London, Oct. 17.—The British navy has accounted for four more German destroyers which have been engaged and sunk off the Dutch coast this afternoon by a British cruiser and four torpedo boat destroyers.

According to an announcement made by the secretary of the British admiralty, the British vessels in the action were the light cruiser Undaunted and the torpedo boat destroyers Lance, Lennox, Legion and Loyal.

Thus the British sailors have taken speedy revenge for the sinking of the British cruiser Hawke by a submarine Thursday.

The sinking of the four warships today makes six torpedo boat destroyers sent to the bottom by British gun fire since the beginning of the war and seven counting the torpedo boat destroyer sunk by the submarine E-9.

The score in naval operations, without counting converted merchantmen such as the Kaiser Wilhelm Der Grosse and the Captrafelgar, now favors the allies, which have sunk one Austrian and six German cruisers and seven German torpedo boat destroyers where there has been unconfirmed reports of the sinking of several Austrian destroyers in the Adriatic Sea.

The Germans have sunk eight British and one Russian cruiser, while Australia has lost a submarine by accident. The Russians also claim to have sunk two German submarines, but this the Germans deny.

Up to this afternoon Berlin had not heard officially of the sinking of the British cruiser Hawke which indicates that the submarine which accomplished it has not yet returned to port.

The British cruiser Undaunted was commanded by Captain Cecil H. Fox, who commanded the cruiser Amphion, which, after sinking the German armored cruiser Koenigen Luise, was itself destroyed by a German mine on August 6th.

The admiralty announces that the British loss in the engagement off the Dutch coast, in which four German torpedo boat destroyers were sunk, was one officer and four men wounded. The damage to the British destroyers was slight. The announcement adds:

"There are 31 German survivors, prisoners of war."

CHURCHILL COMMENDS THE NAVAL BRIGADES

Who Took Part in the Defense of Antwerp.

First Lord of the British Admiralty Has Been Criticised For The British Sailors Being in the Fortress.

London, Oct. 17.—Winston Spencer Churchill, first lord of the admiralty, who has been criticized for dispatching naval brigades to Antwerp to assist in the defense of that fortress, has sent these organizations a congratulatory message, which is made public by the admiralty. The first lorg justifies the action taken and says:

"The loss of a portion of the First Brigade, through a mistake, in no way reflects upon quality or character of the division. The Brigades of royal marines throughout the operations sustained fully, by their firmness, discipline and courage, the traditions of the crops.

"It is not necessary to say more than this. The naval brigades bore themselves admirably under the artillery fire of the enemy and it is to be regretted that no opportunity of closer contact wit hhis infantry was afforded them.

"The dispatch of the naval brigade to Antwerp has interrupted for the time the progress of their instruction and training. They were chosen because the need for them was urgent; because mobile troops could not be embarked the quickest and because their training, although incomplete, was as far advanced as that of a large portion not only of the forces defending Antwerp but of the enemy forces attacking.

"The naval division was sent to Antwerp, not as an isolated incident, but as a part of a large operation for the relief of the city. Other and more powerful considerations prevented this from being carried through. The defence of the inner lines of Antwrp could have been maintained for some days and the naval division withdrew only when ordere dto do so, in obedience to the general strategic situation and not on account of any attack or pursuit by the enemy.

"The prolongation of the defense due to the arrival of the division enabled the ships in the ahrbor to be rendered useless and many steps of importance to be taken."

BRITISH CRUISER SUNK

Survivors Tell of How Hawke Was Struck by German Submarine

Aberdeen, Scotland, Oct. 17.—Survivors of the British cruiser Hawke which was sunk yesterday by a German submarine, say the presence of a submarine in the vicinity of the cruiser was unknown until the periscope of the boat was detected moving away. The Hawke sank in five minutes, and hundreds of men, some of them in cork jackets and others hanging to pieces of wreckage, were scattered about in the water.

"I was on the forenoon watch," said one of the stokers, "some one was singing and the others had joined in the chorus when theHawke was struck. The ship immediately started to cant over. When I reached the deck the captain was calling 'It's everybody for himself.'

"I jumped overboard and managed to keep afloat, although the water was bitterly cold, until picked up by the only boat that there was ime to launch. Far a time we rowed around picking up men, but the boat was soon crowded, and beyond throwing life belts to the men in the water we could do not more. A Norwegian steamer came along and picked up a few men, but she was too late to save others."

LINER STRUCK MINE

Seven Persons Injured When Explosion Occured—Vessel Damaged.

London, Oct. 17.—The Holland-American liner Noordam struck a mine today in the English channel, according to an Amsterdam dispatch to Reuters Telegram Company. Seven persons aboard the Noordam were injured.

TheNoordam is steaming slowly to Niuwe Waterweig, Hook of Holland, according to late advices to Lloyds from Amsterdam.

The Noordam which is commanded by Lieut. Krol, of the Netherland Royal Naval Reserve, left New York, October 6, bound for Roterdam with a number of first and second cabin and steerage passengers.

The Noordam is of 7,978 tons net and 550 feet long. She was built at Belfast in 1902. On her previous eastward trips the liner was diverted from her course by a British warship and taken to Queenstown where 188 German and Austriana reservists were taken off.

WORD TO NEW YORK

Hoboken Offices of Holland-American Line Hears Vessel Held-Up.

New York, Oct. 17.—Word was received at the Hoboken offices of the Holland-American Line today that the steamer Noordam, which sailed for Rotterdam on October 6, with ninety passengers, had been held up in the English Channel by four British cruisers and convoyed to Falmouth. It was assumed here that the Noordam was proceeding from Falmouth after having been released by the British authorities when she struck a mine.

WAR RE ENUE BILL PASSED BY SENATE BY BIG MAJORITY

Fight Made by Southern Senators to Delay its Passage Unsuccessful.

COTTON AMENDMENT DECISIVELY DEFEATED

Vote of Thirty-Four to Twenty-Two is Final Voice of the Senate—Party Lines Drawn Close at the Close of Fight.

Washington, Oct. 17.—The administration war revenue bill, levying approximately $100,000,000 additional taxes to meet the emergency caused by the war in Europe, was passed by the Senate tonitght 34 to 22 after Southern Democrats in coalition with Republicans of the Senate sought to indefinitely postpone consideration of the measure because cotton relief legislation had been decisively defeated.

Democratic leaders, by a supreme effort in the climax of the cotton fight, gathered their forces, and, spurring them on with eloquent appeals for party solidarity, defeated 32 to 25 the coalition in its move to indefinitely postpone action. Senator Clarke, of Arkansas; Smith, of Georgia; Smith, of South Carolina; Vardaman and White, were the Democratic senators who fought to the end, voting with the Republicans to postpone actionu. This would have killed the bill for the present session of Congress.

Despite urgent pleas of Senators Williams, Stone, Shively and James, who demanded united Democratic aupport for a Democratic measure fostered by the administration, these five Southern senators under a storm of oratorical denunciation, persisted to the last, in their determination that the bill should contain some cotton relief provision.

The enlivening contest that marked the passage of the bill foreshadowed the end of the long drawn out session of Congress, which has kept flags flying over the Capitol almost continuously for the past two years.

The tax bill will go to the House on Monday and will be sent to conference. An agreement on the measure between the two Houses probably will be reached by the middle of next week.

The vote on the revenue bill followed party lines with one exception, Senator Lane, of Oregon, Democrat, voting against it. Immediately after its passage by the Senate, Senator Simmons, who insisted upon its amendments, asked a conference with the House. Conferees named were Senators Simmons, Williams, Stone, McCumber and Clark, of Wyoming.

Provisions of the Bill.

The main provisions for war revenue included in the Senate bill are:

Tax on beer $1.75 a barrel; rectified whiskey five cents a gallon; all domestic still wines eight cents a gallon and 55 cents a gallon on all grape brandies used in fortification thereof; champagnes 25 cents a quart; carbonated wines ten cents a quart; liquors and cordials, 24 cents a gallon; bankers $1 per thousand of capital, surplus and undivided profits; pawn brokers, $50 a year; commercial brokers, $20; commission merchants $20; commission house brokers $10; proprietors of theatres, museums and concert halls, with seating capacity not more than 300, $25 a year; not exceeding 600 capacity, $50; not exceeding 1,000, $75; more than 1,000, $100; circuses $100; other amusement proprietors or agents, except of chautauquas, lecture lyceums, agricultural or industrial fairs or exhibitions under religious or charitable auspices, $10; bowling alleys and billiard rooms $5 for each alley or table.

Special Taxes on Tobacco.

Special annual taxes on tobacco dealers and manufacturers:

Dealers in leaf tobacco, from $6 to $24; dealers in tobacco $4.80 for each store; manufacturers of tobacco, with annual sales not exceeding 100,000 pounds $6; not exceeding 200,000 pounds $12; not exceeding 400,000 pounds, $24; not exceeding one million pounds $60; five million pounds $300; ten million pounds $600; twenty million pounds $1,200; exceeding twenty million pounds $2,496.

Manufacturers of cigars, whose annual sales don't exceed 100,000 cigars $3; 200,000 cigars $6; four hundred thousand $12; one million, $30; five million $150; ten million $200; forty million $1,500.

Manufacturers of cigarettes with annual sales not exceeding 1,000,000 cigarettes $12; two million $24; five million $60; ten million $120; fifty million $600; hundred million $1,200; exceeding hundred million $2,496.

Special Stamp Taxes.

Stamp taxes as follows:

Perfumery, cosmetics and similar articles from one-eighth of a cent for each five cent package to 5-9 of a cent on each 25 cent package and 5-8 of a cent for each additional 25 cents in value; chewing gum, 4 cents for each $1 of value; sparkling wines not otherwise taxed, one cent for pints and two cents for all larger containers.

Brokers' notes, memorandum of sales etc., 10c; conveyances, 50c on values between $100 and $500, and 50 cents for each additional $500 of value; custom house receipts 25c of $1 on values ranging from $100 to more than $500; custom house withdrawal entries 50 cents each.

Marine and fire insurance policies 1c on each dollar of premium, co-operative and mutual fire insurance exempted, casualty insurance 1c on each dollar of premium.

Passage tickets sold in the United States to foreign ports not exceeding $30 in cost, $1; not exceeding $60 in

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WAR REVENUE BILL PASSED BY SENATE

(Continued From Page One.)

cost, $3; costing more than $60, $5; tickets less than $10 exempted.

Power of attorney 10c; protests of notes, etc., 25c; parlor car seats and berths, 1c.

Revenue to be Raised.

Maximum estimate of annual revenue $107,000,000; minimum estimate based on possible slump in beer production $92,000,000.

The cotton relief amendment proposed by the senators from the cotton states was defeated by a vote of 40 to 21.

The amendment provided for an issue of $250,000,000 of three year 4 per cent government bonds, in denominations of $10, $20 and $50 and $100 to be used to purchase, from producers, of 5,000,000 bales of cotton at not more than ten cents per pound.

Those who voted for the amendment were:

Republicans—Borah, Clapp, Janes.

Democrats—Clarke, of Arkansas; Culberson, Fletcher, Lane, Lea, of Tennessee; Martin, Myers, Overman, Sheppard, Shields, Simmons, Smith of Georgia; Smith, of South Carolina; Thornton, Vardaman, White and Williams.

Progressives—Poindexter.

Twenty-one Democrats voted against the amendment, they were: Ashurst, Camden, Hitchcock, Hughes, James, Johnson, Kern, Lewis, Lee, of Maryland; Martin, O'Gorman, Pomerene, Saulsbury, Shafroth, Shively, Stone, Swanson, Thomas, Thompson, Walsh and West.

An amendment proposing a $500,000,000 bond issue to be used by the Secretary of the Treasury in stabilizing the price of grain during the European war, proposed by Senator McCumber, was voted down.

Overman's Amendment Defeated.

The amendment of Senator Overman appropriating $65,963,598 to pay to the Southern states the amount collected as a tax on cotton after the Civil War was defeated 14 to 44. The amendment would have repaid the cotton tax on the condition that the states loan it to cotton producers, on their product.

Tense hours in the Senate followed the announced determination early in the day of Southern Democrats to make an effort to hold up action on the war revenue bill should the cotton amendments be defeated. Administration leaders and even President Wilson was notified of the situation. Postmaster General Burleson went to the Capitol to work against the amendment.

After the cotton amendments had been defeated, however, Senator Hoke Smith, of Georgia, declaring that "the Senate has defeated a measure vastly more important than the war revenue bill" moved to lay that measure on the table. Senator Bryan, of Florida, made the point of order that the motion was out of order because the Senate had agreed yesterday to bring about final disposition of the bill tonight.

Vice President Marshall sustained this point of order. Senator Vardaman, of Mississippi, then moved that the Senate indefinitely postpone action on the war revenue bill. This motion was held to be within the spirit of the unanimous consent resolution.

Williams Arraigned Colleagues.

The roll call was about to be taken when Senator John Sharp Williams, of Mississippi, himself a champion of the cotton bond amendment, arose and arraigned his colleagues. From a position in front of the Democratic seats he faced the senators and declared that the responsibility of the welfare of the entire country would rest upon them if their efforts should succeed.

Senators Clarke, of Arkansas, and Vardaman, of Mississippi, strongly defended their position. Senator Vardaman declared he wished to do nothing to starve the Treasury, "but if the United States is going to lay the heavy hand of taxation on people groaning with poverty it can't lay it upon my people with my consent."

Senator Clarke said he believed the government should discharge its obligations and one of them was to the cotton farmers of the South.

Stone Appeals to Others.

Senator Stone, of Missouri, appealed to what he termed the "recalcitrant Democrats," who, he asserted, had agreed in party conference to vote for the war revenue bill.

"If the Democrats," said Senator Stone, "are going to repudiate the Democratic caucus and attempt to defeat a measure which they were pledged to support, and shall succeed in their effort, we shall stay here until something else is done to relieve the abnormal and unusual pressure on the Treasury. This Democratic House and Senate would be recreant to its duty if this motion should be adopted and we should go home whipped by a coterie of recalcitrants who would hold the Democratic party up to contempt and bring the Democratic administration, glorious in achievement up to this hour, into serious embarrassment. Take your own course, gentlemen, but an overwhelming number of your colleagues will stand by their guns and not run away and leave the administration, for which we are responsible, in an emergency predicament."

Senator Pemerene criticised some of the Democratic Senators for referring to their effort as one of sectional interest and asked what the legislatures of the cotton states and the banks had done to aid them. He read a letter from a southern banker to other bankers, urging them to "absolutely shut down on any more loans; now is the time for calling in, and not putting out."

"To call such a man Shylock, is to libel Shylock," Senator Pomerene declared. An amendment, proposed by Senator Poindexter, which would have substituted an increased income tax for the tax on telegraph and telephone messages and on freight, wa slaid on the table, by a vote of 36 to 16.

TRIAL BEGINS MONDAY.

Jared Flagg, Charged With Using the Mails to Defraud.

Washington, Oct. 16.—United States Judge Van Fleet today refused to entertain a motion to quash the indictments against Jared Flagg, who, with former United States Treasurer Daniel N. Morgan and others will be placed on trial in the Federal court here next Monday, charged with using the mails to defraud investors in financial schemes. Judge Van Fleet said a motion properly should be made before United States Judge Rudkin, of Seattle, Wash., who will preside at the trial here.

The motion for a dismissal was based on the allegation that Michael Kehoe was one of the grand jurors who voted for the indictment. Flagg's counsel set forth that Kehoe was a member of the jury which indicted Julian Hawthorne, Albert Freeman and others, accused of using the mails to defraud investors in mining stocks; and that Kehoe was on the jury which found Freeman guilty. It was upon these facts that Freeman recently was granted a new trial.

WAR DRAWS NEARER HOME TO ENGLAND

(Continued From Page One.)

tic, too, has been mined and the Italina fishing industry brought to an end.

Turkish Fleet Harmless.

Danger from the Turkish fleet has passed fro the time being, these warships having returned from the Black Sea to the Sea of Maramora.

It is considered doubtful whether they will go out again unless Turkey definitely throws in her lot with Germany, for the British ambassador at Constantinople has declared the cruisers Goeben and Breslau will be considered hostile ships as long as they are officered and manned by Genrmans.

Turkey is keeping her army mobilized at great cost and to the detriment of trade and commerce, which are practically at a standstill. Although the crops are good, famine is feared in the Armenian provinces.

Germany, it is said, has sent money to Constantinople, but it is considered doubtful that she will be able to supply all Turkey's wants.

The Germans are rebuilding the forts around Antwerp.

GERMAN ADVANCE CHECKED

Allied Armies Hold Invaders From French Channel.

From the battle front via Paris, Oct. 17.—The allied armies have prevented the Germans from advancing along the coast and have defeated their object of seizing the French channel ports.

Dunkirk is surrounded by a vast territory, which is an easily inundated and open country where cavalry and infantry can operate with facility, while there is no opportunity to bring big guns into effective play.

The allies today advanced rapidly in the north of France and the British troops carried the important position of Fromelles, Southwest of Lille, after hard fighting.

A corps of sailors, from the French fleet, displayed qualities which enabled them to repulse a strong German attack near Ypres.

The sailors also distinguished themselves on the eastern wing. After a night march they gained a position in the woods where they surprised a large body of Germans on whom they inflicted serious losses. They also captured detachments of cavalry and infantry with quanties of supplies and ammunition.

WRAPPING OF BAKER'S BREAD

Discussed by the Journal of American Medical Association

It has been said that the making of a perfect loaf of bread is the goal of all those who aspire to excel in cookery. Certainly bread, which forms a part of every well planned meal, is a food of which the palate never tires. Let the loaf be ever so satisfactory, however, with respect to size and symmetry, crust and crumb, when it leaves the baker's oven it may never-the-less experience subsequent changes which sooner or later render it less attractive, palatable, or wholesome. Stale bread does not appeal to the taste in the same way that fresh specimens of the "staff of life" do; but in addition to the development of staleness bread may also develop so-called bread diseases caused by micro-organisms, rendering the product unfit for human consumption. Furthermore, like many other unprotected and carelessly handled articles of food, exposed bread may become a purely mechanical carrier of objectionable organisms.

The recent agitation in behalf of improved conditions in the food industries has involved not only the adulteration of the products entering into the ration of man and the domestic animals, but likewise the cleanliness of the articles of diet intended for human consumption. The plea for clean milk is becoming more prominent than the propaganda for pure milk. Sanitary food legislation is beginning to aim at food that is clean from the point of view of the hygienist.

The demand for clean bread has promptly followed the cry for clean milk and unpolluted water. Already in many communities regulations are in force which compel the protection of bread and bakery products between the oven and the home. Bread wrapped with either porous or paraffined paper is now a common sight even in small villages of the United States.

Although this practice has met with public approval in many quarters, it has been claimed that wrapping injured the quality and palatability of the loaf. This claim demands consideration along with the possible sanitary advantages. A chemical investigation of the subject has been completed in the department of food and drugs of the Indiana State Board of Health. The wrapping of the bread, either in semiporous waxed or paraffin paper, retards the escape of moisture and tends rather to the preservation of the freshness of the bread than to its staleness. Unwrapped bread loses its freshness after the first day, while the early keeping quality both as to condition of crumb, flavor and odor is enhanced by the use of wrappers. There is, accordingly, says The Journal of the American Medical Association, no occasion at present for discarding what has seemed to many to be a wholesome innovation in the distribution of bakery products.

Migrates to Death.

There is a curious little rodent, peculiar to the regions of Norway and Sweden, which is about six inches in length. These animals are remarkable for migrating at certain periods in immense multitudes in a straight line. They go in parallel columns, and nothing will induce them to deviate from the straight line, the migration always terminating in the sea and ending in the drowning of all that have survived the journey.

Diplomatic.

Hungry Hawkins—Do yer mean to say ye got a square meal o' dat sour woman? Diplomatic Mike — Sure! Hungry Hawkins — Yer a wonder. How'd yer do it? Diplomatic Mike—When she opened de door I sez, "Is yer mother at home, miss?" — Chicago News.

The American farmer has just had one of the biggest years in wheat on record. Why? The *weather*.

He tilled the soil and sowed his seed as of yore. But the *weather* helped him out.

You don't have to depend upon the *weather* for results from classified ads. in this paper.

You've probably heard the story of the little Mississippi steamboat that had such a big whistle that every time it blew the boat *stopped*.

That's the way with some newspapers about their value as an advertising medium.

We try not to blow too boisterously. Our *small ads.* are giving a lot of folks *satisfaction*. *You* test them and see.

SPORTS OF TODAY

WASHINGTON AND LEE SWAMPS GEORGETOWN

Hard-Fought Game Won—13 to 0.

The Victory Puts Washington and Lee in Direct Line for Reaching for Championship of the Southern States.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Lexington, Va., Oct. 17.—Washington and Lee University football team defeated Georgetown University in Richmond today 13 to 0. The game was spectacular and hard fought from the first blow of the whistle until the last man was downed.

Washington and Lee won on spectacular broken field running and held Georgetown safe in every department of the game, although her goal was several times in danger. Each time, however, Georgetown was held safe and Washington and Lee scored her fourth victory of the season without being scored upon.

From the start each team fought with a spirit seldom before seen in the South, Washington and Lee, however, showed the best training and completely overcame her opponents. Georgetown changed men continually and the last quarter substituted almost an entirely new team.

The features were the broken field running of Sweetland, Donahue and Young, the kicking of Young, the offensive and defensive play of Miles and Harrison for Washington and Lee, the line plunging of Foaley, Murray and McCarthy, also the end runs of Noark and the punting of Foaley. Georgetown was far superior to her opponent in the line, while Washington and Lee's back field ran Georgetown almost off of her feet. The game was comparatively open end runs and forward passes being very much in evidence.

Passes did not play an important part, however, as few were completed. Young, for Washington and Lee, attempted a place kick from the 40-yard line, but failed by a few inches. This game puts Washington and Lee in direct line as a document of the Southern championship. The time of quarters was 15 minutes.

Officials: Glass, of Lehigh, referee; Field, of Georgetown, umpire; Glass, of Yale, head linesman.

Touchdown: Sweetland one; goals after touchdowns, Young one.

NEW AVIATION RECORD

Iowa Aviator Flew 365 Miles on Single Trip—For Chicago.

Des Moines, Ia., Oct. 17— W. C. Robinson, a Grinnell, Ia., aviator, today flew from Des Moines to Kentland, Ind., approximately 365 miles. The American record for continuous flight was 264 miles made by C. M. Wood, on August 9, 1913. Robinson started for Chicago but was deflected by a storm.

FOOTBALL RESULTS.

At Charlottesville: Virginia 49; S. C. 7.

At Roanoke: Roanoke College 99; Morris Harvey 0.

At Spartanburg: Davidson 80; Wofford College 6.

At Louisville, Ky: Univeristy of Tenn. 64; University of Louisville 0.

At Sewanee, Tenn: Sewenee 46; Chattanooga 3.

At Williamsburg, Va: Williams 10; Randolph Macon 7.

At Birmingham: Alabama 13; Georgia Tech. 0.

At Bloomington, Ind: Indiana 27; Northwestern 0.

N. C. 41; Georgia 9. (At Atlanta.)

At Lexington, Va: V. M. P. 6; Gaudelete 0.

At Chicago: Chicago 7; Iowa 0.

At Charleston, W. Va: V. P. I. 40; Jefferson 0.

At Cambridge: Harvard 13; Tufts 6.

At Ithica: Cornell 48; Bucknell 0.

At Lansing: Michigan 3; Michigan Aggies 0.

At Madison: Wisconsin 14; Uurdue 7.

At Princeton: Princeton 16; Lafayette 0.

At New Haven: Yale 28; Notre Dame 0.

At Pittsburg: Carlisle 8; University of Pittsburg 10.

At West Point: Army 21; Colgate 7.

At Philadelphia: Penna. 13; Navy 6.

At Lancaster: Franklin and Marshall 17; Swarthmore 0.

At Syrcause: Syrcause 19; Rochester 0.

At Lewiston: Bates 26; New Hampshire State 0.

At Uew York: N. Y. University 13; Haverford 7.

At Cleveland: Mount Union 13; Reserve 0.

At Hanover: Dartmouth 42; Vermont 0.

At Hoboken: Union 13; Stevens 7.

At Amherst: Amerst 0; Trinity 0.

At Washington, Pa: Washington and Jefferson 28; Westminister 6.

At Minneapolis: Minnesota 29; South Dakota 7.

At Carlisle: Albright vs. Indian Reserves cancelled.

At Balitmore: Johns Hopkins 14; Washington College 7.

At South Bethelhem: Lehigh 24; Carnegie 20.

At Worcester: Holy Cross vs. Worcester rain.

At Geneva: Hobard vs. Clarkson cancelled.

At State College Penna: State 80; Ursinus 0.

At Portland: Williams 17; Springfield Training School 13.

At Urbanna, Ill: Illinois 37; Ohio State 0.

At Gettysburg: Dickinson vs. Gettysburg cancelled.

At Orono: Maine 64; Norwich 0.

At Brunswick: Bowdoin 20; Boston College 0.

At New York: Fordham 28; Middlebury 0.

At New Brunswick: Rutgers 17; Muhlenberg 7.

At Norman: Okla. 13; Missouri 0.

At Auburn, Ala: Auburn 28; Clemson 0.

At Gainesville, Fla: Univ. of Fla. 26; Kings College 0.

At Richmond: Washington and Lee 13; Georgia Tech. 0.

GEORGIANS WERE EASY FOR NORTH CAROLINA

Swept Them Off Their Feet From The Start

Virginia Defeated South Carolina—Army Downed Colgate—Harvard Won From Tufts—Other Games Yesterday.

Atlanta, Ga., Oct. 17.—The University of North Carolina defeated the University of Georgia here today 41 to 6. The victors used straight football almost exclusively, depending upon their heavy line to make openings for the backs.

Carolina swept the Georgians off their feet at the start, scoring two touchdowns in the first three minutes of play, Parker and Tayloe carrying the ball over. Tayloe made a second touchdown before the quarter ended.

Paddock scored Georgia's only touchdown in the second period, Carolina being checked temporarily. Tayloe and Reod scored touchdowns for the Chapel Hill team in the third period and the victors added another touchdown in the final quarter.

Virginia 49; S. C. 7.

Charlottesville, Va., Oct. 17.—Virginia's football team had little difficulty in winning from South Carolina here today 49 to 7. Thirty-five of Virginia's points were scored in the first period and 14 in the second. Carolina's one touchdown also was made in the second quarter on Stoney's brilliant forward pass to Brooker, who ran 30 yards, but dropped the ball as he crossed the line. Stoney saved the score, however, by falling on the ball and a moment later kicked goal. Virginia used practically an entire new eleven in the second half, but Carolina braced and held its opponents scoreless.

In the third quarter, after Virginia had advanced the ball to within one yard of the goal line on two forward passes, Walker fumbled and Carolina recovered the ball, kicking out of danger. When time was called in the final period it was Virginia's ball on Carolina's three-yard line.

Auburn 28; Clemson 0.

Auburn, Ala., Oct. 17.—Auburn defeated Clemson here today by a score of 28 to 0. Auburn outplaying its opponents throughout the game. Auburn scored first in the third quarter in an end run by Kearley. Webb's all-round play featured Clemson's game.

Army 21; Colgate 7.

West Point, N. Y., Oct. 17.—The Army defeated Colgate today 21 to 7. Fumbling by the visitors led to two of the Army's touchdowns. McEwan, the Army center, got the ball when Warren fumbled a pass early in the first period. With the ball on the two-yard line Benedict went through for the score.

Colgate carried the ball down the field to the cadets' five-yard mark from which point it scored on a forward pass.

Harvard 13; Tufts 6.

Cambridge, Mass., Oct. 17—Harvard's crippled eleven today defeated Tufts 13 to 6. The visitors showed new variations, not only of the forward pass but also of rushing. One formation in which ten men stood five yards behind the line with the quarterback standing over the ball and passing it direct to the rushers, enabled Tufts to make 50 yards down the field for a touchdown.

U. of Pa. 13; Annapolis 6.

Philadelphia, Oct. 17.—A 60-yard run by "Mike" Avery, who had intercepted a forward pass, gave the University of Pennsylvania football team a victory over the Annapolis midshipmen on Franklin field today 13 to 6. Up to the time Avery placed the ball behind the Navy's goal line the score was tied 6 to 6.

WILMINGTON HIGH SCHOOL HUMBLES "ALLIES" ELEVEN.

Score Twenty-One to Two in Second Game of Season Yesterday.

In a tightly contested game of football played yesterday afternoon on the Hilton grounds between the Wilmington High School and "The Allies", a picked team composed of old college boys, the former were victorious by the score of 21 to 2.

The High School won by better all 'round playing, although the game was hotly contested from the other side. From the very beginning each team fought with a spirit seldom seen in an amateur game, and it was an exciting contest throughout.

The features were Shepard's 30-yard run through the line, the forward passes of Silverman and Shepard and the end runs of Hall. Strong and Silverman did consistent work at the end. Lord, Lewis and Shepard were the brightest stars for the Allies, doing good work throughout.

W. H. S.		Allies
Rhodes	c	Lewis, Bob
Hazelhurst	lg	Myers, Dick
Johnson, C.	lt	Shaw, H.
Silverman	le	Shepard, C.
Farmer	rg	LeGwin, J.
Grant, M.	rt	Burnett, C.
Strong	re	Hicks
Hall	lh	Strange
Hashagen	rh	Lord
Bagley	f	Williams
Shepard, N.	q	Taylor, C.

Substitutes: Monroe for Silverman; G. Johnson for Hazelhurst; Murrell for Farmer; Morrison for Silverman; Irwin for Johnson.

Referee: William shaw; Umpire, Heman Shaw; head linesman, Hanby.

NEW LINE OF HEALTH WORK.

Nash Officer Takes Up Medical Inspection of County Schools.

(State Board of Health.)

Having finished a three months' campaign for giving anti-typhoid vaccine, Dr. B. E. Washburn, whole-time county health officer for Nash county, now starts on another itinerary, this being the medical inspection of every school in Nash county. The new campaign is being carefully planned and gives evidence of being one of the most progressive steps in health work in any part of the State. While medical inspection of schools, especially of the rural schools, is more or less a new line of health work in North Carolina, it has already proven to be one of the most effective means of public health work and furnishes the county health officer a nucleus for community work and interest.

If You Can't Buy A Bale

:: BUY A BOLT ::

Join the Cotton Movement Plan and Help Raise the Price of Cotton. Wear Goods Made of Cotton, and you will be lending a helping hand to our Southern Farmers.

J. W. H. Fuchs' Department Store joins in the nation-wide Cotton Goods Sale, and this week, beginning Monday morning, we will launch for one week only a gigantic Cotton Goods Sale at a Terriffic reduction. We are only making these low prices in order to get you interested in the Great Cotton Movement. Your help is needed. Help by wearing Cotton Goods.

MONDAY, at 10 A. M., we will sell for 15 minutes 10c quality of yard wide Bleached Domestic; limit, 10 yards to customer, 10 yards for 69c

MONDAY, from 4 to 6 P. M., we will sell large Pebble Huck Towels, value 15c, limit Five Towels to a customer; each ... 7c

35c Plaid Ratines	25c
35c Plaid Suiting	25c
Mercerized Dress Gingham	25c
12½c Percales	10c
15c Galatea Cloth, all colors.	
10c Dress Gingham	8c
15c Toile du Nordo Dress Ginham	12c
12½c Outing Flannel	8c
7½c Outing Flannel	4c
All 6c and 7c Calicoes	5c
15c Madras	12c
Apron Ginghams, fast colors	7c

COTTON GOODS.

Ready to Wear Garments, for Men, Women and Children.

Ladies' and Misses' heavy fleece lined Underwear, each	25c
Ladies' extra heavy fleece-lined Underwear, per garment	47c
Children's Union Suits	25c
Men's heavy fleece-lined Underwear, per garment	50c
Men's Negligee and Dress Shirts	50c

COAT SUITS AND SERGE DRESSES of All Wool Material.

Serge Dresses from .. $4.98 to $9.00

Handsomely finished, and of the very latest models and fashion. It will be a pleasure to show you.

7833—LADIES' WAISTCOAT BLOUSE: Chemisette; Collar Rolled in Either of Two Styles; Side-Body in One with Full-Length Dart-Fitted or Shorter Sleeves. 8 sizes, 32 to 42 inches bust measure. 7834—LADIES' SKIRT: Two-Piece Tunic in Either of Two Outlines at the Back; Two-Piece Skirt with Straight Gathered Ruffles or Slightly Gathered Straight Flounce. Lower edge of gores about 1¾ yards; lower edge of flounce about 1¼ yards. 8 sizes, 22 to 36 inches waist measure, to 36 to 52 hip. As illustrated on figure, the medium size will require 2¾ yards of 44-inch French serge, with 2 yards of 44-inch crêpe de Chine for ruffles and blouse and ⅝ yard of 36-inch contrasting material will be needed for collar.

These Waists are only One Dollar, but they look like they're worth much more.

AND, in fact, judged by usual Waist standards, they are. They possess all that you would expect to find in higher priced models; good style, refinement, character. These Wirthmor Waists are sold here exclusively and nowhere else can such splendid Waists be obtained at so small a price.

Some Attractive New Models on Sale Tomorrow

These Are Just a Few Prices Picked at Random. We Have a Thousand Other Big Bargains. Come and See.

AGENT FOR STANDARD FASHION PATTERNS.

J. W. H. FUCHS' DEPARTMENT STORE

PHONE 272 — 28 TO 30 SOUTH FRONT STREET

MAIL ORDERS FILLED PROMPTLY. — WILMINGTON, N. C.

FOOT BALL

A. & M. COLLEGE vs West Virginia University

THURSDAY, OCT. 22

At A. & M. Athletic Field, West Raleigh, N. C.

This is the Annual Fair Week game and is the biggest game that will be played in the State this season.

Game called at 3:00 p. m.

ADMISSION ONE DOLLAR

NEWS OF A WEEK FROM CAPITAL OF ROBESON

Two Weeks Term of Court Disposes of Much Business

Dr. McClure to Conduct Meetings—East Arcadia Man Arrested—Mr. E. J. Waits Dead—U. N. C. Alumni Association Organized.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Lumberton, N. C., Oct. 17.—The two weeks' term of Superior court for the trial of civil cases closed yesterday. During the term much business has been disposed of, the members of the bar seeming to be well pleased with the progress made. Judge Cooke is spending today and tomorrow here, and will go to Elizabethtown Monday to convene court there.

J. R. Green, of East Arcadia, was arrested here Thursday night by Chief Redfern, charged with assaulting D. N. Maultsby, of the same neighborhood, a day or two before. After the "scrap" Green left that section and stopped in Lumberton. Maultsby, with his head well wrapped in cotton goods, followed and caused the arrest. Green spent the night in jail, but yesterday morning all parties concerned returned to Bladen. Maultsby's face showed he had been up against something.

Early in November Rev. Dr. A. D. McClure, of Wilmington, will conduct a meeting of several days in the Lumberton Presbyterian church. The announcement of the coming of Dr. McClure will be cause for rejoicing in this community, regardless of denomination, as he is regarded by those who know him as one of the best Christian ministers who have ever visited Lumberton.

Mr. T. A. Ramsaur, an experienced automobile man from Fayetteville, is arranging to open up an automobile repair shop in Lumberton, and will occupy the building on Second street at present being used for a colored picture show. Mr. Ramsaur will move in as soon as the picture show can move out. It is said that the show will go into the vacant store room in the Express building, thus getting on Elm street near the passenger station.

Death of Mr. E. J. Waits.

Mr. E. J. Waits, who for several years prior to a year ago had conducted a photograph business here, died yesterday morning at 5 o'clock, his death resulting from a complication of diseases. Deceased was 56 years old and is survived by his wife and four children. The funeral was conducted from the residence this morning at 9 o'clock, by Rev. C. L. Greaves, pastor of the First Baptist church, the interment being in Meadow Brook cemetery.

A protractel meeting which began at the Methodist church last Sunday is being well attended and much interest is being shown, especially when the very disagreeable weather is taken into consideration. Dr. North, the pastor, is doing all the preaching. The meeting is expected to continue until the middle of next week.

Leon, the nine-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. S. H. Hamilton, is suffering from an attack of dyphtheria, but is doing as well as could be expected. It is reported that there are three or four cases of scarlet fever in town, none of which, however, is of a serious nature.

Notwithstanding the bad weather, some of The Star man's friends were in town yesterday. Mrs. Graham, from the upper part of the county, brought the writer some of the best grapes he has seen this season, and in the afternoon 'Squire J. Ed Tyson brought your correspondent two good watermelons. This on October 16th.

Peter Wallace, proprietor of the Dixie Cafe, is spreading out his business. Besides the Dixie, right in the center of the business part of town, he operates one near the Seaboard passenger station, and this week purchased another one from Mr. Thorndyke on Fourth street, between Elm and Water.

Next Thursday night, October 22nd, Lumberton theatre-goers will have their first opportunity of witnessing here one of Mr. Thomas Dixon's plays. On that night "The Sins of the Father," will be presented here. Seats go on sale Monday.

His many friends regret exceedingly to learn that the condition of Mr. Fred J. Thomas, agent of the Southern Express Company here, is not encouraging. Mr. Thomas has been at Southern Pines for the past month, but first of the coming week will go to the western part of the State, where it is hoped he may fully regain his health.

U. N. C. Alumni Association.

At a smoker held at the court house Monday evening the South Robeson Alumni Association of the University of North Carolina was organized with 32 members and the following officers: President, ex-Judge T. A. McNeill, of Lumberton; secretary-treasurer, J. Dickson McLean, of Lumberton; steering committee, H. E. Stacy, of Lumberton, J. McN. Smith, of Rowland, Wm. Davis, of St. Pauls; membership committee, Robt. Prevatt, T. A. McNeill, Jr., H. L. Pope, of Lumberton, and Prof. R. Moseley, of Rowland.

The smoker was held and the organization formed pursuant to a request of President E. K. Graham, of the University, in honor of the 120th anniversary of the founding of that institution. Short talks were made by all the alumni present and there was general discussion of ways and means to encourage young men of this section to attend the University. The secretary was instructed to send a telegram to President Graham advising him of the organization of this local association and congratulating him upon the 120th birthday of the University. All former students of the University in this section of Robeson are requested to join the association, and for that purpose to send in their names to Mr. Robert Prevatt, of Lumberton.

The association was named "South Robeson" because there is a similar association in the northern part of the county.

A man named Seals, residing in the Bellamy section, was arrested here Thursday by Chief Redfern, while in the act, it is charged, of trading grape juice for sugar.

The past week has been an unusually disagreeable one here from a weather standpoint, rain every day, thunder and lightning, but fortunately no wind.

Among Wilmington people who have been here this week, some attending court and some on other business, were Messrs. W. J. Kirkman, Sigman Bear, Brehmer, Robinson, Eugene Berry, Clayton Moore and Thomas Brown, whom the writer was glad to meet.

Ginning More Than Last Year.

Superintendent McNeill, of the Lumberton Cotton Oil & Ginning Company, told your correspondent yesterday that they had ginned 500 bales of cotton more this year than they ginned to the same date last year, but much of it goes back home with the farmers.

Mr. J. D. Warren, of Monroe, route agent of the Southern Express Company, spent three or four days here this week auditing the company's books. Mr. Warren is recognized as one of the very best and most popular officials of the company.

Mr. T. E. Petty, traveling auditor for the Seaboard Air Line, has been spending the week here auditing the books of the Seaboard and the Raleigh & Charleston. W. S. W.

No seams, no lines, no cement—just clear, double vision in one glass. Many delighted wearers. Come in and see them. Dr. Vineberg, the Eye Specialist, Masonic Temple. Eyes tested free. —advertisement.

DOCKET NEARLY CLEARED

Many Criminal Cases, Some of Importance, Disposed of at Southport—News Notes.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Southport, N. C., Oct. 17.—The fall term of Brunswick Superior court, just closed, has pretty well cleared up a docket of a large number of cases, all of a criminal nature. The town has been crowded most of the week with persons interested in the proceedings, one case having 27 witnesses. Some fifteen cases were submitted the first two days. This helped to clear things, the offenders paying fines and costs, or being let out to work, under the direction of the county commissioners. There was exception, that of Gause, for criminal assault, who was given four years in the pen. In the other two cases of alleged criminal assault, the defendants were found not guilty.

Some of the more prominent cases were those of B. I. Spaulding, found not guilty of fraud in a horse trade. Jim Long, for f. and a. whose case came over from last court, a man with a large family, was found guilty, and let off under promise to leave the State, taking his family with him, and making report of his conduct to each court here for a number of terms.

A soldier charged with selling liquor who had been confined in the county jail for five months, attracted a good deal of attention, there being a large number of his fellow soldiers present at the trial. He was found not guilty. A negro named Chavis who was found near the scene of the Skipper murder, which took place in Northwest township some months ago, thought to be implicated in some manner with that crime, was found innocent of the charge, but having a concealed weapon on his person, was fined for that offense, having to pay with costs, $64.

Small Catches of Menhaden.

The past week has been against the menhaden fishing boats of the Cape Fear, the catches being small. The fish are reported as being seen but owing to the weather conditions, the fish could not be bunched.

The prawn, or shrimp, catch has continued pretty fair, though the weather has not been favorable for large hauls.

The Government steamer, Gen. G. W. Geddy, Capt. Crockett, left yesterday afternoon for Norfolk, where the usual annual repairs will be made on the steamer.

In spite of presumably hard times, the good roads sentiment refuses to be quiet in this county, the county commissioners at their meeting here, this week, ordering that an election be held in Waccamaw township, next month to vote bonds for roads.

Water and Sewerage System.

The board of aldermen, at their meeting this month, took up the matter of a water and sewerage system. Plans and estimates were submited, these having been made by the McCrary Company, of Atlanta. The board were favorably inclined, the matter being referred to a committee to perfect and present plans that could be acted upon. The board, also instructed its attorney to bring suit to test the city's rights as to certain water skirts, which are claimed as being the property of the city, tho now held by parties who held them under lease claims. The first test is to be made against the Southport Harbor Co.

Mr. George E. Clark, who has been business manager of the Southport News, leaves for Wyandotte, Mich., where he expects to engage in newspaper work.

CONTEST OVER WILL OF DECEASED HAS BEGUN.

Mrs. Person, of Rocky Mount, Files Caveat—Hearing Awaited.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Wilson, N. C., Oct. 16.—Alleging that the will of her mother, is not the last will and testament, Mrs. W. K. Person, of Rocky Mount, has, through her attorneys, filed a caveat against the instrument and the case is awaiting a hearing.

Mrs. Person was Miss Sallie Morriss, daughter of Mrs. M. M. Morriss, who lived here and died recently, leaving a will which bequeathed half of her property to her son, Doane Morriss, and the other half to Mr. R. G. Crawford, the daughter being given only $5.

Mrs. Morriss left an estate valued at about $25,000 and this includes some valuable town property. Some years ago there was an estrangement of mother and daughter which was generally understood to be the cause of the peculiar will. Mr. Crawford, the beneficiary named in the will, was formerly proprietor of the New Briggs Hotel, but is now the State manager for one of the leading life insurance companies with his office in Raleigh. During his residence here was a clase friend of Mrs. Morriss.

In the petition filed by the attorneys for Mrs. Person, the daughter, the court is asked to set aside the will on the ground that it is not the last will and testament. The case attracts considerable attention because of the prominence of all parties concerned.

Had Joined the Navy.

A man after the lapse of a few months' meeting an old friend accosted him thus:

"Say, old man, why is it we don't see you any more?"

"I've joined the army," was the laconic rejoinder.

"What army?" asked the amazed friend.

"The army of the Lord."

"And the church?"

"Baptist."

"Well, it's not the army you mean, then, it's the navy."—National Monthly.

Our glasses relieve that tense facial expression that comes from eye strain. How about your eye strain? Consult us about it. Dr. Vineberg, the Specialist, Masonic Temple. Eyes tested free. —advertisement.

COLUMBUS VOTERS TO HEAR HON. MR. BICKETT

Will Speak on Amendments at Whiteville Thursday.

County Fair at Chadbourn Oct. 30.—Illinois Farmers Prospecting. Uptown Express and Telegraph Offices Wanted.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Whiteville, N. C., Oct. 17.—The Democratic campaign will be opened here next Thursday evening, October 23rd, when Hon. T. W. Bickett, Attorney General, and Jos. W. Little, Esq., of Wilmington, will make addresses in the High School auditorium. There is a great deal of misunderstanding in this county over the proposed amendments to the Constitution—a great part of which is, of course, due to lack of information, and it takes the clarifying qualities of such a man as Mr. Bickett to convince the people at large that they are needed.

Mr. Bickett visited Whiteville last June and made an address to the Confederate veterans, and those who heard him at that time will be glad to know that he has been selected to open the fireworks in Columbus. Mr. Little is well known in the county, and the people here are anxious to hear him, both upon the question of Amendments and upon district politics.

Columbus County Fair.

The annual county fair will be held at Chadbourn on Friday, October 30th, and promises to surpass any previous one since the inauguration of a fair in this county. Two or more speakers of State-wide prominence will be on hand to deliver addresses, and a brass band from Wilmington will furnish music for the occasion. The exhibits will be more varied than ever before, and the attendance promises to eclipse any previous year. Following the custom established by Superintendent F. T. Wooten, the schools of the county will attend in bodies and the parade of the school children will be one of the features of the day. The Farmers' Union has the affair in charge and a committee from that organization has been at work for some time preparing for "rally day in Columbus."

Illinois Farmers in Columbus.

A delegation of 18 representative farmers from nine widely separated congressional districts in Illinois have been spending a few days in Columbus county making an investigation of lands and climate with a view of determining the advantages this section has to offer to the farmers of the Northwest. They are guests of the North Carolina Company, officered by prominent Chicago business men, who control several thousand acres of land in the vicinity of Bolton. Dr. Kilgore, of the North Carolina Experiment station, is accompanying the party and pointing out to them some of the advantages of North Carolina for farming and stock raising. They were most favorably impressed and as a result several thousand acres of the property was sold and work will be begun at once for its development, so that crops may be planted the coming spring.

Rev. Geo. H. Atkinson Heard.

Rev. Geo. H. Atkinson, superintendent of a large school for girls in Albemarle county, and a similar school for boys near Wadesboro, spent last week-end in Whiteville, speaking at the Presbyterian church here Friday evening and at both services Sunday. In connection with the building of a new Presbyterian church here he stated that he would donate 5,000 brick similar to the ones selected by the building committee, and in addition to this gift he said that for every school child in the county he would give one mill towards placing a clock upon the new court house, or in round numbers, about $10.

Telegraph and Express Offices.

At the weekly meeting of the Whiteville Commercial Club held Thursday evening in the club's rooms over the Bank of Columbus, the matter of the establishment of an express and telegraph office uptown was given serious consideration, and finally referred to the committee on public utilities, which body will at once take the matter up with the Corporation Commission and make a strong effort to obtain these needed conveniences for the public. Under existing conditions, people who live in Whiteville proper have to send a little over a mile to receive or send an express package, and in the matter of telegrams, if the delivery is over the mile limit, as the most of them uptown are, the party receiving a message is ofttimes forced to pay exhorbitant prices to a messenger.

Independent Candidates Out.

Ashley M. Benton, of Evergreen, who was defeated by a big majority in the Democratic primaries last spring for the House of Representatives, has just announced that he will be a candidate on the Independent ticket against J. R. Williamson, Democratic nominee, making the second independent candidate to openly announce his candidacy, Porter Hufham, of Newberlin, candidate for county attorney, being the other.

The Republicans have so far failed to put out a ticket, but have announced that this will be done in a few days.

The Neapolitan Orchestra, under the exclusive management of the Alkahest System, delighted the largest audience that ever filled the auditorium here last Wednesday evening. This was the first lyceum attraction of the season, and Manager Memory, who is also traveling representative for the Alkahest bureau, announces that all the attractions booked for this season will be up to the standard of the Neapolitans.

DEATH AT ABBOTTSBURG

Mr. and Mrs. Craven Bereaved—Cotton Being Stored.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Abbottsburg, N. C., Oct. 17.—Friends of Mr. and Mrs. R. K. Craven sympathize with them in the death of their infant daughter, Alice Gray, which occurred Thursday morning, after an illness of several weeks.

A large part of the cotton crop in this community has been gathered and, with the exception of a few bales, it has been stored in the cotton warehouse which was completed recently.

New Musical Organization.

The Silver Bell Orchestra, an organization composed of colored musicians, recently started, is now ready to serve the public for dances, banquets, afternoon teas, card parties and receptions of all kinds. The orchestra is composed of ten pieces, playing the latest music. Terms reasonable. For reference see Lawrence Howe, at Tom Smith's Wood yard, or A. E. Nixon, 707 Brunswick.—advertisement.

MILK "TRUST" CASE TO BE ARGUED THIS WEEK

Case of Wilmington Dairymen in Supreme Court.

Barium Springs Orphanage Has Had Good Year, According to Report to Board of Regents— Wilmington Corporation.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Raleigh, N. C., Oct. 17.—One of the most interesting of the Eighth and Ninth district appeals to be argued in the Supreme court the coming week is that of State vs. E. C. Craft and others, of Wilmington in which the defendants, who are leading dairyment, were convicted and fined $10 each in the Superior court for conspiring to raise the price of milk. The other defendants are Owen Martindale, D. E. Pridgen, H. L. Kidd, D. F. Klein and John Klein, W. M. Collins, E. F. Barlow and Martin Schnibben.

These dairymen notified customers that owing to increased cost of labor and feed for cattle milk must be advanced to 12 1-2 cents per quart and 40 cents per gallon. They were indicted under the common law charge of conspiring to raise the price of milk and not under the State anti-trust act. They plead that there is no common law provision for such an indictment. Their counsel are Woodus Kellum and Herbert McClammy.

Another State case is State vs. Louis Powell and Junius Pridgen, under ten years sentence each in Pender county for second degree murder.

Orphanage Has Good Year.

Hon. James R. Young, Commissioner of Insurance, is just back from attending the board of regents of the Presbyterian Orphanage at Barium Springs which, he says, made an exceptionally good showing. Reports shown that of the $60,000 pledged made for permanent improvements there was collected during the past year $41,000 and in addition there was collected $23,000 for running expenses of the institution, making $64,000 given by North Carolina Presbyterians to this institution during the year. There are 191 children being cared for under the supervision of Rev. W. T. Walker. A fine new barn has just been finished, a $16,000 school building is being erected and an infirmary and a central heating plant are to be provided soon.

The State Department of Insurance has procured the convention of John and Lee McMayhon on the charge of burning the barn of Judge Shuford. They were convicted at Sylvia and were given, respectively, two years and six months sentences.

New Wilmington Corporation Chartered

A charter is issued for The Wilmington Dock and Storage Co., of Wilmington, capital $100,000 authorized and $3,000 subscribed by D. N. Chadwick, Jr., C. E. Greenamyer and L. W. Davis for building and operating docks and wharves, and doing a storage warehouse business.

REPUBLICANS NOMINATE C. ED TAYLOR FOR SENATE.

Convention at Southport Names Mr. Cooper's Opponent.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Southport, N. C., Oct. 17.—As per call, the Republicans of the Tenth Senatorial district met here today in convention, both New Hanover and Brunswick counties being represented. S. M. King, of New Hanover, was made chairman, and George Willetts, of Brunswick, secretary. The business of the convention was stated to be the nomination of a senatorial candidate to represent the Tenth district. C. Ed Taylor, of Southport, was nominated by unanimous vote.

Mr. C. Ed Taylor, the nominee, has represented Brunswick in the State Legislature several times, and is personally and favorably known in both counties. He is held by all as being the strongest man that the Republicans could put on their ticket. He says that he will not make an active canvass, as his business affairs just now take his attention, but he will make some speeches during the campaign.

New Sleeping Car Line

Between
WILMINGTON AND ATLANTA
(Daily)
—via—
THE SHORTEST ROUTE
SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY
The Progressive Railway of the South
Effective September 9th, 1914.

Lv. WILMINGTON .. ..3:00 P. M.
Ar. ATLANTA .. .. .6:20 A. M.
Lv. ATLANTA .. ..9:55 P. M.
Ar. WILMINGTON .. ..11:59 A. M.

For information or reservations, call 'Phone 178.

E. E. HUNTER, D. F. A., Orton Hotel. Wilmington, N. C.
JOHN T. WEST, D. P. A., Raleigh, N. C.

FOR HEAD COLDS OR ANY CATARRH ILL

Surely use Hyomei; it quickly clears the head, stops the disagreeable nasal discharges, soothes and heals the inflamed membrane lining the air passages—you feel better at once.

When your nostrils are clogged from a cold, or catarrh, you suffer with dull headaches, or are constantly sniffling and coughing, Hyomei is the remedy that will give the quickest, most effective and lasting relief possible—it goes right to the cause of the trouble and quickly ends your misery. It is entirely harmless, pleasant, and easy to use.

The antiseptic oils of Hyomei mix with the air you breathe, so that its health-giving medication immediately reaches all the inflamed tissues lining the nose and throat, driving out the poisonous secretions and healing the sore spots—dull headaches vanish — you breathe freely.

Hyomei can be had from R. R. Bellamy or any druggist, and is so inexpensive that it is certainly needless for anyone to suffer with distressing catarrh, colds or bronchitis.

(Advertisement.)

THE BADGE OF HONOR

W. R. BARKSDALE
FOR
CAPE FEAR OIL CO.

RECEIVER'S SALE.

State of North Carolina, New Hanover County. In the Superior Court, September Term, 1914.

Murchison National Bank vs. Independent Mfg. Co., et als.

By virtue and in pursuance of a decree of the Superior Court of New Hanover County, made and entered at the September Term, A. D. 1914, in a cause therein pending, wherein Murchison National Bank is plaintiff and Independent Mfg. Co., D. McEachern, H. L. Vollers, N. H. Carter, W. H. Shearin, E. A. Hawes and Sam'l Blossom are defendants, the undersigned receiver duly appointed in said cause, will expose for sale by public auction for cash to the highest bidder, at the Court House door of the County of New Hanover, in the city of Wilmington, on Monday, the 16th day of November, A. D. 1914, at 12 o'clock M., all of the property, assets, and effects of the defendant Independent Mfg. Co., except the choses in action and accounts due said company and money on hand; also excepting all logs and manufactured products which may be on hand, among which said property is the following described real estate and personal property which may be seen and inspected at the plant of the company near Castle Haynes, to wit;

Beginning at a point in the western line of the right of way of the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad Company's branch of the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company near where the railroad track crosses the North East branch of the Cape Fear river, where said line of said right of way of said railroad intersects with the high water mark of said Cape Fear River, and runs thence in a southwardly direction with the said western line of the right of way of said railroad Two Hundred and Ninety-five (295) feet to a stake in said line; thence at right angles with said right of way of said railroad and in a westwardly direction to the run of a drain or branch below the mill, thence in a northwardly direction following the meanders of said branch to its mouth; thence in an eastwardly direction following the meanders of the said North East branch of the Cape Fear River, to the Beginning, containing 18 acres more or less; and also the saw mill now on said land and all the machinery, boilers, engines, dry kilns, pipes and all other appurtenances connected with said business.

The above described property includes 1 Thirty H. P., Russell & Co., Engine; 1 Thirty-five H. P., upright Boiler; 1 One Hundred H. P., Eby City Boiler; 1 Fifty H. P. Eby City Engine; 1 Nance Saw with Curtis carriage; 2 Perkins Hand Feed Shingle Machines; 1 Fifty-two Titus Veneering Machine with back rolls for crate Beery Caps Basket Staves, Hoops with forms for manufacturing; 1 Titus Concave Heading Machine; 1 Titus Automatic Knife Grinder; 1 No. 17 Hoyt Bros. Co., Planer; 1 Gummer; 1 J. A. Fay & Egan Rip Saw Machine; 1 J. A. Fay & & Egan 8 foot Automatic Saw mill; 2 Jones & Co., Bottom Machines; 1 Log Haul; 1 4x6 Worthington Steam Pump; 1 Thirty-six foot Dry Kiln; 1 Box Trimmer line and counter shafting Pullers belting and conveyers; 4 Three Room Houses; 2 Five Room Houses; 1 Six Room House; 1 Two-Story Tin Roof Warehouse, 40x60; 1 40x60 Factory Room, tin roofed, and Mill building.

Terms of sale, Cash. Sale to be confirmed by the Court.

H. L. VOLLERS,
Receiver.

oc16-30d

Seaboard Air Line Rwy

The Progressive Railway of the South.

NORTH CAROLINA STATE FAIR

Raleigh, N. C.

$4.75 ROUND TRIP RATE, Including One Admission to Fair Grounds.

On sale October 17th to 24th, inclusive. Limited, returning, Midnight, October 26th. For information, call 'Phone 178.

H. E. PLEASANTS,
T. P. A., Wilmington.
JOHN T. WEST,
D. P. A., Raleigh, N. C.

BURETT H. STEPHENS
ARCHITECT
38-39 GARRELL BUILDING.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

For Storm and Cold

Rain Coats, Blankets and Comforts. Big stock of each just received.

Child's Rain Coat of $5.00 value, **$3.50.**

The regular $3.00 Child's Cape, **$2.25.**

A large stock of Ladies' Rain Coats of splendid material and latest style, which we are selling at 25 % less than the standard price. We are sure you will be satisfied with these garments, at **$5.00 and $6.98.**

Hats and Caps to match.

Boys' Rain Coat that we are selling for $3.50 is the same grade which usually sells for $5.00.

Our Men's $5.00 and $7.00 Rain Coats give us a small profit and the purchaser satisfaction.

We have about 500 Comforts; enough to fill a small store, and we have made the price on same very low and can give you more real Comfort value for your Dollar than you can find elsewhere in the city.

300 colored Blankets (single) of large size, in light gray and dark; some part wool, some all wool, at only **$1.50, $1.65 and $2.00.**

Double Blankets, in same, **$3.00 and $3.50.**

These Blankets are extra large in size and extra heavy. These Blankets are all Seconds; otherwise, they would sell for double the price.

All wool White Blankets, **$3.50 to $6.00.**

Window Shades ready to hang, **25c, 35c, 50c, 75c, $1.**

Millinery goods of all the new styles and novelties are being received every day.

Boys' Suits, Overcoats and Hats; of these we carry a large stock and sell large quantities of them, because we sell at a very small profit.

By a comparison of goods and prices, you will find that you can save one-fourth on Men's Suits, Overcoats and General Furnishings, by purchasing at Department Store prices at Gaylord-Platt Co.'s Big Department Store.

Largest stock of Trunks in the city. We have Trunks from $1 to $100.00, and can satisfy you in price, quality and style.

We are offering the best Sewing Machine Bargain in the best machine on the market. Let us tell you about it.

GAYLORD-PLATT COMPANY
210-212-214 North Front St.

NEW FALL STYLES
IN
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'PHONE 800-J. 128-130 SO. FRONT ST.

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Successors to H. L. Fennell
: DEALERS IN :
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All Accessories. Storage.
GASOLINE 14½c PER GALLON
Garage: 114 North 2nd Street

$4.75 ROUND TRIP RATE TO RALEIGH, N. C.
VIA THE
ATLANTIC COAST LINE RAILROAD
The Standard Railroad of the South.

INCLUDING ADMISSION INTO FAIR GROUNDS.
October 26th-29th, Inclusive.

On account of the North Carolina Colored Industrial Fair, the ATLANTIC COAST LINE RAILROAD, the Standard Railroad of the South, has placed into effect this very low round trip rate to Raleigh.

Tickets on sale October 26th-29th, inclusive, limited returning to reach original starting point not later than midnight of November 1st, 1914.

Children between ages of 5 and 12 years, half fare.

W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager.
T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

Everybody Reads the Star Business Locals

THE MORNING STAR

Published by the WILMINGTON STAR COMPANY, INC., Wilmington, N. C.

Entered as second class matter at the postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., under Act of Congress March 2nd, 1874.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT

PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily and mailed to subscribers outside the county at $6 per year; $3 for six months; $1.50 for three months; or served by carrier in the city and suburbs at 60c. per month, or, when paid in advance, $7.00 per year, $3.50 for six months, $1.75 for three months.

THE SUNDAY STAR by mail, one year, $1; six months, 50 cents; three months, 25 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES may be had on application, and advertisers may feel assured that through the columns of this paper they may reach all Wilmington, Eastern Carolina and contiguous territory in South Carolina.

Obituary sketches, cards of thanks, communications espousing the cause of a private enterprise or a political candidate and like matter will be charged at the rate of 10 cents per line, to persons carrying a regular account or, if paid cash in advance, a half rate will be allowed. Announcements of fairs, festivals, balls, hops, picnics, excursions, society meetings, political meetings, etc., will be charged under the same conditions, except so much thereof as may be of news value to the readers of the paper, in the discretion of the editors.

TELEPHONES: Business Office, No. 61. Editorial and Local rooms, No. 61. Call either, if the other doesn't answer.

COMMUNICATIONS, unless they contain important news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected unless the real name of the author accompanies the same, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

ALL DRAFTS, checks, express money orders and postal money orders for the paper should be made payable and all communications should be addressed to

THE WILMINGTON STAR CO.

SUNDAY, OCTOBER 18, 1914.

Culebra cut ought to cut it out.

Buy a cotton reception tailor made suit. It's a dandy idea.

There are a whole lot of things that should turn out just to the contrary of public preference.

One thing which astonishes us is the number of opportunities that are not seized hereabouts.

How old is a woman when she prefers to wear old shoes so her feet won't hurt? We don't know.

Come what will, come what may, we just as well keep a stiff upper lip. Don't let your jaw fall below zero.

This is a good time to have a correct vision concerning the visionaries who think they have a solution for a very grave problem.

If the Germans need the Scheldt in their business, the fact that it runs from Antwerp through Holland will be the fault of the Scheldt.

We have problems enough of our own to be settled by completer agreement of our people than to divide on the problems of other nations.

One reason why the people of North Carolina ought to be for the constitutional amendments is that it makes the State's Constitution that much less a carpetbag instrument.

The South Carolina Legislature, now in extra session during one of the gravest periods in the history of the country, has a chance to set the pace instead of creating a laugh.

When the telephone rings, a woman prefers to answer it because she wonders who is calling and is curious to know what it is the 'phoner wants to know. If a man answers the 'phone he has to make an explanation. This is no joke.

The only issues in this campaign are endorsement of Wilson so the people cannot be exploited, and popular ratification of the constitutional amendments so North Carolina can cut herself loose from the handicap of a carpetbag constitution adopted in 1868.

Provisional President Carranza settled the street car strike in the City of Mexico at the point of the bayonet. When patience ceases to be a virtue with the bewhiskered Carranza, Villa may know what it is to have to quiet down.

If there is any one of the ten proposed constitutional amendments for which you can not cast your vote, after familiarizing yourself with what it will mean to the State, why vote "no" on that particular amendment and "yes" on the other nine. The fact that a man doesn't like one of the amendments is no reason in the world why he should vote against all ten. Each proposed amendment stands on its own bottom, independent of all the rest.

The reason why all North Carolinians without regard to party should be for the tax amendment to the Constitution is that we propose to give each other a square deal and do justice by the State. When we ratify that tax amendment it is up to the Legislature to be wise. Let us give the Legislature a chance to show its horse sense and give North Carolina modern taxing legislation that will bear equally upon all the people and interests in the State.

The Star should not be in favor of the constitutional amendments any more than every Democrat, Republican and Progressive in the State. Every voter should favor the amendments for the same reason that The Star does—viz: In order that North Carolina can make a new move on the chess board of progress and discard some of the ancient frills put out on her in 1868. We are glad we have a chance to be in favor of cutting loose the mossy constitutional clauses which up to date North Carolinians wish to amend so they can meet the requirements of 1914.

BALANCE OF TRADE IS AGAIN OURS.

Hard hit as we have been by the Pan-European war, the balance of trade again shifts to the United States. The foreign trade of this country in September showed marked recovery from the extremely low levels registered in August, yet it is below the figures of September last year. The Department of Commerce reports that September imports were $45,831,296 more than in August, while imports exceeded those of August by $9,436,377.

Preliminary figures just issued by the Department of Commerce made the following showing for our foreign trade:

September imports, $13,204,267, compared with $171,084,843 last year and $144,819,493 two years ago; nine months' imports to September 30, $1,409,565,530, compared with $1,327,625,071 in 1913 and $1,332,894,727 in 1912. September exports, $156,188,790, against $218,240,001 in the same month of 1913 and $199,678,062 in 1912; nine months' exports to September 30, $1,467,538,448, against $1,733,422,158 in 1913, and $1,616,024,491 in 1912. Of the September imports 60 per cent entered free of duty, as against 53.77 per cent in September, 1913, and 52.83 per cent in September, 1912. In September the balance of trade again shifted to the export side, exports exceeding imports by $16,984,523 as against an excess of imports amounting to $19,400,356 in August. For the nine months to September 30 the excess of exports over imports were $57,972,916, compared with $406,037,087 in 1913, and $283,129,764 in 1912.

A Washington dispatch says that President Wilson Thursday acknowledged to newspaper correspondents that he was greatly pleased with the manner in which the nation's foreign trade was recovering from the first shock of the European war. He asserted that a constant improvement was being made and that although this improvement at present was slow he believed it would be accelerated as nations and individuals gradually adjusted themselves to changed conditions.

As a result of the war, the President said, Spain, Scandinavia and South America were calling for ever increasing quantities of American made goods, especially cotton fabrics. The only obstacle that stood in the way at present, so far as the President could discern, to the establishment of a large trade with the South American republics was the question of credits. European nations have extended credit to South American purchasers for terms ranging from six months to a year. This is a practice contrary to the business customs of the United States. The situation, however, is being remedied, said the President, through the co-operation of the international bankers and a plan soon would be worked out to meet with it.

It can be noted from the figures given above that we are gaining in imports, while our exports have so increased that the balance of trade is again proportionately large in our favor. For instance, exports for September were $156,188,790 against imports of $139,204,267, showing that we are still selling more than we buy. In other words, we buy foreign goods and pay for them with exports on which we have money coming to us from Europe. This enables us to draw gold from Europe instead of our having to send Europe a balance in gold.

NO CHANGE IN INAUGURATION DAY

If the fourth proposed amendment to the Constitution be adopted it does not follow that the date of the inauguration of the governor shall be actually changed, but that the Constitution will be changed to accord with a long-established custom. The present Constitution provides that the term of the Governor shall begin on the "first day of " January next after his election, and yet for a long time we have followed the custom of inaugurating the Governor on the "second Wednesday after the first Monday in" January following his election.

The proposed amendment simply changes the present Constitution by striking out the words "first day of" in Section one of Article three and inserting in lieu thereof the words "second Wednesday after the first Monday in," so that in inaugurating governors on the latter date we would no longer be ignoring the Constitution, as we have been doing for a long time.

This amendment is not of enough importance that the necessity for its adoption would warrant the expense and work involved in changing the Constitution, but it was wise that it should have been included in the list so that we might bring the old document up to date in this minor respect "while we were at it."

THE LAUGH ON HAY BUYERS.

A Wilmington citizen who decided to have a small farm on the edge of town as a recreation proposition, paid a stiff price for a few acres of land under the idea that he could afford to lose money on it just for the pleasure of raising a few things. He says he didn't know a thing about farming, but now he knows enough about it to laugh at a farmer who has to buy hay. Inasmuch as he had three horses to feed, he started in by catering to their necessity for hay. At first he did that by buying hay, but he decided that he could make hay cheaper than he could buy it. He tried it and that is precisely what he has demonstrated to himself.

The aforesaid citizen says he only raised hay as a side issue to his one-horse farm, but he has produced this season twice as much hay as he has any use for. However, local parties have made requisition on him for hay and he finds out that his crop of that article is worth $630—a pick-up, as it were. Meanwhile, he has raised everything customarily grown on his place, and did not have the remotest idea that, with no real hay purpose in view, he would actually have hay to sell. He says his hay just grew on him as a natural consequence of the forage producing adaptability of his land, coupled with a long growing season that is ideally suitable for growing hay.

Here it is the 18th of October and he is still cutting hay, a fact which shows how long a period that grass and other forage crops will keep on making hay in this climate. He has harvested forage from May till October and, therefore, has settled down to the firm conviction that it is positively absurd for a Southern farmer to pay $1.25 for a bale of hay. As a plain matter of fact, Wilmington's amateur farmer says he has raised enough alfalfa on one acre of his land to enable him to buy four bales of cotton at the present market price.

THE FUTURE FOR US.

Already the war in Europe is driving to this country a large trade from South America and European countries with which American trade heretofore was very small. It must be remembered that the war is only 79 days old and consequently trade has hardly had time to seek new channels. Yet it is already coming from neutral nations and especially from South American countries.

Much can be expected of the future Far Eastern trade is the opinion of Willard Straight, president of the American-Asiatic Association, who delivered an optimistic address at the annual meeting of the association in New York on Friday. President Straight said the great outstanding fact at present is the war in Europe, a fact too painfully realized in the South. He declared that it is impossible now to foretell its ultimate results and consequent effects upon the relations between China and Japan, and between these countries, the United States and the rest of the world, but it was his opinion that the United States will soon be in a position to gain largely in its Oriental trade.

We have to bide our time, President Straight declared, and he is quite right in saying that we can only wait confidently for what the future has in store for us. Let us remember that while we are suffering greatly from the war, the United States will have its resources unimparied at the close of the war while Europe will be helpless as a natural result of the great conflict of nations.

In the end, the United States is bound to be in a position to supply the world till the European nations recover themselves.

PLANS TO RELIEVE THE COTTON SITUATION.

The South's Senators and Representatives have had a trying time during the cotton panic which has prevailed in the South for the last sixty days. Most of them have yielded to public clamor and the panic action of conferences and organizations, but few have taken advantage of the situation to manifest a first class article of statesmanship. The New York Journal of Commerce seems to think that Southern Congressmen are not realy in favor of some of the cotton relief measures they have introduced and intimates that they occupy positions at variance with their better judgment. Says that paper:

"Certain Senators and Representatives of the cotton States persist in urging upon Congress their schemes for relieving the financial stress of their constituents who are engaged in cotton raising, through the use of Government credit and an inflated currency. It is not conceivable that they should succeed so long as the Administration retains its sanity, and there is reason to suspect that they are trying to satisfy their constituents by doing all in their power without hope of carrying any of these wild schemes through. The President and Secretary of the Treasury have made it known that they do not give them countenance and the attempt to fasten one of these schemes upon the "war revenue" bill in order to carry it through is sure to fail and might as well be abandoned. It is only hindering action. Against these wild schemes for having the Government buy the surplus cotton or loan its credit directly for carrying it, is the plan initiated by bankers of St. Louis to have the banks of the whole country take up the burden."

The Journal of Commerce considers most of the cotton relief plans as "wild schemes" and declares that out of all the chaos comes the St. Louis pool plan which will enable the whole country to help the South during its cotton panic. The Star has heretofore expressed the same view of the St. Louis plan and some others which are based upon making cotton a banking asset.

The one thing to be regretted is that the South has jumped at every and any sort of proposition and actually put confidence in fads rather than constructive plans.

If cotton is as good as gold let's dig down and put our money in the cotton that is already made and waiting upon demand. Let us hold the South's cotton till demand gets on its feet.

A London dispatch says the European war is costing Great Britain $275 a minute. When Great Britain gets tired of it, President Wilson is willing to help stop the clock.

CURRENT COMMENT.

The Express is informed that there are hundreds of bushels of last year's corn in the cribs of some of the farmers of Lee county. We would not be surprise to learn that some of these farmers have in their smokehouses meat which they raised last year. With the good crops of corn that were made this year these farmers ought to be able to live at home notwithstanding the low price of cotton.—Sanford Express.

The Observer has told about that "Cotton Ball" to be given at the Waldorf for the benefit of the cotton men in the big city who are "broke." Well. Yesterday the owners of the Selwyn farm went out and superintended the tearing up by the roots of two wagonloads of cotton stalks—leaves, bolls and all. There were shipped by express to New York to be used in the decorations of the ball room. Of course Moore did not ravage his cotton field just for the fun of it, or for the more commendable purpose of reducing the crop, but he got more than 10 cents a pound for the cotton that plants pulled up produced by the plants pulled up. This cotton charity ball is going to be one with plenty of frills—and maybe some champagne on the side. The price of the tickets will neutralize much of the extravagance and there will be at least a surplus of joy for distribution in the shape of dividends. —Charlotte Observer.

IN MEMORIAM.

Wilmington, N. C., Oct. 17, 1914.

The life and labours of the late James William Craig, Cape Fear Pilot, are worthy of honourable record because he exemplified in a high degree the finest characteristics of his profession, combining a sense of responsibility to God and to his fellow men.

In early life he was trained to accurate knowledge in the details of his vocation by his father who was himself the trusted friend and pilot of Colonel Lamb, who commanded Fort Fisher. His training began shortly before the outbreak of the Civil War, and his professional experience comprised some of the most stirring events of the famous blockade. His superior skill and bravery were recognized by such competent judges as Captain Reid of the "Sumter" and the "Lynx" and by Captain Maffitt of the "Lillian" and the "Owl," and his exploits under the command of these and other intrepid Confederates are among the most interesting episodes of the Cape Fear.

Throughout the war he sustained the fine service and unswerving loyalty of the Cape Fear Pilots to the cause of the South, and when he returned at its close to the peaceful but still dangerous duties of his calling, he dignified it by his recognition of a higher duty to the cause of Christianity of which he became an humble and effective exponent.

We bear record that his private and public life was exemplary, that his professional skill was excellent, that his personal influence for good was always manifest, and that his example as a patriot, a pilot and a Christian gentleman is worthy of commendation. "His Maker's image blessed his soul and glory crowned his head."

H. G. SMALLBONES,
J. W. HARPER,
WM. ST. GEORGE,
Memorial Committee,
Board of Commissioners of Navigation and Pilotage.

INDIA TO ENGLAND.

The London Times on October 2nd, published an account of the arrival of the Indian troops at Marseilles and in the same issue printed the following poem written by a distinguished Indian judge, Newab Nisamut Jung, of the High Court of Hyderabad. Aside from its literary merit the poem gives fine expression to the spirit that animates India in the present crisis.

O England! in thine hour of need,
When Faith's reward and Valour's meed
Is death or glory;
When fate indites, with biting brand,
Clasped in each warrior's stiff'ning hand,
A Nation's story;

Though weak our hands, which fain would clasp
The warrior's sword with warrior's grasp.
On Victory's field;
Yet turn, O mighty Mother! turn
Unto the million hearts that burn
To be thy shield!

Thine equal justice, mercy, grace,
Have made a distant alien race
A part of thee!
'Twas thine to bid their souls rejoice,
When first they heard the living voice
Of Liberty!

Unmindful of their ancient name,
And lost to Honour, Glory, Fame,
And sunk in strife
Thou found'at them, whom thy touch hath made
Men, and to whom thy breath conveyed
A nobler life!

They, whom thy love hath guarded long;
They, whom thy care hath rendered strong
In love and faith.
Their heart-strings round thy heart entwine;
They are, they ever will be thine,
In life—in death!

—NIZAMUT JUNG.

A Regular Customer.

A Clergyman, having performed the marriage ceremony for a couple, undertook to write out the usual certificate, but being in doubt as to the day of the month, he asked:

"This is the ninth, is it not?"

"Why, parson," said the blushing bride, "you do all my marrying, and you ought to remember that this is only the third."—National Monthly.

GREAT MASS OF PROOF

Reports of 30,000 Cases of Kidney Trouble, Some of Them Wilmington Cases.

Each of some 6,000 newspapers of the United States is publishing from week to week, names of people in its particular neighborhood, who have used and recommended Doan's Kidney Pills for kidney backache, weak kidneys, bladder troubles and urinary disorders. This mass of proof includes over 30,000 testimonials. Wilmington is no exception. Here is one of the Wilmington cases.

R. A. Biddle, 606 Castle St., Wilmington, N. C., says: "I suffered from my kidneys and back for a long time and another of my family also complained of backache. Finally, we got Doan's Kidney Pills at Bellamy's Drug Store and the results of their use were astonishing. The secretions from my kidneys were cleared up and the pain and backache left. I have no reason whatever to change my high opinion of Doan's Kidney Pills given some time ago. They made a permanent cure in my case and I am always glad to say a good word for them."

Price 50c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Biddle had. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

(Advertisement)

WHAT 49c WILL BUY

THIS WEEK

at Rehder's Big Department Store

These prices will hold good for the week only. This Sale brings opportunities unsurpassed in value giving, and just at the time when we want our dollars to stretch farthest. Remember that prices are for week only.

$1 ALARM CLOCKS, 49c.
good time piece, nickeled, alarm clock; every one fully guaranteed.

ROYAL WORCESTER CORSETS, 49c.
Best $1.00 Rust-proof, low bust, long skirt and back; perfect fit.

10c WHITE HANDKERCHIEFS, 10 FOR 49c.
Men's plain white hemmed Handkerchiefs, made of fine cotton goods, 10c values, a bargain.

MEN'S 25c SILK SOCKS, 3 PAIR FOR 49c.
Men's solid color Silk Half Hose; black, white, navy, hello, purple, grey and tan.

7 YARDS 10c GINGHAMS, FOR 49c.
Fine plain and stripe Dress Ginghams, beautiful and fast colors; full 10c values.

35c HAIR RIBBON 2 YARDS FOR 49c.
Extra heavy, wide, beautiful colors and patterns; extraordinary values.

75c DRESSER SCARFS FOR 49c.
Fine quality one and half yards long. Linen Lace, all round and across; splendid value.

75c OSTRICH FEATHERS FOR 49c.
Assorted colors, stand-up effect; several styles to select from.

65c CRIB BLANKETS FOR ONLY 49c.
Pink and blue, with rabbits, teddy bears and other patterns; great values.

75c UNDERSHIRTS, 49c.
Extra heavy fleece Lambsdown and Wooltex Underwear, Shirt or Drawers.

FOR 49c.
75c FLOOR OIL CLOTH,
2 yards wide; extra quality; several patterns; a bargain.

65c MATTING RUGS FOR 49c.
72x36-inch woven Japanese Matting Rugs; blue and red.

75c TABLE NAPKINS, 49c
Cut and hemmed Mercerized Doilies; large sizes; splendid values.

75c UMBRELLAS, 49c.
Boxwood handles, black cotton top; guaranteed stainless; fully worth 75c.; only 2 to a customer.

$1.50 AND $2.00 BLACK VELVET SAILOR HAT, FOR 97c.
Extra special for Monday, new black velvet Hat, trimmed with aigrettes, regular $4.98 values; one day only, each ... $2.98

10c BLEACHING, 8 YDS. FOR 49c.
Good quality yard wide bleached Cotton Muslin.

10 YARDS 7c BLEACHING FOR 49c.
Yard wide fine Cotton Muslin.

8 YDS. 8c SEA ISLAND, FOR 49c.
Yard wide Unbleached Sea Island Homespun; extra special value.

75c WOOL SERGE, 49c.
50-inch Wool Serge, black and navy, greatest value ever offered here in Dress Goods.

75c CREPON SILK, AT 49c
36-inch fancy color Silk Crepe Effect, colored figures; also Moire Effect, in several colors.

75c KNITTED WOOL SKIRTS, 49c.
The close fitted Zephyr Knitted Underskirt. Several colors.

75c READY-TO-WEAR HAT, 49c.
Misses' and Children's Hat, suitable for school girls; all colors and wonderfully cheap.

75c OXFORD SWEATER, FOR 49c.
Men's Grey Coat Sweater, usually sell for good deal more.

75c OUTING GOWNS, 49c
Full size; neat patterns, well made; close, high neck; long sleeves.

75c MUSLIN GOWNS, 49c
Good quality white Muslin, made up nicely; high or low neck; short or long sleeves; extra value.

Ladies' Fine Ribbed 50c Union Suits; This Week, 39c.

J. H. Rehder & Co.
THE POPULAR DEPARTMENT STORE

Extra Heavy Fleece Shirts and Drawers; 50c Value. This Week, 39c.

It is Your Privilege to Choose

Commodities differ. Some shoe manufacturers, for instance, put more value and better workmanship into their goods than others. It is your prerogative to inspect their efforts and buy as your judgment dictates. For you men who want the best, we suggest the

NETTLETON

and invite your inspection of the fall styles in this celebrated make. One of the most favored is the *Bond Street Bal.*—made in black and tan Calfskin, with all blind eyelets. Toe and heel at just the right angle to meet the season's style requirements.

Price $6 to $7

Wilmington Shoe Co.

Star Business Locals Get Results

ATTRACTIVE LIST OF PRIZES FOR CORN SHOW

Enough Money Subscribed to Assure Success.

Committee Meets With Hearty Co-Operation of Citizens in Securing Necessary Funds—Variety of Exhibits.

The Corn Show, Fine Arts and Industrial Exhibit here on November 10th, 11th, 12th and 13th is now an assured fact. Through the efforts of Mr. Z. W. Whitehead, editor of the Carolina Fruit Growers and Truckers' Journal; Mr. J. P. Herring, county farm demonstrator, and Dr. L. B. Sasser, the necessary funds have been subscribed by the citizens of Wilmington and the success of the enterprize is now assured.

Under such conditions as exist at this time in financial circles, it has been no easy task to finance such an institution, but in speaking of this matter Mr. Whitehead, when seen by a Star representative last night, stated that he has never known the business interests of Wilmington to cooperate more enthusiastically and heartily for the success of an undertaking than they have towards the proposition for holding this fair. He said that the committee now needs to raise only about $150, which he and Mr. Herring would secure by noon tomorrow.

The Fair will be held on the sixth floor of the handsome new Murchison bank building, corner of Front and Chesnut streets. This entire floor will be used for the fair. Every department wil be sub-divided into divisions and the exhibits will be most attractively displayed.

In connection with the fair there will be a cattle and live stock exhibit in the old fire station, corner Fourth and Princess streets, and it is expected that this will prove to be one of the most interesting exhibits of the entire fair.

The display in the Murchison building will be open until 10 o'clock each night of the fair. There are three elevators in the building and these will be amply able to care for the large crowds, who will attend.

A most attractive prize list has been prepared for which the money has already been subscribed. Other premiums will be added from time to time. In addition to the handsome prizes offered under the auspices of the Corn Show there will also be a long list of prizes given by Sorosis.

Following is a list of the prizes which will be given for the best exhibits in the different departments:

Corn Club Prizes.

First prize, for largest amount of corn produced on full acre land, 70 square yards, at a minimum cost, $50.

Second prize for largest amount of corn produced on one acre, $40.

Third prize for largest amount of corn produced on one acre, $35.

Fourth prize for largest amount of corn produced on one acre, $30.

Fifth prize for largest amount of corn produced on one acre, $25.

Sixth prize for largest amount of corn produced on one acre, $20.

In all cases the ground of contestants must be measured by two reputable witnesses and the corn weighed or measured in like manner. Any party neglecting or failing to comply with these requirements will be debarred from the contest. The cost of cultivation and harvesting must also be given.

Best Individual Collection.

For the best individual collection of farm products by any single farmer prizes will be awarded as follows: First prize, $10; second prize, $7.50; third prize, $5; fourth prize, $2.50.

Cattle and Live Stock.

For the best exhibit of cattle, $10; For the largest hog on hoot, $10.

For the best exhibit of swine, $10; for the second best exhibit of swine, $5.

For the largest hog on foot, $10.

For the best poultry, $5.

List of Prizes.

The detailed list of prizes as announced by the committee is as follows:

Corn: Best 10 ears, five prizes as follows: $5, $4, $3, $2, and $1.

For the ten largest ears of corn three prizes will be awarded, first, second and third, as follows: $5, $3, and $2.

Sweet Potatoes: For the best half bushel, five prizes, as follows: $5, $4, $3, $2 and $1.

For the 12 largest potatoes, three prizes, as follows: $5, $3, and $2.

Irish Potatoes: For the best half bushel, fall grown, five prizes of $5, $4, $3, $2, and $1.

For 12 largest potatoes, fall grown, $5, $3, and $2.

Peanuts: Spanish, best half bushel picker, first prize, $5; second, $2.50.

For best specimens on bush, $2.50.

North Carolina and Virginias, best half bushel, picked, first prize $5; second, $2.50.

Best specimens on bush $2.50.

Field Peas: Best half bushel black eyed peas, first prize $5; second, $3; third, $2.

Cowpeas, all varieties, best half bushel, first prize, $5; second, $3; third, $2.

Cabbage: Best half dozen heads; first prize, $5; second, $3; third, $2.

Largest head by weight, $2.50.

Collards: Largest and best quality; first prize, $5; second, $3; third, $2.

Oats: Best three bunches, first prize, $3; second $2.

Peppers: Best display, all varieties; first prize, $3; second, $2; third, $1.

Lettuce: Best dozen heads: first prize $5; second, $3; third, $2.

Turnips: Best half dozen: first prize, $5; second, $3; third, $2.

Hay: Soy bean, in bundles, first prize $2; second, $1.

Alfalfa, in bundles, first prize, $2; second, $1.

Clover, in bundles: first prize, $2; second, $1.

Oats and vetch mixed, in bundles: first prize $2; second, $1.

Grass and cowpeas hay, in bundles: first prize, $2; second, $1.

Pumpkins: For the three largest $5; for the three second largest, $2.50.

Canned Goods.

Canned goods may be exhibited either in cans or jars and must be fruit put up by producer on farm where it is grown. Each display must contain three cans or jars.

Tomatoes: first prize $3; second, $2; third, $1.

Beans: First prize $2; second, $1.

Corn: First prize $3; second, $2; third, $1.

Peaches: First prize, $5; second, $4; third, $3; fourth, $2; fifth ,$1.

Pears: First prize, $3; second, $2; third, $1.

Apple Jelly: First prize, $3; second, $2; third, $1.

(Continued on Page Seven)

LOCAL MEN ARE INTERESTED

Suit Against Chas. W. Morse of Interest to Holders of Securities of His Company.

Local business men who subscribed to the bonds of the Morse Securities Company at the time of the organization of the Southern Steamship Company last fall are interested in the news carried in an Associated Press dispatch in yesterday's issue, telling of a suit started in the United States court in New York by the Manhattan Navigation Company against Chas. W. Morse and the Hudson Navigation Company, charging conspiracy in violation of the Sherman anti-trust law.

It will be remembered that the Southern Steamship Company was organized here last fall by local business men and the Morse interests, for the purpose of operating a line of steamers between Wilmington and New York.

Mr. Gilbert, a close associate of Chas. W. Morse, headed the company as president and a son of Chas. W. Morse was the secretary and treasurer. The Morse Securities Company, furnishing the steamers it was proposed to put in service, issued bonds, against these, in return for the subscriptions of the local business men.

After some delay the steamer Charlemagne Tower, Jr., an old vessel built for service on the Great Lakes, was overhauled and put in service as the first of the ships to be operated by the new company. The Tower made one trip from New York to Wilmington and return, and then from New York to Norfolk, where she took on a cargo of coal and started back to New York. A short distance off the Virginia coast she encountered rough weather, her seams opened up, and later, after a hard fight on the part of her officers and crew to keep her afloat, she went down. The officers and crew escaped in small boats and were later rescued by other vessels.

For a time there was some talk of putting on other steamers, but owing to trouble in getting insurance, according to the statements of the Morse people, and other difficulties which arose, nothing further was ever done. The local business men still hold the securities issued by the Morse Company.

For this reason they are considerably interested in the outcome of the $1,050,000 damage suit brought against Chas. W. Morse and the Hudson Navigation Company, of which he is president, in view of its possible effect on the money they have tied up in the bonds of the Morse Securities Company.

OBSERVE GOOD CITIZENSHIP DAY AT ST. ANDREW'S.

Joint Meeting of Christian Endeavor Societies of City This Evening.

Good Citizenship Day will be observed by the Christian Endeavor Societies of the city at a joint meeting to be held this evening at 7 o'clock in the lecture room at St. Andrew's Presbyterian church. A programme of much interest has been prepared, and it is expected that there will be a large attendance. The programme is as follows:

Opening Song—"America"—Congregation.

Opening Prayer—Theme, "Righteousness Exalteth a Nation"—Dr. A. D. McClure.

Scripture Lesson—Mr. R. C. McCarl.

Hymn—Congregation.

Opening Remarks—"The Purpose and Spirit of Good Citizenship Day"—Mr. H. B. Reynolds.

Selection—"The Lost Chord"—St. Andrew's Orchestra.

Good Citizenship Day Catechism—Mr. R. C. McCarl, Leader.

Reading—"Letters of Endorsement"—Mr. Levi Walton.

Selection—Quartette.

Address—"The Responsibilities and Opportunities of a Christian Citizen"—Hon. P. Q. Moore, Mayor.

Sentence Prayers—Theme: "Peace and Brotherhood."

Hymn—Congregation.

Address—"The Liquor Problem and Its Solution"—Mr. George Mitchell.

Violin Solo—"Berceuse" (Gounard).—Miss Telford; accompanist, Miss Thames.

Closing Prayer—Theme: "Our Country and Those in Authority Over Us."—Mr. S. A. Matthews.

Benediction.

MEETING AT HIGH SCHOOL

Conferences of Teachers and Janitor—Canning Demonstration.

In order to promote uniformity in methods of instruction and discipline in the various schools of the city, a conference of all the school principals in the city and the city superintendent of schools was held in the High School auditorium yesterday morning at 10 o'clock.

A meeting of all the school janitors was also held, and they were given detailed instructions as to the care of their buildings, in accordance with the revised regulations cantained in the new county health code, governing the sanitation of schools.

While these meetings were in progress in the building, a tomato canning demonstration was being conducted on the lawn under the direction of Miss Grace Logan, instructor in Domestic Science, and Mrs. J. P. Herring, wife of County Farm Demonstrator Herring. The purpose of this demonstration was to show the practicalibality of the successful canning of vegetables, instead of buying an inferior grade and at a higher price away from home. The class at the High School expects to have a canning exhibit at the Fair in November.

IN JUSTICES HARRISS' COURT

Sailors on Steamer Portland Libel Vessel for Alleged Wages Due.

Nineteen sailors of the steamer Portland were given a hearing before Mr. George Harriss in his capacity as United States Commissioner yesterday in a case in which they seek to recover about $1,500 for wages alleged to be due them. After hearing the evidence in the case Commissioner Harriss certified the proper papers for having the vessel libelled for the amount alleged to be due.

In his capacity as justice of the peace, Mr. Harriss found probable cause in a case against Reuben Bender, colored, charged with seduction, and in default of bond in the sum of $250 the negro went to jail to await the next term of Superior court.

John Murray, colored, who was arrested yesterday by Deputy Sheriff Kelly, on a charge of assaulting Alex. Middleton with a stick, will be tried before Justice Harriss Tuesday.

—The cook and a sailor, through L. Clayton Grant, Esq., have started proceedings against the steamer Adroit for the recovery of about $150, wages alleged to be due them.

NOW PREPARING DRAWINGS

Treasury Department Will Advertise For Bids For Local Customs House in Spring of 1915.

Wilmingtonians will be delighted to learn definitely that drawings for the new $600,000 customs house to be erected here are now being prepared, and that the Treasury Department will advertise for bids on the struture next spring. This information is contined in a copy of a letter from Hon. B. R. Newton, assistant Secretary of the Treasury, to Senator Lee S. Overman, under date of October 14th, which was received here yesterday.

This annauncement follows the visit of a committee from the local Chamber of Commerce, composed of Messrs. Wm. Glichrist, chairman; H. C. McQueen, M. W. Divine and M. J. Corbett, a week or ten days ago, when the committee met with Senators Simmons and Overman and Representative Godwin and urged that steps be taken looking toward the beginning of work on the new customs house at an early date, pointing out that the site for the building had already been purchased and the $600,000 appropriation made several years ago. These gentlemen also visited the Treasury officials with the State's representatives, and asked that everything possible be done to expedite the letting of the contract for the new building.

The letter from the Assistant Secretary of the Treasury to Senator Overman is as follows:

"Hon. Lee S. Overman,

"United States Senate.

"My dear Senator: Referring to your recent call at the Departmnet and to the letter of th 9th instant signed by yourself and Representative Godwin, relative to the Custom House at Wilmington, N. C., you are advised that the drawings for the proposed new building are now being prepared, and it is the intention to advirtise for bids in the spring of 1915.

"Very truly yours,

"B. R. NEWTON,

"Assistant Secretary."

With the construction of the new customs house under way next spring, a large amount of money will be placed in circulation in the city which would not otherwise be spent here, and it will be more than welcome if the depressed financial conditions continue until that time. This point was impressed on the Treasury officials by the committee from the Chamber of Commerce.

MR. J. F. STANLAND DEAD.

Veteran Printer Died at Home of Son in Newbern Yesterday Morning

After 40 years spent at the type case, Mr. J. Frank Stanland, for 35 years a resident of Wilmington, answered the "thirty" call at the home of his son, Mr. Alva H. Stanland, in Newbern yesterday morning at 7 o'clock, where he had gone a few days ago to recuperate. The news of his death spread rapidly here yesterday afternoon and not a man that knew him but was sorry, sorry because they had lost a friend. He was held in the highest esteem by all who knew him and will be sadly missed.

The body was brought to Wilmington on the afternoon train and taken to his home at Seagate. The funeral will be conducted from his home this afternoon at 3 o'clock by his pastor, Rev. O. N. Marshall, of the Seagate Baptist church. The interment will be in Bellevue cemetery.

Since his arrival in Wilmington 35 years ago the deceased had worked in practically every printing establishment of any consequence in the city. For a number of years he was foreman of the composing room of the Evening Dispatch. For some time prior to his death he was employed at the Wilmington Stamp and Printing Company.

He had been in failing health for several months but had apparently improved within the last few days so that his death came as a great shock to his bereaved family and his numerous friends.

He was born at Adam's Run, S. C., 56 years ago. Surviving him besides his wife are one brother, Mr. H. D. Stanland, also a printer; a sister, Mrs. M. C. Foster, of this city; three sons, Mr. Alva H. Stanland, of Newbern; Roy and Horace Stanland, of Seagate, and two daughters, Misses Bertha and Heland Stanland, of Seagate.

Mr. Stanland and his family have resided at Seagate for several years. He was a leading citizen of that community and took an active part in the work of the Baptist church there, being a member of the board of deacons. He was a member of the Woodmen of the World and the Odd Fellows. He was also a member of the local Typographical Union, No. 556.

MASONIC DISTRICT MEETING.

Committee From Wilmington Lodges to Meet Tomorrow Evening

In deference to the expressed wishes of the Most Worshipful Grand Master, John T. Alderman, of Henderson and the District Deputy Grand Master, Dr. Wm. D. McMillan, of this city, the following members of the Wilmington Mosonic Lodges will meet in the reading room of the Masonic Temple, Monday evening at 8 o'clock, to organize as a committee of the whole to arrange for a district meeting to be held in this city at as early a date as possible before the hollidays:

St. John's Lodge, No. 1. A. F. & A. M.—C. L. Meister, P. M., B. A. Merritt, P. M., A. S. Holden, Secretary.

Wilmington Lodge, No. 319. A. F. & A. M.—Wm. B. McKoy, P. M.; C. L. Terry, J. W.; W. K. Gaylor.

Orient Lodge, No. 395, A. F. & A. M.—R. C. DeRosset, P. M.; H. H. Ford, B. T. Hopkins.

In addition to the above named lodges, the Tenth District also includes the following: King Solomon Lodge, No. 138, Burgaw; Fair Bluff Lodge, No. 190, Fair Bluff; Lebanon Lodge, No. 249, Southport; Boardman, Lodge No. 635, Boardman; Tabor Lodge, No. 563, Tabor; Waccamaw Lodge, No. 596, Bolton; Chadbourn Lodge, No. 607, Chadbourn.

Name of Hotel is Changed.

The name of the Clarendon Hotel, which is now under new management, has been changed to the Imperial Hotel, under which name it will be known in the future. Miss Anna F. Herring, the proprietress, has secured Mr. P. C. White, Jr., an experienced hotel man, as manager. The hotel has been thoroughly renovated and will be run on both America and European plans. It is located at the corner of Front and Grace streets.

Sending Out Final Notices.

Carrying out the instruction of City Council at its last weekly session, Chief of olice Williams is sending out final notices to a number of persons, who have failed to have the sidewalks in front of their homes improved.

MEN'S MASS MEETING TODAY

Rev. G. W. McClanahan Will Speak at Y. M. C. A.—Bright Prospects for Winter Season.

Rev. G. W. McClanahan, pastor of St. Matthew's Lutheran church, will speak at the men's mass meeting at the Y. M. C. A. this afternoon at 4:45 o'clock. These meetings were started with the beginning of the association year, October 1st, and General Secretary Huntington has been very much gratified with the interest taken in them. A special musical programme will be rendered previous to the address, and the public is cordially invited to attend.

The work of the Boys' Department under the direction of Mr. Odis B. Hinnant, the new director, has been thoroughly organized and is in a most satisfactory condition. A new feature has been the organization of a troop of Boy Scouts. This lacks only one now of having its full quota of 24 boys.

Two Bible classes for the boys have been organized with Messrs. B. A. Thees and Charles Hazelhurst as teachers. These classes will meet in the association building every Saturday morning at 9:15 o'clock.

There will be a meeting of the High School and employed boys in the lecture room on the second floor of the building this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock, for the purpose of organizing a branch of the order of Sir George Williams. This meeting will be in charge of Mr. Hinnant and it is hoped that as many boys as possible will attend.

General Secretary Huntington stated yesterday that all the religious work of the association is being organized along the different lines, including the men's meeting, the Bible study classes, the foreign mission class and the extension work. There are two Bible classes, one being the Fellowship class with Rev. Dr. A. D. McClure as teacher and the gymnasium class with Rev. H. W. Koelling as teacher. These meet every Monday night at 7 o'clock and after supper, a half hour is given to Bible study. The mission study class will also meet at the same hour. The extension work is in charge of the Yoke Fellows' band but it is planned to extend this work so as to include a larger membership of the association in its activities.

The educational work of the association has not yet been organized but it is expected to do this this week. All members interested in the different courses which will be offered are requested to meet at the Y. M. C. A. building Tuesday night at 8 o'clock.

The members of the Junior division will organize their group clubs for Bible study, athletics and all round competition Monday afternoon at 5 o'clock. Monday night from 7:30 until 8:30 o'clock the employed boys will meet for organizing their Bible study clubs. These will be under the leadership of Rev. W. M. Baker and Mr. Paul Gray.

Physical Director Seitters is greatly pleased with the splendid way in which the gymnasium classes have started their work for the year. Although only organized the first of last week the members of the different classes are working with all the enthusiasm and interest as would naturally be expected after several months of instruction. So far only work on light apparatus has been attempted, most of the exercises being on the floor.

Preparations are being made for the organization of basketball teams preliminary to the formation of the Commercial League of six teams. They will have their first games on Friday night. All young men who desire to become members of the teams are requested to hand in their names to Mr. Seitters this week.

A popular feature of the gymnastic work is the physical examinations given by Mr. Seitters which enables each member of the gymnasium classes to take the proper exercise for the development of the weak points in his body. These examinations are conducted on Monday night beginning at 8 o'clock.

"BRINGING UP FATHER."

Gus Hill's Cartoon Musical Comedy Pleases Local Theatregoers.

"Bringing up Father" is minus Hill's musical comedies founded on Geo. McManus' well known newspaper cartoons, as presented at the Academy of Music yesterday, matinee and night, is superior to any of the similar productions seen here for the past several seasons. It is far above "Mutt and Jeff," presented here last week by the same producer.

"Bringting up Father" is minus much of the slap-stick comedy stuff that is the mainsty of many of the cartoon farces, and in addition to this fact Mr. Hill has staged it on a much more elaborate scale than some of his other similar productions.

The cast appearing here was very good as a whole. The members of the chorus were good looking, though not abounding in exceptional voices. Billy Barry as "Father" was splendid; Miss Earl Remington as "Mother" was good; as were also Misses May Walsh and Effie Pearson as the daughters. Natt H. Webster, as the effeminate butler, handled a difficult part in a superior manner, and Miss Nell Winter, as Mrs. Holmes, of Society, was good, in addition to possessing probably the best voice of the entire cast. Aldue McCloskie possessed a good voice, too, and Jas. H. Wilson appeared to good advantage in several speciality numbers.

The scenery and costuming was very good, in fact considerably above the average. Several catchy musical numbers add attraction to the production.

ARCHDEACON NOE TO PREACH

Will Conduct Services at Church of Good Shepherd This Morning.

Rev. Thos. P. Noe, archdeacon of the Convocation of Wilmington, will preach at the Church of the Good Shepherd this morning at 11 o'clock. He was formerely rector of this church and still exercises general supervision over it. His former parishioners will be glad to have him with them again today.

Mr. Noe will preach tonight at the Church of the Ascension. The public is cordially invited to attend both services.

Peoples Hand Laundry.

Special Notice—The P. H. L. announce that they have a special shirt and collar ironer in their empoy and two other first-class laundresses. Special attention given to ladies and children's fancy lingerie silks, plain and pleated skirts, collars, table linen, bed spreads and sheets. Special prices on laundry wash—50c dozen, pieces shirts and sheets excepted. Work called for and delivered. All work done by hand. 515 Red Cross street. Phone 1540-W.—advertisement.

Move Up Please!

You have asked yourself "Why does the man next to me advance?" You think you work as hard as he, and you do. You earn as much, too. Good, so far. But you SPEND MORE! There's the difference. Simmer it all down and it becomes a matter of training. Training in habits of thrift. One large eastern manufacturing company marks those men for promotion who have shown ability to save money. The savings book with the bank is by far the best evidence to this end. It tells exactly how the saving ability has been cultivated. The saver proves his ability to manage his own business. No wonder his employer marks him for advancement!

The Peoples Savings Bank

"The Home of Savings"

Corner Front and Princess Streets.

Your Financial Future

is likely to be exactly what you make it. What you do NOW in the way of saving may determine what your future will be. A savings account is a great helper—an indispensable one, many of our best business men think.

We invite you to open that account TODAY. 4 % Interest paid, compounded quarterly.

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Company

110 Princess Street

Wilmington's Oldest Bank. Organized 1887.

LOCAL PICKED TEAM WAS DEFEATED BY BURGAW.

Cooper Twirled Magnificent Game, Errors Letting in Scores.

The picked team from the Giants and Boys' Brigade, chosen to uphold the dignity of the City of Wilmington in the game with Burgaw yesterday afternoon at Sunset Park met one of the saddest defeats in their career, when the visitors pummeled out a five to four victory, with the side remark that with proper support the score should have been a shut-out.

"Cross Roads Tim" Cooper, the famous twirling sensation of the Burgaw team, twirled magnificent ball throughout, allowing a total of eight hits, but none of them bunched. Errors in fielding behind him let in every run made by the locals, and with air-tight support, he would have administered a coat of whitewash to the local hopes.

Holt, the star slabbist of the Giants, was hit freely by the Burgawites, a total of ten hits, several bunched in the same inning at opportune times, contributing the five runs of the visitors.

The work of the Burgaw boys was a surprise to the only fair crowd which congregated to witness the game, as they played bang-up, air-tight ball, save several fielding errors on hard chances, and were full of the "pep" that wins baseball or any other sort of a game. Should they decide to play a return engagement here, no doubt capacity crowds will be on hand to witness the game.

WHOLESALE FIRM MOVES.

Messrs. Love & Weedy Purchase Peanut Business of Mr. Cooper.

Love &Wooly wholesale grocers, have moved their business from their former location, No. 112 North Water street, to the storerooms at Nos. 310-312 Nutt street, formerly occupied by Mr. W. B. Cooper. This firm was orgonized on a short time ago but they are already doing a large business, making it necessary to seek large quarters.

They have purchased the peanut business of Mr. W. B. Cooper and will handle this commodity in large quantities, shipping in car load lots to Georgia, Florida and Alabama and other states in the South.

MISS HOBDAY, I. C. A.

Teacher of

VOICE CULTURE, SONG INTERPRETATION, SIGHT SINGING.

Graduate Teacher and Medalist.

Pupil of the late Dr. T. Leslie, of England, and Dr. A. E. Teiphus, of Germany

STUDIO: 106 N. FOURTH STREET.

'Phone 1300-W.

Everyone Admires This Good-Looking Woman

Wherever you go you hear people comment upon a pretty woman and it is really her beautiful hair more than perfect features that gives the appearance of charm, youth and beauty.

Any woman can merit this praise, for beautiful hair is only a matter of care. Just as a plant needs attention and nourishment so must the hair have care and nutriment to make it grow long, thick, soft, fluffy and lustrous. The scalp must be free from dandruff, and the hair roots properly nourished, as nature intended.

Parisian Sage, which is delicately perfumed and easily applied is just what is needed. It tones up and invigorates the roots of the hair and furnishes the necessary elements to make it grow long, soft, abundant and full of life.

One application of this scientific tonic removes every trace of dandruff and cleanses the hair of dust and excess oil.

Why not start now to beautify the hair by using Parisian Sage, the great tonic treatment? It is inexpensive and easily applied at home. It can be had from R. R. Bellamy, or any drug or toilet counter, and will surely do wonders for your hair.

(Advertisement.)

STEIN-BLOCH $25 Suits and Overcoats for Men are the BEST Made-Ready Clothes in the World at That Price :: ::

Plain statement of a plain fact. Has been so through three generations. Will stay so.

Why best? Because they do not stop (as does the usual $25 suit) at good fabrics and good style; they contain the best possible **workmanship.**

Without that the best of fabrics won't stand, the best of style won't stick.

Fall and Winter suits and topcoats are ready.

FLEET-DAVIS COMPANY

'Phone 673. Next to the Bijou

CIRCUS DAY **WILMINGTON** FRI OCT 23

9-NELSON FAMILY, WORLD'S GREATEST ACROBATS.

ROBINSON'S FAMOUS SHOWS COMBINED

A MIGHTY ARENIC WONDERLAND

500 PEOPLE AND BEAUTIFUL HORSES

RICHEST COSTUMES — MAGNIFICENT EQUIPMENT — FAMED AS THE WORLD'S SHOW BEAUTIFUL

PRESENTING IN GRAND ARRAY THE WORLD'S BEST ARTISTS FEATURES RIDERS DARE-DEVIL ACTS

FINEST SPECIAL TRAINS OF PALACE CARS

AMAZING DISPLAYS

MUSEUM-MENAGERIE-DROME

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Made By Imperial Blue Print Co. Garrell Building Wilmington, N. C.

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J.F.LEITNER ARCHITECT 27, 28, 29 Garrell Building.

SOCIAL and PERSONAL

Mrs. John H. Bell and Mrs. Bates Warren are guests of Mrs. Wallace E. Ethridge at Carolina Heights.

• • •

Mrs. H. J. Scholar and Miss Adrienne Hanby are spending a few days at Burgaw with Mr. A. F. Sholar.

• • •

A general meeting of the German-American Ladies' Aid Society will be held Wednesday afternoon at 4:30 o'clock at the Germania Club.

• • •

There will be a song service at Fifth Street Methodist church tonight at 7:30 o'clock prior to the regular church service, under the auspices of the Epworth League.

• • •

Mrs. J. F. Whitaker and Mrs. F. B. Henderson have returned from Greensboro, N. C., where they have been spending several weeks with Mrs. Henderson's mother, Mrs. J. W. Copeland.

• • •

Mrs. Thos. B. Harris, of Orange, N. J., will arrive tomorrow morning by Clyde steamer, and will be the guest of her sister, Mrs. W. L. Harlow, at No. 314 Chesnut street.

• • •

There will be a violin and organ recital at the evening services at St. James' church today at 7:45 P. M. Mrs. Meares Harriss is the violinist and Mr. Wm. G. Robertson the organist and choir master.

• • •

The committee in charge of the fancy work for exhibition to be held in November will meet in the Sorosis club rooms Friday afternoon at 4 o'clock. The committee in charge of the flowers for the exhibit will meet Wednesday morning at 11 o'clock.

• • •

Elsewhere in today's issue will be found the announcement of Misses Reba and Edna Myers, relative to the opening of their dancing school on the evening of November 2nd in the Hibernian Hall.

• • •

Mr. W. Kenneth McKenzie will leave this morning for Raleigh, where he will be married this afternoon to Miss Gertrude Franklin Carter, of Norfolk, Va. Immediately after the wedding they will leave for an extended bridal tour to northern cities.

• • •

There will be a social meeting of the Epworth League of the Fifth Street Methodist church Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. A feature of the service will be the singing of a chorus of 40 voices under the leadership of Mr. W. R. Dosher.

• • •

Mrs. E. May Gleen Toon founder of "The Clara Barton Memorial Mission," has received letters of thanks and appreciation from His Majesty, The Emperor of Germany, and from Her Majesty, the Queen of England, for the work she sent to them in behalf of "peace and humanity."

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Southport, N. C., Oct. 17.—A social event for this month takes place on the 28th, it being the marriage of Miss Jewell Vernon, youngest daughter of Captain and Mrs. L. J. Pepper, to Mr. Arthur K. Goldfinch, assistant cashier of the Bank of Southport. The ceremony will take place in the Methodist church, in this city.

• • •

The regular meeting of the Literature Department of Sorosis will be held Thursday afternoon, October 22nd, in the club rooms of Sorosis. All the members are requested to be present and any members of the club who have recently joined are invited to meet with the members of the department at this time.

• • •

There will be a joint meeting of the parents and children of the Masonboro section at the school house tomorrow afternoon at 2:30 o'clock, when Dr. C. W. Stiles will give a talk on health and sanitation subjects. Prof. Washington Catlett, county superintendent of public instruction, and Dr. John Thames, assistant county health officer, will also be present and make short talks. A large attendance is expected.

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REGULAR MONTHLY MEETING OF CAPE FEAR CHAPTER

The regular monthly business meeting of Cape Fear Chapter of the United Daughters of the Confederacy will be held Monday afternoon at 4 o'clock. A full attendance is desired as matters of importance are to be considered. The delegates who attended the annual meeting of the State organization in Raleigh last week will be present and their reports will be an interesting feature.

• • •

Mrs. Washington Catlett and her daughter, Mrs. John J. Hutson, left yesterday for Big Stone Gap, Va., where they will visit Mrs. Catlett's daughter, Mrs. C. L. Rowe. After spending a few days there, Mrs. Hutson will go to San Francisco, to joint her husband who is an officer on the revenue cutter Bear. He recently had a narrow escape from death when the cutter on which he was stationed was wrecked off the coast of Alaska.

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CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE RED CROSS SOCIETY

The Red Cross Society acknowledges with grateful thanks the following donations:

One bolt cheesecloth, Mrs. Henry Bear; Mooris chair and bedside table, Mrs. Joseph Price; four lounging chirs, Messrs. S. and B. Solomon; basket of fruit and dainties, Mrs. Chas. T. Harper; fruit, Mrs. Samuel Bear; magazines and books, Mrs. J. H. Durham, Sr.; oranges, Mrs. Cuthbert Martin; clothing, Mrs. S. Mendelsohn; The Star, papers daily; The Dispatch, papers daily; magazines, a friend.

• • •

MR. HOWARD M. BEASLEY TO WED MISS MYRTE L. ROSE

Lumberton, N. C., Oct. 17.—Friends in Lumberton have received invitations reading as follows:

Mr. and Mrs. Joel Leander Rose
request the pleasure of your company
at the marriage of their daughter
Myrtle Lillin
to
Mr. Beasley is held in the highest
Wednesday evening, October the 21st
nineteen hundred and fourteen
at eight o'clock
at home
Bentonville, North Carolina.

Mr. Beasley is held in the hightest esteem by a large circle of friends in Lumberton who will wish for him and his bride the richest of life's blessings.

• • •

SON OF FORMER PRESIDENT WEDS IN WASHINGTON.

Washington, Oct. 17.—Robert A. Taft, son of former President William H. Taft, and Miss Martha A. Bowers, daughter of the late Lloyd W. Bowers, were married at St. John's Episcopal church here at noon today. The former President and Mrs. Taft, other relatives and many close friends were present.

It was Mrs. Taft's first visit here since her departure from the White House at the closing of Mr. Taft's administration.

Mr. Taft said today he hoped to call on President Wilson during his stay here. He and President Wilson will meet Tuesday at the Bar Association convention when the President will deliver the address of welcome.

• • •

HALLOWE'EN ENTERTAINMENT AT Y. W. C. A. BUILDING.

Elaborate preparations are being made for a Hallowe'en entertainment at the Y. W. C. A. Saturday, October 31st, beginning at 8 o'clock, and the event is expected to prove most interesting.

A number of unique entertainment features appropriate to the occasion, including a fortune teller, bobbing for apples and other similar amusements are planned, and nothing will be spared that will contribute to the pleasure of the members of the organization and their friends who attend.

The entertainment wil be open to the public and a cordial invitation will be extended to all who are interested to attend.

• • •

EPWORTH LEAGUE SOCIAL WAS DELIGHTFUL OCCASION.

A Hallowe'en party was given Friday evening at the home of Mrs. K. W. Price on North Fifth street under the auspices of the Social and Literary department of the Epworth League of Grace Methodist church. The decorations were of the "spooky" variety consisting of witches, black cats, pumpkins, scare crows and many others appropriate to the Hallowe'en season.

Amusing fortunes were told by Miss Lizzie Gibson as the witch and Miss Edna Craft as the Gypsy. This proved to be one of the most popular of the many novel features of the evening. Vocal selections were rendered by Miss Katie Ford and Mr. J. R. Wise, accompanied by Mrs. M. L. Chasten, in their usual splendid manner. Several delightful readings were given by Mr. Mumford.

Many expressions of pleasure were made by four score or more members and friends of the league present and Miss Marie Houston, superintendent of the social and literary department, under whose direction the entertainment was given, received the warm congratulations of all present for the delightful evening afforded them.

• • •

TO OPEN WOMAN'S EXCHANGE IN THE SOROSIS BUILDING.

At a meeting of the ways and means committee of Sorosis the past week it was decided to open an exchange in the club rooms on North Third street after Christmas, or perhaps sooner. This exchange will provide a place where women may sell their fancy work and other articles made by them. This action was taken after many earnest appeals had been made to them for such a place in the downtown district, so as to be convenient for shoppers.

If successful, it may be carried on indefinitely and is open to all women of the city and surrounding vicinity. An effort will be made to have it ready immediately after the Fair in November. It is hoped that those interested in household art industry will take advantage of this means for an interchange of handiwork and ideas.

The club rooms will also be rented on days other than those on which sales are held during November and December. The rooms are already engaged for the first Tuesday in December when the Ladies' Missionary Society of Grace Methodist church will have a sale of fancy work and eatables.

• • •

FANCY WORK EXHIBIT PLANS FOR SOROSIS FAIR.

The ladies in charge of all the fancy work for exhibition during the Fine Arts and Industrial Exhibit in November will be glad to receive the names of any parties desiring either to exhibit them or to sell them. Sorosis will be responsible for any articles sent which are properly registered or sent to the chairman in charge of the special exhibits. Persons may send their articles to the Murchison building the day before the opening of the Fair, and must leave them in charge of the chairman. The articles must be called for either on the night of the closing of the Fair or the next morning.

Sorosis members will remain in the hall on the day following the Fair to return the articles and will be responsible for them through that day. All articles will be properly guarded during the Fair.

Those wishing either to exhibit or sell their fancy work should notify Mrs. J. T. Schonwald, who will be glad to give further information. Those wishing to enter flowers should notify Mrs. L. B. Sasser.

A prize of $5 is offered for the best historical essay on New Hanover county provided there are as many as five contestants. The essays must contain at least 500 words. This is open to the High School pupils also. Those interested in this prize contest may communicate with Mrs. William Parsley, Jr. The essays must be in by November 1st.

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STEWART-THOMPSON WEDDING AT BALTIMORE WEDNESDAY.

Of interest here and elsewhere in the State was the wedding in Baltimore Wednesday evening of Miss Marguerite Thompson and Mr. Warren Adams Stewart. The bride is a sister of Mr. Herbert Dalton Thompson, Jr., of this city, and a niece of Mrs. Charles Coleman Covington, also of Wilmington, and is related to other prominent families in this State.

The following from the Baltimore Star of Wednesday, Oct. 14th, will be of interest:

"The wedding of Miss Marguerite Vertner Thompson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Dalton Thompson, to Mr. Warren Adams Stewart, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. Hyland P. Stewart, will take place this evening at 7 o'clock at the apartment in the Severn of the bride's parents, the Rev. Dr. Arthur B. Kinsolving officiating. Only the two families and a few intimate friends will be present at the ceremony and at the small reception which will follow. The rooms will be decorated with Easter lilies and one end of the room will be arranged in a chapel effect with an aisle formed of standards of lilies, through which the bridal procession will pass.

"The bride, who will be given in marriage by her father, will wear a gown of white duchesse satin and point lace, with a tulle veil arranged under a cap of point lace and fastened with sprays of lilies of the valley. The attendants will be Miss Nora Louise Thompson, a sister of the bride, and Miss Alma Oates, of Charlotte, N. C. They will wear cream colored satin trimmed with Oriental lace and will carry big bunches of yellow chrysanthemums. The best man will be Mr. Hyland P. Stewart, Jr., brother of the groom. After their return from their wedding journey Mr. Stewart and his bride will occupy an apartment at the Avon. Among the out-of-town guests who will be present are Mr. and Mrs. Hugh A. Murrill and Mrs. Jesse W. Chambers, of Charlotte, N. C.; Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Coleman Covington and Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Thompson, Jr., of Wilmington; Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Wright Murphy, of Greensboro, N. C."

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MISS LILLIAN FRANCIS CAUDLE BRIDE OF MR. DAVID N. OWEN

Sanford, N. C., Oct. 17.—One of the most beautiful weddings that have taken place in Sanford was solemnized at the home of the bride at 2:45 o'clock Wednesday afternoon when Miss Lillian Francis Caudle became the bride of Mr. David Neill Owen, of Roseboro, N. C. The home was lovely in its artistic decorations, the color scheme being green and white, with potted plants and ferns gracefully grouped. The improvised altar of white, with its festoons of green and the numerous candles, presented a beautfil scene.

The bridesmaids, Misses Katie Owen, gowned in pink satin trimmed with silk roses, and Mamie Caudle, gowned in white batiste trimmed with lace, came in with the groomsmen, the former with Mr. Ray Caudle and the latter with Mr. Lutrelle Owen. The bride made a charming picture, as she entered the room on the arm of her sister, Miss Carrie Caudle, maid of honor, the bride carrying a lovely bouquet of bride's roses.

They were met at the altar by the groom and his best man, Mr. Bryant Womble, the ceremony being performed by Rev. J. B. Willis. The bride wore a lovely suit of plum colored broadcloth. After the ceremony, elegant refreshments were served, after which the bridal party left on the 3:20 train for the home of the groom, where was given them a reception, all the family and many relatives present.

The bride is the daughter of Mrs. J. R. Caudle, of Sanford. With her sweet cordiality and lovely personality, she has endeaed herself to all who knew her. The groom is the son of Mr. and Mrs. O. C. Owen, of Roseboro, and is well known and popular. The many costly and handsome presents attest the popularity of the bride and groom, among the gifts being a silver service, also a chest of silver.

Mr. and Mrs. Owen left for a trip north. After October 21st, they will be at home at the residence of the groom's parents, Mr. and Mrs. O. C. Owen, at Roseboro.

SUNDAY SERVICES

The significant fact that President Wilson asked recently all God-fearing people to repair to their places of worship to unite their petitions for peace in Europe, is a high tribute to the value and power of the Christian church. He might have sought other means for developing an influence for peace; but in times of deep distress the human heart cries naturally to God for help and turns to the ministrations of the church. It is through the church that Divine grace is ordinarily offered; and it increasingly invites the people to enter its doors and commune with God and offer their prayers to Him. A friendly welcome awaits everyone who will come.

Trinity Methodist church, Ninth and Market streets, Services at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. by the pastor, Rev. W. L. Rexford. Sunday school at 3 P. M. The public is cordially welcomed to all services.

St. Mary's Pro-Cathedral, Fifth and Ann streets. First mass 7 A. M. Last mass, sermon 10:30 A. M. Vespers 8 P. M.

St. James church. Rev. W. H. Milton, D. C., rector. Holly communion at 7:30. Morning prayer and sermon at 11. Evening prayer and sermon at 8. Subject of sermon: "The Suicide of Talent." Organ and violin recital at 7:45. Everybody welcome. Come and bring a friend.

Winter Park Presbyterian church. Rev. Andrew J. Howell, pastor. Services at 11 A. M., with an address by Rev. H. F. Beaty, returned missionary from Placetas, Cuba. Sunday school at 3:30 P. M. All residents of the neighborhood are cordially invited to attend these services.

Delgado Presbyterian church. Rev. Andrew J. Howell, pastor. Services at 7:30 P. M. Sunday school at 10:20 A. M. Christian Endeavor at 7 P. M. Sewing school for all girls of the community on Friday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock. All will be cordially welcome dto these services.

St. Mathews Ev. Lutherian church. Rev. G. W. McClanahan, pastor. Morning sewveice 11 o'clock, subject; Proper Preparations for the Lord's Supper." Evening service 7:30 o'clock, subject: "The Palsied Man Healed." Sunday school 10 A. M. Wednesday evening service 8 o'clock. Preparatory services for the Lord's Supper on Friday evening at 8 o'clock. Everybody welcome to all the services. The Ladies Aid Society will held the regular monthly meeting on Wednesday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock.

First Baptist church. Worship 11 A. M. Text: "I am Resolved What to Do." 7:30 P. M. "The Sealing of the One Hundred and Forty Four Thousand Jews." Six thirty P. M. B. Y. P. U. Nine forty-five A. M. Sunday school. J. H. Foster, pastor.

St. Paul's Lutheran church, Market and Sixth streets. Rev. F. B. Clausen, pastor. Chief service 11 A. M. Topic of sermon: "The Divine Physician." Evening service 7:30 P. M. Topic of sermon: "Blessings of War." The public is cordially invited to these services. Sunday school 3:30 P. M.

St. John's Episcopal church, Third and Red Cross streets. Rev. Wm. E. Cox rector. Holy Communion 7:30 A. M. Morning prayer and sermon 11 A. M. Sunday school 4 P. M. Evening prayer 8 P. M. All are cordially invited.

St. John's Mission, 1313 North Fourth street. Sunday school 9:30 A. M. Mr. Virginius Hall Superintendent. Song service with illustrated Bible lecture every Wednesday 7:45 P. M. All are cordially invited.

Calvary Baptist church, Corner Fourth and Brunswick. J. A. Sullivan, pastor. Services Sunday 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Morning sermon subject: "Crowns," night, "Then cometh the end." Other Sunday services, Junior B. Y. P. U. 10 A. M. Missionary Societies, 11:45 A. M. Deacons' Meeting 8 P. M. Sunday school 3:30 P. M. Prayer meetin gand Teachers' meeting Wednesday night, and Senior B. Y. P. U. Thursday night. A cordial welcome to all services.

St. Pauls Episcopal church, 16th and Market street. St. Lukes Day. Sunday school 9:45 A. M. R. E. Tapp, Superintendent. Morning prayer, Holy Communion and sermon at 11 A. M. St. Luke the Beloved Physicion. Evening prayer and serman at 8 P. M. "St. Luke Evangelist and faithful Friend." Rev. E. deF. Heald, Jr., of Washington, D. C. You are cordially invited to attend these services.

Fifth Street Methodist church, Rev. G. T. Adams pastor. At 11 o'clock A. M. the pastor will preach on "The Religion of Love, Peace and Joy in the Holy Ghost." At 7:45 M. the subject will be "Christ, Our Refuge and Only Hope." The public is cordially invited to attend these services.

Grace Methodist church, cor. Fourth and Grace streets, Rev. J. D. Bundy, pastor. Services 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Morning subject, "And He Brought him to Jesus." Evening subject, "The church's foundation, builder and mission." Special music at both services. Sunday School 9:45 A. M., M. F. Allen, superintendent. Midweeq prayer services, Wednesday 8 P. M. and limited to 45 minutes. Epworth League meeting, Friday 8 P. M., Hankins Hall, president. The public will receive a welcome to all these services.

Church of the Good Sheperd (Episcopal.) Archdeacon Thos. P. Noe will conduct the services this morning at 11 o'clock and Rev. J. S. Moody the evening services at 7:30 o'clock. Sunday School at 3:30 o'clock. The public is cordially invited to the services.

Bladen Street Methodist church, corner Fifth and Bladen streets, Rev. T. G. Vickers, pastor—Services at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Subject of morning sermon, "Paul's Philosophy of Life." Subject at night, "The Christian's Secret." The Men's Bible class will meet at 10 A. M. Sunday school at 3:30 P. M. A class for everybody. The public cordially invited to all services.

LOCAL DOTS.

—A baseball team known as the Stars, defeated the Moors in an interesting game of ball on Paraley Field at Hilton yesterday morning by a score of 13 to 7.

—Friends of Mrs. Daisy Reid Dock will be interested and pleased to know that copies of her song success, "I'm Always Longing For You," will be on sale Monday at Yates' and at Keen's music store on Princess street.

—Rev. J. W. Michaels, evangelist to the deaf for the Home Mission Board of the Southern Baptist Convention, will conduct services in the Baraca room of the First Baptist church this morning at 11 o'clock and this afternoon at 3 o'clock. All mutes in the city are cordially invited to attend.

—Alex. MacRae, colored, is the latest negro to be arrested by the police department on a charge of stealing merchandise from cars in the Seaboard yards. He was lodged in the city prison by Planinclothesman D. W. Coleman and along with a half dozen or more negroes will have a hearing before the Recorder tomorrow.

—A set of rules and regulations governing the installation of plumbing has been printed by the Health Department and will be distributed among the plumbers. The booklet contains sections 117 to 159 of the new Health Code, which was recently printed in pamphlet form. It is expected to prove of great assistanve to the plumbers and their assistants.

—Suit was started in Superior Court yesterday by the Weller Coal Company against the Fisheries Company and the Atlantic Phosphate & Oil Corporation. Atachment papers were taken out against a vessel of the company. The papers were served throught the sheriff's office. Smiliar suit was begun by the same company i nthe United States court Friday.

—The British steamer Falls City, Captain Eastwood, arrived in this port yesterday from Mejillones via Caleta Buena and Balboa, with a cargo of nitrate to be discharged at the Atlantic Coast Line terminals. The trip from the west coast of South America was made through the Panama Canal. The vessel comes consigned to Heide & Co.

NO GAS IN SIGHT FOR TOWN OF WILSON YET.

Contracting Company Has Not Begun Work on New Plant—Notes.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Wilson, N. C., Oct. 16.—Wilson people are disappointed at the failure of the Southern Gas & Improvement Company in the matter of fulfilling their contract to begin work on the proposed gas plant for the town. The franchise was granted the company and the bond was given to the town, but at the last meeting of the board of commissioners ordered the bonding company be notified of the failure of the company to comply with the conditions of the franchise.

Wilson was promised a completed gas plant by Thanksgiving day but nothing has been done so far. The company stated some time ago that they had purchased a site for the erection of the works and that actual work would begin soon after that time. In the meantime other towns are getting gas plants and Wilson is still without this modern convenience.

Wilson blind tigers have been worried by reason of the presence of two detectives who have been quietly working for two weeks with the result that some warrants have been issued and violators of the law are under bond awaiting trial in the Superior court.

A SMALL MESSAGE

Can be told in a small space, but a large store has a large message to tell —always!

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

—Mr. W. B. Savage left yesterday afternoon for Raleigh to visit friends for a few days and to attend the State Fair.

—Fire Chief Charles Schnibben left yesterday afternoon for New Orleans, La., to attend the annual meeting of the National Association of Fire Chiefs. He is vice president of the organization for North Carolina. He was joined here by Chief Max Cohn, of Goldsboro.

—Mr. L. Freimuth, a popular captain in the Wilmington Fire Department, is rapidly improving after an operation at the James Walker Memorial Hospital some days ago, and will be able to return to his home at No. 120 North Ninth street today.

Real Estate Transfers.

Deeds were filed for record yesterday as follows: Robert H. Brady and wife to Roberta Brady Busch, for $1 and other considerations, lot on west line of Fourth, 198 feet south of Church, 30 x90 feet in size; E. T. Mason and others to W. S. Canney, for $10 and other considerations, tract in Harnett township, on Middle Sound, containing 16 1-2 acres; Southern Realty & Development Company to Chas. Schano, for $10 and other considerations, lots No. 149 and 150, Lake Side Park; Solomon Sternberger and wife to Tidewater Power Company, for $100 and other considerations, lot on north line of Ann, 60 feet east of 10th, 33x75 feet in size.

FERRIS
Style 715 $1.00
Misses 12 to 15 years. Slender form. Medium long hips. Good coutil.
Sizes 19 to 28 inches

A. L. Brown
The Store That Sells WOOLTEX

VICTORIA
ANNOUNCEMENT EXTRAORDINARY
On account of the Depression incident to the War, the Management of the Victoria Theatre announces that by Special Arrangement with the Keith Booking Office, the Same High Class Vaudeville Acts as heretofore given will be presented at
10, 15 and 25 Cents
Beginning This Week. See Daily Papers for High Class Features.

VICTORIA
Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday This Week.
Special Feature
GRIFFIN and LEWIS
The Song Bird and the Tad.
HAROLD YATES
A Miniature Vaudeville Show.
OAKLAND SISTERS
Comedy Singing and Talking
JOE KRAMER
Black Art Novelty.
2 —PHOTOPLAYS— 2
Prices: 10, 15 and 25 Cents.
All Children Under 5 Years, with Parents, Admitted Free!

GEO. W. HUGGINS
JEWELER
105 MARKET STREET
A visit to our Show Windows will give you an idea of a few of the new and many gifts we have to offer.
Take one look, and make your "Gift Buying" a pleasure for ever afterwards.

MEMBERS OF TYPOGRAPHICAL UNION, NO. AND WOODMEN OF THE WORLD.

You are requested to meet at 17th and Market streets at 3:30 o'clock this (Sunday) afternoon, to attend in a body the funeral of Brother J. Frank Stanland.

J. R. DARDEN,
Sec'y Typo. Union, No.

CONCORD CHAPTER, NO. 1, ROYAL ARCH MASONS.

Regular convocation Monday evening, Oct. 19th, 1914, at 8 o'clock.

Companions are urged to attend.

Visiting companions welcome.

By order of the High Priest.
JAMES H. TAYLOR, JR.,
Secretary.

"ONE WEDGE DRIVES ANOTHER."

So continued advertising will surely drive home your argument to the person you are trying to convince.

A Good Investment

Any one with money to invest will do well to purchase one or more of our FOUR PER CENT CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT.

They are issued in amounts to suit the investor, and both PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST ARE GUARANTEED.

They are CONVERTIBLE INTO CASH, on Demand, and are absolutely safe, and a most desirable form of investment.

We consider them much more desirable than the average bond, because they can be turned into MONEY at any time, at a moment's notice.

Call on us for full particulars.

HOME SAVINGS BANK
Orton Building—Front Street

ACADEMY OF MUSIC FRIDAY OCT. 23 Prices 50c to $2.00
Mail Order Now. Seat Sale Tuesday
JOHN CORT PRESENTS
McINTYRE and HEATH
IN THE NEW EDITION OF THEIR BIGGEST MUSICAL COMEDY SUCCESS.

BOOK BY GEORGE V HOBART. LYRICS BY WILLIAM JEROME. MUSIC BY JEAN SCHWARTZ
FREE LIST ENTIRELY SUSPENDED THIS ENGAGEMENT.

Copyright Hart Schaffner & Marx

DAVID'S
Your battle is probably in the field of business; you doubtless have more use for a pen than a sword; —"the pen is mightier***"; and your uniform ought to be one of these stylish
Hart Schaffner & Marx
suits, at $25 or more; or less if you say so; some special values at $18 and $20.
You'll have every advantage that comes from being stylishly dressed if you come to us; there are no smarter fashions nor better qualities than these.
THE A. DAVID CO.
TAILORS, CLOTHIERS AND FURNISHERS

Buy a Comet
From $5.75 to $13.50
An Ornament For Any Room
Don't forget your Stove repairs —it's going to be cold soon. We sell almost anything you want.
Engines, Crockery, Boats, Tinware, Aluminum, Tools, Heaters, Ranges, Wooden Ware, Tents.
Come and see the real cheap cash store.
The Foard Hardware Store
29 So. Front St. L. L. HANBY.

? ARE YOU SATISFIED ?
With the Way Your Prescriptions are Compounded and Delivered?
SATISFACTION AND PROMPT DELIVERY
Guaranteed by
The New Drug Store
WOODALL & SHEPPARD, Inc.
'PHONES: 131–132. Cor Front and Princess Sts.

ATTRACTIVE LIST OF PRIZES FOR CORN SHOW

(Conintued From Page Five)

Grape Jelly: First prize $3; second, $2; third, $1.

Figs: First prize, $3; second, $2; third $1.

Cucumber Pickles, sweet: First prize: $2; second $1.

Tomato Pickles, sweet, first prize $2; second, $1.

Tomato Catsup: First prize, $3; second, $1.

Pepper Pickles, sweet: First prize, $3; second, $2; third, $1.

Okra: First prize, $3; second, $2; third, $1.

Butter, best pound: First prize $3; second, $2; third, $1.

Girls' Canning Club.

For the best exhibits by the Girls' Canning Club of New Hanover county prizes will be awarded as follows: First prize, best display, $7.50; second prize, second best display, $5; third prize, third best display, $2.50.

Farm Wives' League.

For the best exhibit by the Farm Wives' League of New Hanover county a prize of $10 will be given and for the second best exhibit a prize of $5.

Exhibits Are Invited.

Exhibits are invited from the counties of New Hanover, Brunswick, Columbus, Robeson, Bladen, Pender, Duplin, Sampson and Onslow, and farmers throughout these counties are urged to send in their best specimens and also to attend the show. In addition to the prizes that they may win, and the publicity derived thereby, they will have the advantage of hearing lectures and addresses on all phases of agricultural methods and rural life.

All exhibits should reach Wilmington not later than Monday, November 9th. Those who find it inconvenient to accompany their exhibits so as to arrive on the opening day should send them with their name and address thereon so as to avoid confusion.

List of Sorosis Prizes.

In connection with the corn show and agricultural fair the ladies of North Carolina Sorosis will conduct a floral fair and fine arts and industrial exhibit which will be one of the most attractive features of the entire display.

An interesting part of the fair will be the floral exhibits, particularly of chrysanthemums, for which prizes will be given as follows: Best display, $5; best single bloom, $2.50; greatest variety, $5; best collection of bronze, $2.50; best collection of yellow blooms, $2.50; best collection of pink blooms, $2.50; best collection of white blooms, $2.50; best display of potted plants, $2.50.

All florists are invited and urged to make exhibits, the only requirements being that for all orders taken by them at the fair, Sorosis shall be given 10 per cent of the proceeds from the sales.

Prizes for Fancy Work.

Prizes will be given for fancy work as follows: Best piece of white embroidery; best piece of colored embroidery; best piece of crochet; best piece of knitting; best piece of fancy work by a girl under 16 years of age; best picture, whether in pastel or water color; best piece of hand painted chinaware; the best home-made rug; the best home-made basket; the best picture drawn by a child.

Other Prizes.

Prizes as follows will also be given at the fair: Most attractive dress from cotton goods manufactured in Wilmington; best plain shirtwaist made by girl between 12 and 18 years of age; best house apron by girl under 12 years of age; best darned stocking by girl under 14 years of age; best button holes by girl under 14 years of age; best dress by girl between 12 and 18 years of age; best pound of home made candy by school girl; best one dozen cookies by school girl; best rolls by school girl; best loaf of bread by adult; best layer cake by adult; best pound cake by adult; best household device by boy; best kitchen device by boy; best fireless cooker by boy.

Prizes for canned goods will be given as follows: For the largest display of canned goods; for the largest variety of jellies; for the largest variety of preserves; for the best sour pickles; for the best sweet pickles; for the best apple jelly; for the best grape jelly; for the best can of peaches; for the best can of pears.

Prominent Speakers to be Here.

The Chamber of Commerce has very kindly offered those in charge of the fair the use of their large assembly hall on the seventh floor of the Murchison building for the lectures which will be one of the most interesting features of the affair. There will be addresses each day of the fair by prominent men of the State who have already accepted invitations to be present.

Following is the programme for the lectures and addresses which has already been arranged:

On Wednesday Mr. T. E. Brown, of the State Agricultural Department, will discuss "Improved Farming as a Result of the Boys' Corn Clubs," Mrs. McKimmon, of the State Agricultural Department, will speak on "Home Canning."

Thursday there will be an address on "The Inter-Relations of City and Country," by Mr. Hugh MacRae, of Wilmington. Dr. Joseph Hyde Pratt, of Chapel Hill, State Geologist, will speak on "Drainage and Road Building," while Mr. H. C. McQueen, of Wilmington, president of the Murchison National Bank, will discuss "Agricultural Credits." Mr. R. A. Brand, fourth vice president and traffic manager of the Atlantic Coast Line, will speak on "The Results of Railroad Co-Operation in the Transportation of Farm Products."

Friday there will be a discussion on "Cattle Raising and Milk and Beef Products," by Mr. R. S. Curtis, of the State Agricultural Department, and Mr. D. T. Gray, of the State Agricultural Department, will speak on "Pork Raising." Mr. W. N. Hutt, State Horticulturist, will deliver an address on "Fruit Growing."

SUNDAY SCHOOL RALLY DAY.

Will be Observed by All Churches in Wilson, November 8th.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Wilson, N. C., Oct. 15.—Following a conference with General Secretary Long, of the North Carolina State Sunday School Association, all of the Churches of Wilson will observe Sunday, November 8, as a Sunday School Rally Day. Services will be held in each church in the morning, with speakers of State wide reputation in the several pulpits; a conference for workers in the afternoon, and the day will close with a community mass meeting at night. It is expected that among the speakers will be Dr. Mann, of Greensboro, and Gilbert T. Stephenson, of Winston-Salem.

Chicago, Oct. 16.—Melborn Inman, champion English billiardist, today beat Willie Hoppe 1,202 to 190 at the British style. Inman won the afternoon game 601 to 80 and the night game 601 to 110.

BEAUTIES WITH THE HAM TREE

THEATRICAL

Laugh and grow young is the crest of "The Ham Tree," which comes to the Academy of Music one night only on Friday and which will be the only atraction at the Academy this week. It will be presented with the famous comedians, McIntyre and Heath in their original roles, under the management of John Cort.

"The Ham Tree," is an elaboration of the "Georgia Minstrels" which McIntyre and Heath successfully used in vaudeville. The book is by George V. Hobart, the music by Schwartz, and the lyrics by William Jerome—three things that would guarantee the show's merit had it not the reputations those clever comedians have made for it.

Needless to say there is no plot to be taken seriously, it is just what the average theatre-goe r would call a "corking good show". Alexandra Hamblestonian, played by James McIntyre, is ured from the employment in a livery stable by Henry Jones, depictel by Thomas Heath, and joins the Georgia Minstrels as end man. The minstrel company goes broke, and the pair are next seen making their way homeward on foot, while the philosophical Henry torments the pessimistic Alexandra, with glowing descriptions of imaginary feasts along the road, and from here to the mansoin of Fifth avenue, New York, where they impersonate the Rajah and consort of India, McIntyre and Heath make "The Ham Tree" one continuous scream. John Cort has surrounded his stars with a chorus that is claimed to be the largest and best aggregation of dancers on the stage today, unusually well drilled by the master craftsman, Ned Wayburn, whose ability at staging beauty shows has long been recognized, but possibily has never been better exemplified than in this season's "Ham Tree." The staging is a picture and the color schemes in the many costly costumes are wonderfully worked out. A new feature has been added in Ebenezer, the minstrel mule, not a man in a mule skin, but a real dyed-in-the-wool Maude, with a real kick, who never fails to rock the house with laughter while his trainer attempts to ride him.

In the cast are some well-known musical comedy favorites, among whom are Edward Wade, Arthur Barry, John Lorenz, Otto Johnson, Edward S. Holden, Norman Woodward, Mildred Beverly, Mabel Elaine, Winnie Crisp, Jack Crisp and Jack Bell.

Seats will be on sale at Woodall and Sheppard's Tuesday at 8 o'clock.

Victoria's Big New Week.

Wilmington enjoyed another great week the past week, thanks to the Victoria theatre, that is offering the cream of the Keith Vaudeville Circuit. Yet an even bigger week for enjoyment is just ahead, opening tomorrow. For the new week the Victoria has booked acts of the brightest star type and acts that will cater to the taste of every one. There is not a small time act in the bunch, so vaudeville devotees can whet up their appetites to a keen edge. The list for the first half of the week, opening at matinee tomorrow afternoon, to be followed by the usual two performances at night, include Joe Kramer & Co., known and loved by all big city vaudeville followers. This noted organization will present a swell black art novelty that will mystify and thrill. It is a real novelty and one of big size, too. Griffin and Lewis, the Irish song bird and the prima donna, are also stars for the new offering and will appear in their merry musical sketch. Among the other popular artists who will appear will be the clever Oakland Sisters, comedy singing and talking and who are real hits. The well known Harold Yates, offering his novelty "A Miniature Vaudeville Show," is also programmed to appear. In addition to all this swell vaudeville the Victoria will present two big reels of the latest moving pictures, and the swell orchestra of the theatre will dispense some of the classiest of numbers.

Grand's Triumphant Week.

Another great week of the freshest the most mammoth and the most brilliant moving picture masterpieces is just ahead of the Wilmington people and, of course, the Grand Theatre is the precise spot. It is the leader of leaders and, being so recognized, is crowded daily. This week will again magnificently bristle with great Paramount features, while mid-week (Wednesday) the third episode of the fascinating Harold McGrath sensation, "The Million Dollar Mystery," will be flashed on the screen, and at the same tiny price of admission—5 cents, afternoon and night.

The new week will get a big and glorious start tomorrow when the noted comedian, Edward Abeles, will appear in the great moving picture version of the superb New York hit, "The Making of Bobby Burnitt," from the pen of Winchell Smith, author of "Brewster's Millions." Of course, it is a Paramount and one of the best, too. It will be a most elaborate production and the people of Wilmington will, no doubt, crowd to see it, thus not only getting a chance to see a real good show but of beholding Edward Abeles and the original New York supporting company. The Paramount Pictures are without doubt the greatest ever made and are taking the country by storm. The Grand, due to its enterprise and willingness to spend the money, in order that Wilmington may get the greatest and at the same time the larger cities get them, holds the exclusive rights to the Paramounts for Wilmington.

Big Week at Bijou.

Another week which bids fair to break all records both in point of quality and quantity will be inaugurated at the Bijou, Wilmington's most popular amusement center, tomorrow afternoon at one o'clock when the week opens with four of the biggest reels of motion pictures on the bill for the day that has ever been shown in Wilmington at any price. The Universal daily is acquiring new and celebrated stars, and today witnesses the introduction of the most famous person, probably, that they have signed up in several months.

It is none other than the peerless Christy Mathewson, "Bib Six" twirler the New York Giants, who will appear once a month in a big special Universal release. The first of these feature releases comes tomorrow with the title of "Love and Baseball." It's a sousing big two-reel drama with Christy as the hero of the occassion, and Big Six is seen in many different attitudes that the public have never seen him before. It's an interesting and thrilling drama, and no one who admires this wonderful baseball player and what he has done should miss it.

Coming second on the big bill is the thirty-first chapter of "Our Mutual Girl" by far the most thrilling yet, and full of surprises and quick action throughout.

Then there's a rousing big Joker comedy, "The New Butler" in which is seen Phil Dunham and Ernest Sheilds at their best.

STRANGE MARIMBA PLAYERS.

With Robinson's Circus Which Exhibits Here Next Friday.

Within the almost inaccessible wilds of Nicaragua dwells a strange race, undoubtedly the only remnant of the aboriginal people who inhabited America before the coming of the Red Indian. These people have an ancient civilization of their own, and to see them is to look at a picture of humanity as it was here perhaps 5,000 years ago.

Agents of Robinson's Famous Shows penetrated to this isolated region, said to be undoubtedly the only living white men who ever returned to tell their story. And they succeeded in bringing with them a band of the native musicians, with their instruments. This is the bamboo Marimba, marvelously sweet in tone and played with great skill by these people, it is said. And the music which they produce proves that at some distant period these people had developed the art of music to a high degree. Their airs, while very strange, show astonishing technique.

The above is only one of the novel features which distinguish the Robinson Famous Shows from the ordinary.

They will exhibit at Wilmington Friday, October 23.

BROWN SENT TO ROADS FOR ASSAULT WITH KNIFE

Says He Was Under Influence of Jamaica Ginger—Appeals Case.

Jamaica ginger was largely responsible for an assault which was made by Tom Brown on D. A. Gurganus in Mr. E. L. Starkey's store Friday afternoon, so Brown said yesterday. He also said that Gurganus had assaulted him with a pitchfork and had attempted to put him out of the store. After hearing the evidence in the case, the Recorder sentened him to 12 months on the country roads. He appealed to Superior Court and gave bond in the sum of $100.

Brown swore out a warrant yesterday afternoon charging Mr. E. L. Starkey with selling Jamaica ginger, and the latter gave bond in the sum of $100 for his appearance before the Recorder Monday morning with his brother, Mr. M. L. Starkey, as surety.

D. A. Gurganus, who received a bad scalp would in his encounter with Brown, was found not guilty of an assault with a deadly weapon.

Ross and Lacy Kennedy, two young whith men, who made an unprovoked assault upon Mr. Cyrus D. Hogue, deputy clerk of Superior Court, and Mr. F. B. Burgkin Thursday afternoon were given 24 hours in which to leave the county. Ross Kennedy was required to pay a fine of $25 and the costs in a case in which he was charged with assaulting young Lucas Ferry. Mr. Hogue in court yesterday morning stated that neither he nor Mr. Burgwin had any desire to prosecute the cases against the young men. He said that they were both drinking and hardly knew what they were doing. The Recorder first fined each $25 and the costs but when it was seen that they could not pay the fines they were given the alternative of leaving the city withing 24 hours.

Eddie Scarboro, colored, was fined $25 and the costs for engaging in an affray with Oto Wilson, also colored. The latter over whose head a beer bottle was smashed was acquitted. Walter Thomas, colored, was found not guilty of an old charge of assault with a deadly weapon but was arrested as he was leaving the court house on a charge of bigamy. Judgment was suspended upon payment of the cost in a case against Owen McCullough, colored, charged with assault on a female.

LITTLE COTTON—MUCH TOBACCO.

Few Bales; Low Prices—Big Breaks; Good Prices.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Greenville, N. C., Oct. 15.—Very little cotton is being marketed here, perhaps less than a dozen bales having been on our market. The price is too low and farmers are watching to see if congressional agitation is going to pan out anything. Few have any confidence in it. The grades of cotton seem to be good. Speight & Co., who seem to be the only buyers, and they are not booming the market, recently shipped a lot from the western part of the county that averaged right well over the regular grades. There were 27 bales in the lot and of them only three graded as low middling, which is the basis of our grades, while ten graded strict middling, which is a quarter above middling, and the other 14 graded good middling, being one-half cent above middling. That is good. The yield is also very good. Some are picking a bale at the first picking, though in most such instances near all the cotton is being picked, leaving little for the next picking. Many will get more than a bale average, and the average per acre will be ahead of last year.

Farmers continue to sell tobacco, prices being very satisfactory. Tuesday the market had a block sale with good prices. Yesterday's sale was not so large as rain the night before kept it from the market. Prices are getting better and the man with a good tobacco crop does not feel so blue as the all-cotton man. Among the sales recently made was one by one of our houses of within a few pounds of 95,000 pounds at an average of $15.50 per 100. Many lots average far above these figures.

Concert at Hotel Wilmington.

The following is the musical programme for Hotel Wilmington today: March, The Winning Fight, Holzmann; Overture, Morning, Noon and Night, Suppe; Humoresque, Dvorak; Waltz, Wedding Dance, Lincke; Serenade, Drigo; The Swan, St. Saens; Spanish Dances 1, 2, 3, Moskowsky; Medley, B. M. C., Von Silzer; March, the Amazon, Zamilick.

Dorothy Phillips is now being seen in a weird melodrama entitled, "The Three Men Who Knew," which is one of the latest productions of Frank Crane.

Since Margaret Joslin returned from the Hawaiian Islands, she has been receiving letters from a native boy who declares she is the woman of his dreams, despite the fact she weighs over 230 pounds!

Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Co.

To Shippers and Receivers of Freight in North Carolina:

On October 13th, 1914, the provisions of the New North Carolina Freight Rate Law (Chapter 20, Public Laws, Extra Session of 1913), familiarly known as the "Justice Act," became effective under the Proclamation of the Governor of North Carolina. New tariffs of rates for the transportation of freight between points in the State of North Carolina have been filed with the North Carolina Corporation Commission, and with all the agents of the undersigned Railroad Company.

The provisions of the new law make some radical changes in the transportation of freight within this State, and in order to prevent confusion on the part of the shippers and receivers of freight, it is deemed proper to call these changes to their attention. In addition to the changes made in the rates heretofore existing, the new Law prohibits one railroad from meeting specific competitive rates of another rail or water line, unless intermediate rates are reduced to the same level, and to this extent competition between different routes will hereafter be prevented by the Law of North Carolina.

Special attention is called to the new form of these tariffs. They require that when freight is to be transported over a joint haul by more than one carrier, the shortest route must be used in order to secure the lowest rate. If the shipper does not desire his freight forwarded by the shortest route indicated in the tariff, but desires it forwarded by another route, it will be so forwarded, but the rate charged must be for the actual distance by the route directed by the shipper, even though it be the longer route.

Freight transported between points on this line will, under the terms of the law, be forwarded by the route over which this line's lowest rate is obtained, and the said lowest rate will be applied; provided, that if the shipper instructs that the freight be forwarded by another route, it will be so forwarded, and the rate applicable by said other route will be applied.

The rates from junction points reached by two or more lines are no longer the same via all lines. Freight delivered to this line for transportation from such junction points will be forwarded via the route via which this line's lowest rate is obtained, whether entirely over this line or over a joint-haul route; provided, that if the shipper designates another route, the freight will be routed accordingly, and the rate via such route will be applied.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE RAILROAD COMPANY,
By JAMES MENZIES, Freight Traffic Manager.
Wilmington, N. C., October 14, 1914.

Star Business Locals Get Results

WITH THE MAN IN THE STREET

The Married Man—We respectfully submit that any married man who attempts to show that a married man is happier than one who is not, is not in a position to render an impartial opinion. For he is already committed to one side of the question, and is therefore disqualified for giving advoce to one who is not married.

So that when our friend, the telegraph editor, proceeded the other night to give this scribe, who happens to be in that unfortunate class known to the world as bachelors, 47 different reasons—and all of them good ones—why a man should marry, we didn't listen to him long before we reminded him of the 57 reasons he had given on a previous occasion why a man should not marry.

"Oh, well, those others don't count," he said. "You see, it is different now. I realized the error of my way before it was too late and have reformed. My advice to you is to do likewise, if you can find a woman who has courage enough to undertake to live with you."

From the smile on his face and the happy look in his eyes it was easy to see that it is different now—very different. Frankly, we envy him his good fortune, but we are not yet able to answer those 57 reasons why a man should not marry.

But after all life is not built up on philosophy and arguments, but on common sense, which is to say that every man should live a normal life, such as an all wise providence has intended that he should live. Home is universally recognized as one of the elements of human happiness. Therefore, well, why the therefore? Our friend, the telegraph editor, says there is no need for the therefore.

The Sign of the Wildcat.—Individual characteristics or traits of personality are not confined to those who have risen to greatness, despite a somewhat current belief to this is the case. Every individual has some distinguishing trait of his own, though the public may never realize it unless he be brought much before the public eye.

A certain captain of finance and industry in Wilmington, with whom many local business men confer every day, has one of these odd little characteristics that has become so well known that those who come to him for advice have learned to read in it his approval or disapproval of their plans.

Leaning back at his desk, with a pencil in his fingers, this man lets his caller explain his mission, seldom interrupting the visitor, unless it be with a question that drives straight to the heart of the proposition discussed. But all the while the pencil in his hands is busy, tracing on a pad in front of him idle marks and lines. Sometimes these lines wander all over the pad, going nowhere and resembling nothing but lines and curves. At other times the pencil works with a design, and gradually there appears upon the pad a grotesque caricature resembling in no small measure a grinning wildcat. To those who know the gentleman well enough, the wandering lines have come to mean almost certain approval of their projects, but if the wildcat is drawn they know without waiting to hear him say so that he does not consider the proposition entirely feasible.

It is not necessary to mention this man's name. Any well posted business man knows all about the sign of the wildcat.

The Ever Present—During the progress of the third game of the world's series last week, when on far off Fenway field the Boston Braves and the Philadelphia Athletics were in the throes of perhaps the greatest game in baseball history, the fans here were banked up outside The Star building, following with intense interest each play. Upstairs, in the telegraph room, a little group of men hung over the operator, and as the wire clattered off the returns, a megaphone conveyed the news to the crowd outside.

A note came up from the managing editor downstairs, asking the man with the megaphone to inquire if a certain Mr. ..... was in the crowd. "Important message for him at telegraph office; death message." read the managing editor's note.

The megaphone man made the query, but if the man wanted was in the crowd he did not answer. Perhaps he was there, and intuition may have told him what the telegram contained. Or perhaps he was not there, and did not learn of the message until later. At any rate, after the brief interruption, the crowd downstairs, who did not know that the telegram was a death message, and the men upstairs who did know, turned their attention to baseball game again.

"In the midst of life we are in death." The incident related calls the phrase to mind, and it in turn pictures for us a little knot of mourning humans, gathered about an open grave, the women black-robed and sobbing, the men standing with bared heads and faces graven in sorrow; the hollow thud of the falling earth clods on the lid of the box below, and the kindly, sympathetic voice of the priest proclaiming: "In the midst of life we are in death."

School Days Again—For several weeks now the children of the city have been busily engaged with their books in school, learning lessons, writing compositions and solving hard problems in arithmetic and algebra. They do not spend as many hours in school now as children in the good old days had to do, but they study more books. For evidence that is convincing, watch them as they go home to dinner or lunch along towards 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

In some cases boys and girls of tender age have more books than they can well carry. How much they study them, the parents can best tell. But they are happy, as all school children are, for they have few cares beyond preparing their lessons for the following day. After all they are the same school children as those were in the old days. They have better teachers and it is easier for them, perhaps, to obtain the rudiments of knowledge, in spite of the fact that they have to study so many more books.

While they are learning to study books and are thus becoming acquainted with the wisdom of the ages, their teachers are also teaching them something about the world around them. Some people here know this, for they are plied with questions as to the height of the steeple on the First Baptist church, the length of a city block, the different kinds of paving that are used on the principal streets, the location of the dipper—and many other things that they know little about.

Not for the world would we enter a protest against the modern methods of teaching. Rather would we congratulate the children that they are enabled to learn so much more in a given length of time than they were in the days of long ago, when this scribe and others of his age had to dig out their knowledge almost by brute strength. And he and others like him have oftimes felt sadly their deficiency in their attainments of certain branches of knowledge that children now have the opportunity of getting with little effort.

At Home Again—B-r-whrump, bang, came the sound from around the corner with startling regularity and the Man in the Street wondered what kind of bombardment was going on in that vicinity. Investigation showed that it was house cleaning day at one of the well known residences in this city and that several servants were engaged in beating the dust from carpets and rugs.

The home was being opened again for the fall and winter season after the return of the family from the summer vacation which perhaps was spent in some mountain town. For several months during the summer there was a look of dreariness about many of the homes on the fashionable streets of Wilmington, the doors being shut, the blinds closed, and in some cases boards used to enclose the windows so that thieves and burglars could not enter.

But now there is an atmosphere suggestive of life, for the houses have been opened again. Instead of finding general darkness on the main thoroughfares of the city when traveling around the city early in the evening, one finds everywhere bright lights in the homes. Good cheer and the joy and gladness of happy home life are evident on every hand. It is no longer summer and the happy vacation season is over.

There were many, however, a great majority, who were unable to spend the summer on the seashore or in the mountains and had to occupy their homes in the city. But while they were denied the pleasures of an extended vacation, these families were not unhappy. Even with limited incomes and with the pressing cares of maintaining their homes in the face of high prices for food and clothing, these people are perhaps as happy—and in many cases happier—as those who could go away for rest and recreation.

The Kindly Postman—To the Postman or the letter carrier, as some call him, we would offer a tribute that comes from the heart. His mission in life—even as that of the newspaper man—is one that brings him in contact with many different kinds of people. He carries messages of love, of good cheer and sometimes of sorrow and trouble. Sometimes he is greeted with a smile and a kindly word and again he is treated with a gruffness and a haughtiness of manner that would hurt his feelings, if he stopped to think about it. But he doesn't. When he is treated kindly he is thankful and when otherwise he goes on his way and speedily forgets about it.

Not all postmen are alike. They are as varied as humanity itself and as the people they meet. Some are accommodating and some are not. Some take a great deal of pleasure in their work and others perhaps feel that it is drudgery. Some carry a smile on their faces and some look sour and appear to be suffering some great pain.

But there are others who take real pleasure in their work. They delight in bringing letters to the people they know. Soon they learn just when some fond mother expects to get a letter from her boy who is in college or from her daughter who is taking voice culture or studying music in some conservatory. They know just the days certain young men are going to get letters from their sweethearts or from some dear friend.

And they have real and genuine sympathy for those poor unfortunate mortals who receive a big lot of "duns" on the first of the month. It is on these latter occasions that we appreciate his sympathy, for then it is that we feel we need it most.

Through rain and snow and sleet they go, always faithful, receiving scant thanks for the service they perform but always thankful that in Wilmington at least their work is for the most part in the sunshine and that the people they meet are in the majority full of the milk of human kindness.

SOUTHERN COMMERCIAL CONGRESS

Establishes Bureau of Economics and Public Efficiency.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 15.—Announcement is made by the executive officers of the Southern Commercial Congress that Mr. LeRoy Hodges, of Petersburg, Va., has been appointed counselor and head of the recently organized Bureau of Economics and Public Efficiency of the Congress. Mr. Hodges, who served as assistant director of the American Commission on Agricultural Co-operation, and later of the American Commission of Municipal Executives, both of which made extensive investigations in Europe, is considered one of the strongest municipal experts in the United States.

In establishing the Bureau of Economics and Public Efficiency, the Southern Commercial Congress is making provision to extend its field of usefulness to the economic, social and political problems of urban life in the Southern states. Efficiency methods in municipal organization are vital elements in the proper development of all communities. There are constantly arising questions in connection with the daily activities of city and county governments, chambers of commerce, boards of trade and civic organizations that require expert interpretation.

Under present conditions such expert services are practically unobtainable except at a prohibitive expense to all except the largest communities. Recognizing an opportunity to render a definite practical service to the cities and towns, and to the organizations of the South, the Southern Commercial Congress has brought into existence this bureau of trained experts to supply this needed service at a minimum expense.

The cities and towns of the South need efficient organizations to achieve progress. The Bureau of Economics and Public Efficiency of the Congress is equipped to organize or re-organize along efficient lines, commercial and civic organizations in the South, and, after they have been placed on an efficiency basis, to direct their work along practical lines of accomplishment.

Having only recently conducted investigations both in the United States and in Europe, this bureau is also prepared to Southern cities to establish business-like, efficient forms of simplified municipal government. Advocating efficiency, co-ordination and simplification in municipal government, the bureau is fully equipped to direct campaigns for the adoption of our Southern cities of modern methods of municipal government. In connection with this service, the bureau will also make industrial and social surveys for the purpose of determining the lines along which constructive work must be undertaken to build greater, better and more beautiful cities in the South.

A. & M. COLLEGE NOTES.

Prof. Browne Preparing for Corn Club Exhibits at State Fair.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

—West Raleigh, N. C., Oct. 15.—Prof. T. E. Browne is busy making preparation for the reception of the large number of exhibits which are expected to arrive the latter part of the week for the State Fair from the boys of the corn clubs. Prof. Browne says that he has received assurances from several hundred boys signifying their intention exhibiting. This is one means which the experiment station is using to foster rivalry among the club members of the State.

The officials of the animal husbandry state that the home-made meat club and other farm organizations will have exhibits this year, and next year all of the various organizations will be represented.

Mr. C. M. Bruckhouse, of the class of 1914 of the A. & M. College, will begin his new duties as teacher at the Wakelon high school next week, having been elected to the chair of elementary agriculture at a recent meeting of the trustees. Wakelon is one of the most modern rural high schools in the State, and will establish a number of agricultural features and will also have a farm in connection.

DON'T NEGLECT YOUR STOMACH

If It's Upset Mi-o-na Puts It Right and Ends Distress or Nothing to Pay.

If you are one of the thousands who cannot eat a simple meal without its lying in the stomach like lead, fermenting and causing painful distress, sourness and gas, do not delay but go at once to your druggist and get some Mi-o-na—a simple prescription especially prepared to quickly and effectively end indigestion or dyspepsia and correct bad stomachs.

You must not allow your upset stomach to go from bad to worse for there will surely be longer periods of food fermentation causing greater agony, more gas, sick headache, unrefreshing sleep, "blue spells" and nervousness.

If your stomach is out of order, feels badly after meals, you must put it right. A few Mi-o-na tablets are just what you need—always keep them handy—they are small, pleasant to take, and absolutely harmless. Use Mi-o-na freely at the first sign of distress. It not only quickly ends the misery but helps to unclog the liver, cleanse and strengthen the stomach so it can digest your food in the natural way, then you are well, hale and hearty.

Mi-o-na is not only one of the most effective remedies but inexpensive. Robt. R. Bellamy sells it with agreement to refund the money if it does not give satisfaction.

(Advertisement.)

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226 North Water Street,
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Car of Can Goods.
Car of the Famous" Ring-Leader" Flour.
Car of Wire Nails.
Large lot of Fresh Mullets.
All of these just received.
Full stock of Fresh Groceries, Drugs.
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Oysters! Oysters!!
Oysters! Oysters!!
ARE HERE—ALWAYS FIRST AT
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RUN BY AMERICANS.
Extra help added to our force, guaranteeing quicker and better service. Special Menus for Breakfast, Dinner and Supper. Everything in Season.
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We have a New Method that cures Asthma, and we want you to try it at our expense. No matter whether your case is of long-standing or recent development, whether it is present as Hay Fever or chronic Asthma, you should send for a free trial of our method. No matter in what climate you live, no matter what your age or occupation, if you are troubled with asthma, our method should relieve you promptly.

We especially want to send it to those apparently hopeless cases, where all forms of inhalers, douches, opium preparations, fumes, "patent smokes", etc., have failed. We want to show everyone at our own expense, that this new method is designed to end all those terrible paroxysms at once and for all time.

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immediately as soon as they show signs of decay will save many an ache and preserve their good appearance. There is absolutely no excuse for poor teeth, nowadays.

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WORK AND PRICES GUARANTEED

A. D. S. Shampoo Paste
Unsurpassed for Shampooing the hair and cleansing the scalp. Also relieves irritation; price, 25c.
Try a package of Anti-Ache for Headache and Neuralgia; 25c.
'Phone your wants to 55. You will find our Delivery System Prompt and Reliable.
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WE HAVE A COMPLETE LINE AND CAN FILL YOUR ORDERS PROMPTLY.
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WHOLESALE

100 BARRELS
Fresh Caught Medium Size Mullets At a Bargain
J. W. BROOKS
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"A Dime Buys Either"

But there are Twenty Full Ounces of pure, strong Solid Concentrated Lye in Mendleson's big can. You get only sixteen ounces in the cans others sell you for a dime, and many of them are inferior in quality to Mendleson's.

In Powdered Lye, Mendleson sells you sixteen ounces for a dime against the twelve ounces in some other dime cans.

One-Fourth More Lye--Same Old Price

Every can warranted full strength. No fillers. No adulterants. Just pure, Concentrated Lye—That's all—Three cans solid Lye for a quarter.

MENDLESON'S LYE
MOST ECONOMICAL

A big leader for soap making. The big Twenty-Ounce Can saponifies eight pounds of grease, making the best hard or soft soap you ever used. That beats the best record of any other ten cent can. Mendleson's Can gives full directions for making the best soap.

Try Mendleson's Lye for other things—for cleaning, for scouring, for getting the grease out of sinks and drains, for driving away dirt and disease germs, for disinfecting, for treating hogs and caring for poultry. Just one can proves that for every use there's nothing so good as

MENDLESON'S LYE
PURE AND STRONG

Get a fourth more of the best Lye for a dime at any of the following dealers:

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RALEIGH, N. C.—North Carolina State Fair . . . $4.75
Tickets on sale October 17th to 24th, limited to October 26th.
NEWBERN, N. C.—Eastern Carolina Fair $2.90
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We are now prepared to make prompt deliveries of
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and will appreciate all orders given us.
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Noted For It's Excellent Cuisine
Large, Light Sample Rooms. Located in the Centre of the Business District.
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3 miles 30 pound R. R. Iron.
1 20-ton Locomotive.
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We have these and a great many other Bargains at our yards at Lingo City. Can ship at once.

Wilmington Iron Works
"THE IRON MEN."

HOME RULE FOR IRELAND NOW

Interesting Review of Events by Cork Weekly Examiner Received in This Country—What It Means.

In the avalanche of more important, if not more interesting news, that has come over the sea since the outbreak of hostilities in Europe, little attention has been paid to the restoration of home rule for Ireland, in which thousands of sons of the Emerald Isle in this country are most vitally interested. Under the head, "A Nation Once Again," the Cork Weekly Examiner, copies of which have been received here, gives an interesting review of the legislation so vitally affecting Ireland and says editorially:

"Nationalist Ireland will rejoice at the fact that after years of struggle, and after many vicissitudes and disappointments, the measure which gives Irishmen the right to make their own laws in their own land has at length reached the Statute Book. Last week the Royal Assent was given to the Home Rule Bill, and though its operation has been suspended for 12 months owing to the war, still Home Rule is now placed beyond the reach of danger, and the opening of the Parliament House in College Green is as certain as that the tides ebb and flow. Ireland will have her own Parliament, with an Executive responsible to it, and nothing, as far as human foresight may discern, can prevent the ideal for which Irishmen have for so long striven from being fully realised. At the present moment no one desires to say an unkind word of those who endeavored to checkmate the efforts of the majority of the Irish people in reaching the goal for which their forefathers have fought and died, and in the hour of victory Nationalists will maintain that calm dignity which throughout a prolonged struggle has characterized their behavior. Ireland's dream of Liberty has practically been realised, and now that the fight has been fought and won on constitutional lines they will prove that they are worthy of their trust, and that though proud of their success they are not disposed to act otherwise than honorably and fairly by those who differed politically from them in the past.

"The Irish in America and in Australia, no less than Irishmen at home, will naturally feel an exultant glow at the glad news which ends the Dublin Castle regime and replaces it by a National Assembly representative of Irish thought and Irish ideals. In every part of the civilized world where Irishmen meet joy will be expressed at the realization of Ireland's hopes, and gratitude for her emancipation will be declared. A new and better era may now be said to have been inaugurated with Great Britain, and men will look forward to building up a prosperous and progressive Ireland when the Home Rule Parliament meets to control her destinies and administer her affairs. The manacled figure of Dark Rosaleen in tears will be replaced by a self-reliant and hopeful Erin, with the jewel of Liberty in her diadem. The dark days of struggle and bitterness are over, and Ireland, rejuvenated and triumphant, awaits the dawn which is already creeping over the horizon. The Home Rule bill is now the Home Rule Act, and in a year or perhaps less it will become operative, and Ireland will come into her own. The aspirations of her patriot dead and the hopes of her faithful sons are being realized, and Ireland has become a Nation once again.

"Such a glorious achievement, won by constitutional methods, recalls the names of many who have worked for Ireland, and who have passed to their reward without having seen the fruition of their labors. They have fallen by the way, but their spirit has animated and inspired their successors in the National party, who deserve every honor that the people of Ireland can pay them. To Mr. Redmond and his staunch and patriotic party Ireland owes a debt which she can never adequately repay. They have served their country faithfully and well, they have kept the flag flying when the outlook was dark and almost hopeless, but undaunted by reverses they have in the end won for her the liberty which was, her heritage, and of which she will soon enter into the full enjoyment. Nationalist Ireland salutes her leader, and applauds his generalship. His name and the names of his colleagues will be inscribed on her roll of honor, and posterity will bless their work and their loyalty to the cause. And only in lesser degree will Ireland acknowledge her indebtedness to Mr. Asquith, who, despite the slander of malicious tongues, never deviated from the course which he believed to be based on justice and truth, and to Mr. Birrell, who piloted the Home Rule bill through the House of Commons. The Liberal and Labor parties, as representing the democracy of Great Britain, also proved their sincerity and faithfulness, and their action throughout has helped to create a better understanding between the two peoples. Ireland's future may now be said to be in her own hands, and her new duties and responsibilities must be undertaken by the best and most capable of her sons. Ireland is the motherland of Ulster, as well as of Munster and Leinster and Connaught, and when all unite under an Irish Parliament to work for her welfare there can be no doubt as to the result. With the liberty which Home Rule brings new fields of enterprise are opened up, new thoughts and ideals will replace dissensions and distrusts, and Ireland united under a Home Rule Parliament and with freedom on her standard may look forward with confidence in the enjoyment of liberty."

THE TEN AMENDMENTS.

The List to be Voted on in the General Election in November.

The ten amendments, which the people of North Carolina are to vote for or against on November 3, are as follows:

I. To change the term "War of the Rebellion" where used to "War Between the States."

II. To increase the compensation of members of the General Assembly to $360 per session, and decrease their mileage.

III. To limit local, private and special legislation by the General Assembly.

IV. To change the day of inaugurating the Governor.

V. To prevent delays in trials by providing emergency judges.

VI. Removing obsolete sections from the Constitution.

VII. To revise and reform the system of revenue and taxation.

VIII. To prevent special charters to corporations by the General Assembly.

IX. To prevent special charters to towns, cities and incorporated villages.

X. To require six months public school term.

PERIL OF PATERNALISM

(New York Journal of Commerce)

The fact is universally recognized that German efficiency has been on trial during the last two months and that it has stood the test marvelously well. But so also for centuries did the not dissimilar organization of the Roman Empire, and yet, in the long run, it was found to be an impossible task, that of ruling an immense empire without a representative system and whose sole sources of power were the supreme central government and the army. It is quite true that it has yet to be proven in the history of the world that a military despotism in Roman hands was not as long-lived as, or more long-lived than, sounder systems in other hands. It is entirely probable that had the efficiency of the German organization been developed in presence of a surrounding world as weak as that which Rome had to face after the fall of Carthage, the wildest dreams of Pan-Germanism might have come true, and the Teuton been installed for generations to come as the arbiter of civilization. But Germany is surrounded by nations, in the aggregate stronger and more numerous than herself, even if less effectively organized for purposes of warfare. Be the contest between these hostile forces long or short it can have but one ending, and to appreciate the bearing of that on the progress of the world one must remember the very different result for which Germans had prepared themselves. The German people have been long accustomed to take their policy and their opinions from their rulers, and the latter knew but one maxim of policy—the supremacy of force. Of that force, the Emperor was held to be the ultimate embodiment. All through his reign William II has been prodigal of aphorisms like these: "Only one is master in this country. That is I. Who opposes me I shall crush to pieces." "We Hohenzollerns take our crown from God alone, and to God alone we are responsible in the fulfillment of our duty." "All of you have but one will, and that is my will; there is only one law, and that is my law." Predisposed as he was to exalt the Prussian conception of the State as the embodiment of Might, Bismarck, as appears from his Memoris, apprehended that the young Emperor was in danger of going too far. He put on record the fear that by following the road in which the Emperor was walking the future of Germany might be sacrificed to the impulses of the moment, and he added: "Former rulers looked more to the capacity than to the obedience of their advisers; if obedience alone is the qualification, then demands will be made on the general ability of the monarch, which even a Frederick the Great could not satisfy, although in his time politics, both in war and peace, were less difficult than they are today."

But patriotic Germans in thousands came gradually to look at things in the way desired by the Emperor and those around him, and they endeavored to aid the policy of their Government by creating enormous organizations which advocated solving all German problems by means of force. The Navy League, with more than a million members, demanded that Germany should have the strongest fleet, the Army League that she should have the strongest army, the Air League that she should rule the air. The Ostmarkenverein and Nordmarkenverein agitated in favor of denationalizing by force the Poles and Danes dwelling in the conquered provinces. A government aided league made war on Socialism, and the Pan-Germanic League, founded three years after the accession the the Emperor, advocated a German conquest of Belgium, Holland, Denmark and the Baltic provinces of Russia. In fact, the program stopped but little short of the Germanization of Europe and the world. The people, and particularly the rising generation, were told how Germany would conquer France and Russia, defeat the English fleet, raise India in rebellion, invade England, deprive her of her colonies, punish the United States for its arrogance and tear up the Monroe Doctrine. The possibility of a German defeat was never contemplated, it was in fact regarded as unpatriotic to discuss it. Admirals generals, university professors, lecturers, authors and journalists preached the need of power, but never the need of wisdom, of caution and of fairness. The reflex influence of all this on other nations was cumulative, and it is primarily responsible for the combination which Germany is now facing on the battlefield.

Whatever terms this combination may be able to impose on Garmany, the final issue will be determined by the fact that as has been well said, the war is not merely a war between two groups of nations, but between two political systems and two political philosophies. While the sympathies of our people necessarily incline to the side which stands for human freedom as against military absolutism, it is a curious fact that at a time when representative institutions seem to be on the eve of a sudden and enormous extension, our own faith in their efficacy as a means of government should show signs of weakening. While we are witnessing a crowning demonstration of the folly of making a supreme central government the sole depositary of power, it does not seem to occur either to the people or the politicians that we are pushing to dangerous lengths and authority of our own central government. This is the more remarkable because the conduct of affairs is in the hands of a party which was founded, in the words of Dr. Woodrow Wilson, president of Princeton University, on the principles of "a scrupulous limitation of the powers of the Federal Government, a studious regard for the separate powers of the several States, a democratic diffusion of power throughout the body politic." Opposed to this party, originally called Republican, were the Federalists, of whom Alexander Hamilton was the ablest and most conspicous spokesman. According to Dr. Wilson, in his "History of the American People," it had been Hamilton's work and effort "at every turn of policy in which he had any part to make the Federal Government virtually master of the affairs of the nation, fortified with an overwhelming strength against every force, whether of the States or of individuals that might antagonize it." It was as a protest against this tendency and this line of policy that General Jackson was elected President of the United States in 1828, and that the Government passed into the hands of the Democratic party professing "doctrines of strict construction and purposes of moderate action in the use of constitutional authority." It would be interesting to know, at the present juncture, just what Woodrow Wilson, President of the United States, thinks of the terms of the popular mandate which raised him to the chair of Chief Magistrate in 1913.

REPUBLICAN INSINCERITY UNMASKED IN THE HOUSE.

Sherley, of Kentucky, Riddles Arguments Against War Revenue Bill.

In a speech upon the war tax bill recently, Representative Swager Sherley, of Kentucky, dealt a crushing blow to the Republican argument that additional taxes need not be levied if the Government funds now deposited in national banks were withdrawn and used for the current expenses of the Treasury. On this point he said:

"Members rail at the Democratic administration because it has deposited $75,000,000 with the national banks. Now, the only difference between the Democratic party's action in that regard and the Republican party's action in the past has been that you deposited money free of any interest and we have deposited money and asked 2 per per cent interest on it.

"Now, the fact is this, also known of and admitted by all thinking men who are not talking simply for the sake of party advantage: We have lived under a currency system that has been the worst currency system of any civilized nation on the globe. Under it your discount rate upon speculative loans was always less than it was upon commercial loans, because there was no medium whereby you could rediscount commercial paper, and, therefore, the New York banks having reserves deposited with them by the interior banks had to loan money upon such character of collateral as would enable them in ordinary times to immediately get it back when money was called for by the interior banks that had loaned to them; and hence loans were made upon stock and bond collateral, a collateral that is really convertible in ordinary times, but which in times of great distress becomes the most difficult and in many ways the worst collateral that a bank could have. Here were the banks of America with a great mass of this collateral. Here were more than a thousand millions of dollars of American securities owned abroad, every government in Europe wanting gold, and gold only, to finance the war, and every one of the peoples of those countries struck by the blighting effect of this war, with the need to source for cash. The necessary result was the instant offering to America of vast quantities of these American securities held abroad, with a consequent destruction of their market value. If the banks had not been in a position, or had refused to protect in some degree those offerings, they would have destroyed much of their own collateral, their own securities would have dwindled, credits would have vanished, many would have faced bankruptcy, although in point of fact more than solvent, amply able ordinarily to take care of all demands.

"If the Government with that situation had let the country understand that it was going to add to the burdens of the banks instead of taking from the burdens of the banks as far as they could, you would have had a panic in this country, and then the very men who are here railing against us because we do not go to the banks now and draw out this money, would have been loudest in their statement that it was a refusal of the Government to help business and financial institutions that had forced the panic on us.

"I say to you that it takes courage and statesmanship of the highest order to face disagreeable tasks, to face them knowing that criticisms will be made, which, to the casual thinker, will carry weight, and to do it without regard to political fortunes, because it is in the true interests of your country. I do not believe there is a man within the sound of my voice, acquainted with real financial transactions, with world currents, but that in his heart of hearts approves of the action that the Government has taken in strengthening the banks throughout the country at this time instead of undertaking to weaken them."

CHILD HAS NARROW ESCAPE.

Monument Will Soon be Up—Big Sale at Big Prices.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Greenville, N. C., Oct. 15.—The erection of the Confederate monument is progressing rapidly. It is expected to be completed in a few days and the date for unveiling set and announced. All the matgrial, including the bronze figure, is on the grounds. It will consist of a base, or rather bases, die, shaft, cap and figure surmoufting, making the height about 30 feet.

One of the largest sales recently on the Greenville market was that by one of the warehouses of 170,052 pounds of tobacco at an average of $13.50 per hundred pounds. Taking into consideration the many grades and so many of common tobacco in such a sale, that is a remarkable sale and price.

Rev. J. M. Daniel, pastor, assisted by Rev. Mr. McCracken, of Raleigh, is conducting a revival at the Methodist church this week.

The little child of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Jones, of Rocky Mount, had almost a hairbreadth escape from being crushed under the wheels of the Atlantic Coast Line 1:18 train yesterday. Mrs. Jones with her child is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Tunstall, who live near the depot. Yesterday the nurse went to the depot to mail a letter and soon the child missed her and started to follow. The train was coming in and the little fellow didn't stop for it and the engineer did not see him. The crowd saw the danger and tried to do something, but the train was so close that the child just got across the track as the train brushed by. Many rushed to the rescue of the little one, but none were there before he was off the track. Some of the would-be rescuers endangered themselves in their efforts to reach the child.

The new postoffice building is nearing completion but will not be ready for occupancy by the postoffice before 1915, from present outlook.

THE LIFE WORK OF A NOTED CHEMIST

Folk Miller's Word as Well as His Skill Back of This Valuable Remedy.

The reaction from deadly drugs destroys the healthy tissues of the body and leaves the system susceptible to other diseases.

This means that you must be constantly taking medicine to temporarily build up what another has torn down.

It is no small thing to have the finished product of this noted chemist within easy reach and at but little cost.

Folk Miller's Liver Pills can be procured at your druggists or at the country stores for 10c. a box.

They are safe and effective and not only cure sick headache, biliousness, etc. but if taken occasionally serve as a general tonic, keep the system invigorated and prevent such troubles as sick headaches, biliousness, piles, appendicitis, fistula and other troubles which come from a disordered liver.

Don't poison your system with calomel or weaken it with salts or stringent liquids.

Send for a free sample or buy a box from your druggist or general store now and let nature's own remedy restore you to normal health. Examine carefully the coupon you will find in each box—worth 2½c. Folk Miller Drug Company, Inc., Richmond, Va.

IN TIME OF WAR PREPARE FOR PEACE

Its coming, and prices will rise—values increase. So NOW while war time prices prevail, buy your Homesite, that will be a credit to your good judgement

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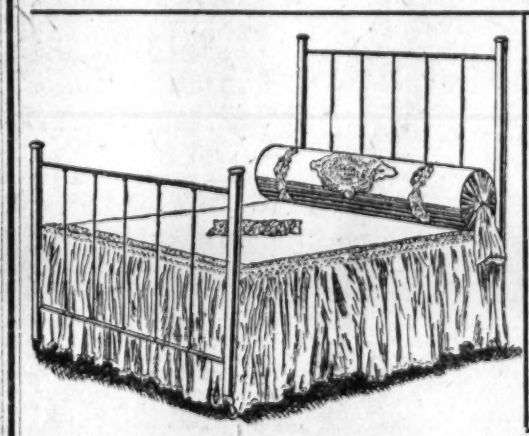

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EVERYTHING FOR THE HOME

Christian Endeavor in Foreign Lands

By JOHN R. CLEMENTS

President of the New York State Christian Endeavor Union.

The Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor stands at the great service organization in the church; it is the one only interdenomational, interational young people's federation for the development and beterment of the youth of today. Born to meet the need in one church, it has gone unostentatiously and without deliberate premeditation literally "into all the world," and it has proven in "lands afar" the same helpful uplifting, developing agency applied to the young life in the church, that it showed itself to be in the little Williston Church in Portland, Maine, where it had its beginning.

The story of Christian Endeavor in foreign lands reads, in many of its details, like a new book of the Acts of the Apsotles. It has found its way not only to the continental countries, but in the islands of the sea its strenth and helpfulness is beautifully manifested.

In the Philippines it is atached to the principal missionary churches; in Formosa it is steadily gaining ground, and in Madagascar government permission has been given, and the society is rapidly progressing. In the Ellice Island the society has a following of more than 500 members. On the island of Funafuti there are 250 people, and of these 150 are Endeavorers, loyally living up to the principles and erecting a church to take the place of one that has served its day.

The Loyalty Island from a French penal colony; but even here Christian Endeavor has demonstrated its adaptability in a new way by helping keep young converts firm in the faith. Nearly 4000 Endeavorers are found on the Marshall Caroline Islands, and in almost every other island of the Atlantic, the Pacific and the South Seas some measure of usefulness is being made possible through the world-wide scope and fellowship of this wonderful society. Africa has opened its doors to Christian Endavor in very generous measure. There are unions of Dutch speaking Endeavorers and unions of English speaking ones, as well. A strange discovery was made some years ago by a German Endeavorer when he found on top of one ofthe pyramids the Cristian Endeavor monogram.

Australia has, since the time when the society was but a year or two old in America, been a large field for its activities, most of the denominations there having welcomed it and incorporated its basic principles into all their work for young people.

In South America Christian Endeavor has gained a considerable footing despite the fact that most of the countries are Roman Catholic. As far back as 1891 a society was formed in Santiago, Chile, and since then the society has accompanied Protestant missions everywhere in Chile, Peru, and other South American countries. In Brazil and British and Dutch Guiana it is unusaully strong.

The story of Christain Endeavor in Asia is an obsorbing charter of unique accomplishments. At Madura, in South India, recently, 1500 native Endeavorers assembled for a convention. Two thousand five hundred people attended a pagsant at which Bunyan's Pilgriam's Progress was presented in song and story.

In Burma, China, Korea, Turkey and Persia the movement is well known and equally successful. European Christian Endeavor had its beginning in 1888. The society flourishes in most evangelical denominations, and has the approval of leading ministers in all parts of nearly every country. In Great Britain, France, Switzerland, Spain, Italy, Germany, Scandinavia, Finland, Russia, Poland, Hungary and the Balkan States its pledge has been translated not only into the language of the country, but into shining, living deeds of progress and sacrifice, in the lives of many thousands of young people in each of these countries.

God born, it comes to sound the note
of service full and free;
God born, it stretches out its arms
to circle land and sea;
On ships that ply the trackless blue
It sounds the call to prayer;
On islands where the souls are few
It plants its banner there.
Amid the tongues of strife and greed
Its helpful balm is given;
It guides young lives to nobleness
And points the way to heaven.

This article is the fifth of a series to be published this fall telling of the great work being accomplished by this world-wide society. The next one, "Christian Endeavor in Prisons and Hospitals," by Karl Lehmann, Field Secretary of the United Society of Christian Endeavor, will appear soon. Other articles of the series are"Christian Endeavor the West Point of the Church," by E. P. Gates, Field Secretary of the Illinois Christian Endeavor," by Hon. Daniel A. Poling, National Superintendent of Christian Citizenship.

NEW ENTERPRISES IN SOUTH

Industrial and Other Developmental Undertakings Mentioned in Current Manufacturers' Record.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Baltimore, Oct. 15.—Among the many Southern industrial and other developmental enterprises reported in this week's issue of the Manufacturers' Record are the following:

Milliken Pipe Line Co., Cushing, Okla., was incorporated with $300,000 capital stock; let contract to construct six-inch pipe line from T. B. Slick properties in Cushing oil field to refinery at Vinita; will handle about 12,000 barrels daily.

Sparta Granite Co., Jacksonville, Fla., was incorporated with $100,000 to operate stone quarries.

Gainesville Hosiery Mills, Gainesville, Ga., was incorporated with $100,000 capital stock to build hosiery mills.

P. H. Hanes Knitting Co., Winston-Salem, N. C., let contract to erect storage warehouse and paper factory; four stories and basement; 120x40 feet; brick mill construction; install machinery for capacity of 30,000 to 35,000 paper boxes daily.

Horse Creek Land & Mining Co., Charleston, W. Va., will build three-mile railroad to develop coal lands; 12,000 acre survey on Peter Cave Fork, Duvall district, Lincoln county; later probably extend road about 10 miles for development of about 30,000 acres of coal.

Everlasting Combines Metal Casket Co., Huntington, W. Va., was incorporated with $30,000 capital stock; will build plant to manufacture metal caskets.

Whitney Manufacturing Co., Whitney, S. C., let contract to erect addition to sheeting mill; reported to have capacity of 13,000 spindles.

Sylvan Cotton Mills, Shelbyville, Tenn., let contract for addition of 2,600 spindles; manufactures sheetings.

Chelsea Refining Co., Chelsea, Okla., will build refinery at Ardmore, Okla., and four-inch pipe line from field to Oil City, from which point to Ardmore, Santa Fe Oil Company's line will be used; refinery to have daily capacity of 1,000 barrels, to be increased ultimately to full capacity of 4,000 barrels in 24 hours; will build storage tanks at refinery and pump station in field.

Boone County Coal Corporation, Charleston, W. Va., will develop coal mines on Beach Creek, tributary of Little Coal river; will build tipple and establish town; constructing two-mile railroad.

Carolina Baking Co., Charlotte, N. C., was incorporated with $125,000 capital stock to establish bakery.

Taylor Colliers Co., Clarksburg, W. Va., was incorporated with $100,000 capital stock to develop coal properties.

Charleston Veneer Works, Charleston,, W. Va., was incorporated with $15,000 capital stock; will operate veneer works.

American Feed Milling Co., Asheville, N. C., was incorporated with $250,000 capital stock to establish feed mill.

WAR WORKS REFORM.

In Shipping of Worn-Out Horses to Slaughter Houses.

(Correspondence of Associated Press.)

London, Oct. 2.—The shipping of worn-out horses to the slaughter houses in Holland and Belgium, which created a scandal, has been stopped perhaps permanently by the war. To prevent its revival, a commercial company has been formed with the approval and assistance of the Royal Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, for the purpose of converting worthless horses into salable products. But unlike in the slaughter houses of the continent, whose revolting methods shocked all England and caused Parliament to pass a law regulating the traffic, the animals will have humane treatment until they receive a painless death.

ECONOMY IS WATCHWORD

Wilson Administration, in Preparing Estimates, Plans to Make Saving Wherever Possible.

Chicago, Oct. 15.—A Washington dispatch to the Chicago Herald, by John Callan O'Laughlin, says:

"The administration is to impose the most rigid economy upon the government during the next fiscal year.

"The preparation of estimates for expenses of the government for that period has begun in every department. It is realized that even if the war should end during the coming winter the exhausting effect upon Europe will prevent an early recrudesence of industrial activity. This means that importations will remain at a comparatively low figure. If the war should continue customs receipts will fall.

"Moreover, the President and his advisers are anxious to bring about as early as possible the repeal of the emergency taxes which will be enacted during the next month.

"Therefore, the administration proposes to husband the resources of the country and to keep expenses down to a minimum.

"If the war should continue, anything like an accurate forecast of the revenue of the Government during the next fiscal year will be extremely difficult to make. It is recognized that Europe will be forced to buy our food-stuffs, but little else, and, unable to buy as formerly, she will be unable to export to us as in the past. This means less customs revenue.

"The Department of Commerce has just issued a review of consular reports showing the far-reaching effects of the war on our trade. Great Britain bought three billions' worth of goods in 1912. The United States furnished 20 per cent. of this total.

"Germany purchased two and a half billions the same year, 15 per cent. of which came from the United States.

"Eleven per cent. of the billion and a half dollars' worth of products bought by France came from the United States.

"During August this country sold $110,337,545 worth of goods to foreign nations. During the same month of the preceding year it sold products valued at $187,909,020.

"The way our import trade has suffered is a matter of grave concern to the Treasury, because of the effect on revenue. For the first eighteen days of September there was collected at the various custom houses $10,845,576, while during the corresponding period of the last fiscal year there was received $17,673,974.

"The customs revenue for the present fiscal year is $22,200,000 less than it was during the last fiscal year. That is to say, there will be easily a loss of $100,000,000 during the present fiscal years, and perhaps more. Officials hesitate to think what the loss will be during the fiscal year 1916, if the war continues.

"Consideration of these facts brought the President and his advisers to the conclusion that the strictest economy must be practiced. Consequently the word has gone down the line to cut out of the estimates everything not absolutely necessary."

The Last Hole, Indeed.

The story is told of an ancient Scotch golfer whose companion died and was about to be buried. The Scotchman struggled out to the cemetery to be present at the interment, and arriving there, did not know where the grave was. He summoned a boy with a whistle.

"What, lad," he said. "It's a new course. Whaur's the hole?"—National Monthly.

HUNTING FOR A BUYER.

For that used furniture is the sort of quest for which the Business Locals are especially adapted.. Try it.

SUNDAY SCHOOL.

Lesson IV.—Fourth Quarter, For Oct. 25, 1914.

THE INTERNATIONAL SERIES.

Text of the Lesson, Matt. xxvi, 47-50; xxvii, 3-10—Memory Verses, Matt. xxvii, 3-5—Golden Text, Matt. xxvi, 24, Commentary Prepared by Rev. D. M. Stearns.

Here is another instance of God and the devil face to face, as in the temptation in the wilderness (chapter iv), after the baptism at the Jordan. But there it was the devil in his own person, while here it is the devil in Judas Iscariot. First the devil put the thought into the heart of Judas, and later he entered in himself (John xiii, 2, 27). If we would be overcomers we must resist the thoughts that are evil. It is encouraging to know that if we resist the devil he will flee from us (Jas. iv, 7; I Pet. v, 8, 9). We must bear in mind that our great daily conflict is not so much with the visible in the form of people or circumstances as with the rulers of the darkness of this world, wicked spirits in the heavenlies (Eph. vi, 12), and we certainly need the whole armor of God to be able to stand against the wiles of the devil.

Some one has said that as this was the greatest piece of work the devil ever undertook he could not trust it to any of his followers, and so entered into Judas himself. It was a host of the devil's followers, including the chief priests, elders and scribes, who came with Judas as their leader, for our Lord had said to them earlier in His ministry, "Ye are of your father the devil" (John viii, 44).

It is written that the way in which the betrayer knew where to find Jesus was because He ofttimes resorted thither with His disciples (John xviii, 2). "The wicked (one) watcheth the righteous and seeketh to slay him" (Ps. xxxvii, 32), and he seems to know our resorts and our weaknesses. Judas had told the band of followers that he would indicate the man they wanted by kissing Him. This he did, and Jesus suffered it, simply saying, "Judas, betrayest thou the Son of Man with a kiss?" (Luke xxii, 48.) How much He bore for our sakes, but how little we seem able to bear for Him! Knowing all things that should come upon Him, He went forth to meet His enemies and said, "Whom seek ye?" They answered, "Jesus of Nazareth," to which He replied, "I am."

Then happened a wonderful thing, an instance of His power, an illustration of the fact that not all the soldiers on earth could take Him if He had not been willing. They went backward and fell to the ground (John xviii, 4-6). They would never have risen again if He had not permitted, but would have been like the army of Sennacherib, all dead men (II Kings xix, 35). He allowed them to rise up and come again and take Him. It was then that Peter in his zeal blundered with his sword and took off a man's ear, but our Lord gently rebuked Peter and healed the ear.

How often by our blunderings we hinder people from hearing the gospel! It may be by untimely zeal or by some inconsistency or some un-Christlike word or deed suggested by the devil.

In following lessons we will take up the story of Jesus and Peter and Jesus before Pilate, but now we are asked to continue the story of Judas until the end of his earthly career as recorded in chapter xxvii, 3-10, this portion of the record being found only here. The seeming change in Judas was when he saw that Jesus was actually condemned. Is it possible that, having seen so much of the power of Jesus Christ and remembering the day when He quietly slipped away from the hands of the people of Nazareth and perhaps recalling His words that no man could take His life from Him (John x, 18), he did not believe that He would ever let His enemies kill Him? He could make a little money and then fool the high priests and others by seeing Jesus take Himself out of their power.

I cannot tell what His thoughts were, but I cannot forget the words, "It had been good for that man if he had not been born" (Matt.xxvi, 24). The pieces of silver remind us of the money received by Joseph's brethren when they sold him, and also of the prediction in Zech. xi, 12. Verse 9 of our lesson is a little perplexing, as it is said there that the words about the pieces of silver were spoken by Jeremiah the prophet, yet we find them written in Zechariah, not Jeremiah. Our lesson does not say they were written, but spoken, by Jeremiah. If Jeremiah spoke them and Zechariah wrote them, that would clear it all up. Some day we will know, if necessary.

The words of Judas in verse 4, "I have sinned in that I have betrayed the innocent blood," are to my mind one of the strongest testimonies on record to the holiness of the Lord Jesus—the testimony of one possessed by the devil, who was in a sense one of the twelve and knew the inner life of the little company and would have seen any flaw in the life of the Lord Jesus if there had been any.

I have often wondered if he was chosen that he might leave this testimony on record. The elders and high priests seemed glad to have dealings with him when he offered to betray Jesus, but now that he seems to have changed his mind they throw him off with the words: "What is that to us? See thou to that."

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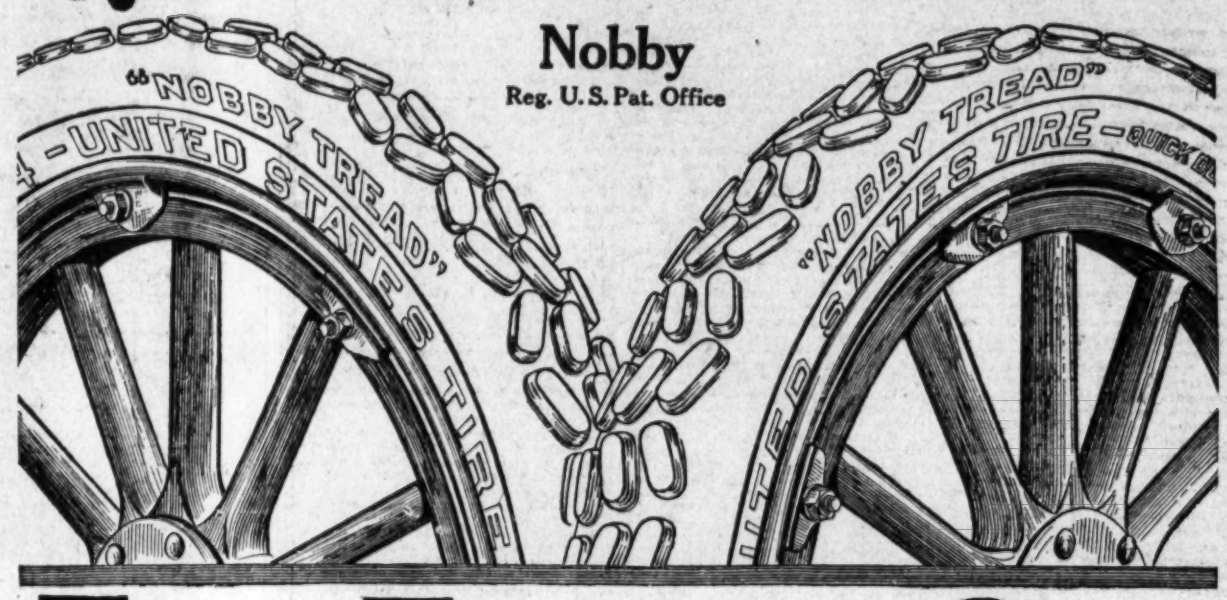

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Two wear-resisting Tires in One

The big, thick, tough rubber "Nobs" that prevent skidding, are made on a big, thick, extra strong additional strip.

Then this heavy strip is welded by hand and vulcanized on to an extra heavy, extra strong tire.

You have got to wear out the big, thick, tough "Nobs" of rubber before you even start to wear out the extra strong tire underneath.

Then comes the great big difference in the quantity and the quality of the rubber and of the fabric that is used in "Nobby Treads."

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FOR A "LEAGUE OF PEACE" NOT "PREPARATION FOR WAR"

(ANDREW CARNEGIE, in "The Independent," New York.)

The writer has not failed to read with intense interest what has been published on both sides of the Atlantic upon the present lamentable conditions, created by the greatest war known to history, embracing nine countries, five of these among the greatest nations—Britain, France, Germany, Russia, Austria and Japan, engulfing in their train Belgium, Servia and Montenegro. That the former conditions can ever be restored seems improbable. Some part of the civilized world may have to undergo reconstruction.

Among the forthcoming results there is to be proven once again the fallacy that world peace can be secured through preparation by each nation for war. On the contrary, there can be no possible escape from the conclusion that war can be abolished only through a union of powerful, peace nations, resolved to preserve the peace themselves and also, if absolutely necessary, to enforce it upon others.

The present war gives us upon a small scale an illustration of the forthcoming union of nations to preserve peace, in the agreement executed by the allies, Britain, Russia and France, which binds them to act only in unison in all matters affecting peace. No one separate nation has power to act, only the three nations united have all power.

Preparation for war as a means of ensuring peace has been proven a failure. It has been tried for 2,500 years, and has always precipitated war, since one nation "preparing" compels her neighbor to do likewise—one fears the other, and, both increase "preparation" until the inevitable struggle bursts forth. Not long since gentlemen went prepared against personal war, and this "preparation" resulted in continual danger of attack. Gentlemen actually practised shooting at dummies, that they might become better marksmen, hence more likely to kill than be killed. The more they "prepared" to meet this private war, the more likely they were to be called upon to meet it. The present Emperor of Germany found upon his elevation to the throne an average of 120 duels per year in his army, which he has reduced to ten. Only last year he took another step in favor of personal peace, and "officers having religious objections to the duel were 'ordered' hereafter to be treated with the utmost forbearance." One officer has been dismissed from the army upon refusing to fight a duel, having religious scruples. But so great was the remonstrance that he was promptly reinstated. In France, the duel creates laughter, so rare and ineffective it has become. It is now introduced successfully in comedy. So personal war fades rapidly away as men learn wisdom—national war must follow, as night follows day. So steadily grows public sentiment against war, national or personal. Against intemperance, likewise, the Emperor never ceases both by precept and example to wage war with decided success. And, above all, he has secured for Germany twenty-seven long years of unbroken peace.

In this day of hostile criticism against him as favoring the present unholy war, let it never be forgotten that there is another side to this. Not seldom the hereditary ruler has to yield to the permanent officials, for such they practically become under permanent crowned heads, a caste which in Germany is composed solely of military and naval officials who surround the throne. No one ignorant of its power can properly estimate its malign influence. The leading Germans of world-wide fame who gave their country high place in the world in the realms of knowledge, invention, discovery and science, are of secondary rank and outside of the Court. To assume that the Emperor has all power when war and peace are involved is a sad mistake. No country has today so commanding a military and naval caste. When peace or war is the question, this should ever be borne in mind.

We have seen that "preparation for war" by one nation begets similar preparation by those nations which feel themselves endangered. The remedy for this is evidently one world-wide organization of as many peaceful powers as possible to prevent war and insist that differences between nations shall be peacefully adjusted by the Hague Conference, or other tribunal satisfactory to the contendants. In the last resort, if necessary, the World Peace Court could deliver judgment by a majority vote, which would be binding upon the powers.

Without separate armies and navies there could be no war, the world would be at peace. This fact cannot be gainsaid. It is, therefore, in this direction that men of peace should labor. One great step toward this, as I have said, has been made by the following announcement; here lies the germ which only needs development to banish war from civilized nations:

The British, French and Russian governments, on Saturday, September 5th, mutually agreed not to make peace separately during the present war, and no one of them shall demand conditions of peace without the previous approval of the others.

Here the allied nations combine and act as one. After the present belligerents agree upon peaceful settlement, Germany and Austria should be the first invited by the Allies to join in forming a League of Peace. Should they accept, then some of the other nations might be invited. At the first meeting of the League some general principles might be formulated: First, one general World Peace Commission shall be established to which each member shall contribute toward expenditure in proportion to its population and wealth. Their respective fleets shall be merged, controlled and operated under such a management as the League may direct from time to time. No war policy, or attack upon any nation or fleet shall be made except by a majority vote of two-thirds of all the members of the World Peace League, and then only after timely notice to the nations threatened. The Commission shall exercise undisputed authority, always provided it is sustained and its action approved from time to time by two-third of the total membership.

An executive committee shall be elected by two-thirds majority of the Commission, a separate vote being taken upon each candidate. This committee shall elect a president and vice-president by a majority vote who shall each serve four years, but the vice-president shall serve six years for the first term, and his successor be elected for four years, thus preventing the simultaneous change of both the former high officials.

The difference between the proposed Commission and the present situation in regard to peace and war is fundamental. For twenty-five hundred years tribes and nations have warred with each other, inflicting such barbarities as make the flesh creep as one reads, and all these years it has been held by many that "preparation for war" prevents war, yet today we have the greatest outburst of war that this long history recounts. We submit that the day is past when we shall longer tolerate this inhuman sacrifice of human beings. The civilized world has tried "preparation for war" long enough. We now propose to render war impossible, at least between the best of those nations classed as civilized. When these lead, others can be compelled to follow, or ostracised, if this ever becomes necessary. The League would act upon the high moral standard of world peace, determined to maintain it when necessary in the judgment of the two-thirds majority of its members. Even if success be delayed, sooner or later its triumph would be certain.

This slight sketch may serve to awaken interest which of itself is most desirable in this phenomenal crisis. If there be a surer way to peace, so much the better. Whenever and however the killing of men by men under cover of war can be prevented, let all promising modes be submitted and tried, for war is the world's greatest crime. One thing is certain, peace upon earth can never come from "preparation for war," hence let us discard that fallacy and try other means. It is submitted that a League of Peace embracing the chief nations is worthy of consideration.

War, as the guardian of international peace, after twenty centuries of trial, has proved a traitor thereto, waging as it is today, the greatest of all wars that ever devastated the earth and sacrificing thousands of men weekly to death in this, the Twentieth Century of Christianity.

I submit that we have tried this enemy of the Peaceful Brotherhood of men too long. Now the hosts of blest World-Peace should be summoned to perform their stern duty, which shall cease only when the prophecy is fulfilled, "Men shall beat their swords into ploughshares and their spears into pruning hooks; nation shall not lift up sword against nation, neither shall they learn war any more."

Any platform short of this fails to bridge the chasm between Peace and War. We must span the roaring torrent from side to side—and never rest until the day of blest peace returns.

We have abolished slavery from civilized nations, the owning of man by man. The next great step that the advanced powers of the civilized world should take is to abolish war, the killing of man by man. God speed that day!

SOUTHERN RAILWAY WINS IN AN IMPORTANT SUIT

Greensboro Fair is Now On—Citizen Returns From France.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Greensboro, N. C., Oct. 14.—The fifteenth annual fair of the Central Carolina Fair Association opened this morning at ten o'clock. Cloudy weather today has not marred the opening and the chances are that the attendance will be the largest the association has ever enjoyed. There was a brilliant display of fireworks tonight and this will be repeated tomorrow and Thursday nights. The racing events today were well attended. The racing was good. The best racing bills will be offered tomorrow and Thursday. The "gladway" is above the average, while live stock, poultry, machinery, agricultural, handwork, marcantile and many other classes of exhibits are of a high order.

The case of Snow Lumber Company against the Southern Railway Company, tried in superior court here on appeal from Corporation Commission, resulted in a verdict for the railroad company. In this proceeding the several complainants ask for thousands of dollars as overcharges on the part of railroads in the shipment of freight over roads about Asheville, particularly on account of a 25 cent. differential charged on freight going to points on the Murphy branch, or originating. Joined as petitioners were all the leading High Point factories, several firms of Greensboro, Salisbury, Asheville, Hendersonville, Brevard, Morganton, Lenoir, Taylorsville, Waynesville and other places. The corporation commission had held against the petitioners.

R. L. Markham, who formerly lived here and organized the McGlamery-Markham Company, has returned from a visit to his old home in France and is preparing to engage in business for himself. He will be again engaged in the automobile business, with which he is thoroughly familiar. He formerly was connected with the Ford factory and knows the automobile thoroughly.

GREEKS BUY U. S. SHOES.

New York Factory Busy at Work on Order of 100,000 Pairs.

Binghamton, N. Y., Oct. 15. George F. Johnson, head of the Endicott-Johnson shoe factory, of Lestershire, announces the receipt of an order from Greece for the immediate manufacture of 100,000 pairs of shoes for the Grecian army. The shoes are being turned out as fast as possible.

The factory is experiencing a return of prosperity, following the war depression, and has orders for $1,000,000 worth of shoes.

Widely Read.

A frivolous society girl, in a small town, made a daily trip to the town library, where she would always get a book.

This being the loafing place of the young men of the town, it was quite evident why she came.

One of the young men, guessing that fact, asked her this question:

"Miss Jones, have you ever read 'Scott's Emulsion!'"

"O! Yes, isn't it the sweetest book. I just love it!"—National Monthly.

A Cannibal Feast.

A Summer tourist was passing through a German village in the west recently, when a stout German girl came to the front door and called to a small girl playing in front. "Gusty! Gusty!" she said, "come in and eat yourself. Ma's on the table, and Pa's half et!"—National Monthly.

VIEWS OF THE GERMANS' NAVAL SUCCESS VARIED

Has Not Been Without Effect in Holland.

Performance of Submarine Evidence of a Weapon That Any Powerful Navy Must Fear—Encouraging to Small Countries.

Amsterdam, Sept. 30.—The sinking of the British armored cruisers Aboukir, Hogue and Cressy by the German submarine "U-9" has not been without its effect in Holland and other small countries of Europe. It is felt this performance of a submarine is ample proof that in this relatively cheap craft is to be found a weapon which any powerful navy must fear, and that possibly a means has been found which will make preponderance on the sea of the large powers less of a nightmare in the smaller countries than it has been.

The Dutch press generally has not much on the subject. The Danish press also has made but scant comment on the work of the "U-9", but Spanish and Swedish papers have been less reticent. An almost extraordinary restraint has been exercised by the German and Austro-Hungarian papers, while the Italian press seems to be generally taking the view that the submarine is an arm of the small country which the largest powers must respect after the destruction of the three British cruisers with a loss of 1,400 men and 60 officers—the result of two hours' work by a submarine with a crew of twenty.

The views expressed by an unnamed Norwegian admiral in the Christiania Morgenbladet of September 24 may be taken as typical of what has been said in Europe of the affair:

"The efforts of the English to blockade the Baltic and the North Sea have been given their death sentence since a German submarine with a crew of twenty men managed to break through the cordons established, travel some 200 sea miles and from its base and slip about easily in the waters controlled by the English fleet. That these cruises were ald ones not mean anything. The fate that ovetook them, can overtake tomorrow the entire English battle fleet.

"The North Sea and the Baltic are no longer in the possession of the blockading English armored monsters. A new era with a new method has begun for the small powers when they will be able to maintain a large number of these cheap and efficient sea arms and in so doing even up things with a powerful enemy whose greater resources permitted him to build up a navy entirely beyond the means of small governments."

While, he said, great restraint has been exercised by the German press there has been noticeable a feeling of renewed confidence in the naval phase of the European war. With pardonable pride it is pointed out that the "U-9" and "U-21," after doing their deadly work, returned to their stations unharmed and are now ready for more expeditions of that sort.

The case of the "U-21" is especially remarkable when it is borne in mind that this boat was away from her base for almost ten days, a performance with which another of the "U" boats also must be credited, according to a published letter of a member of its crew.

The letter in question described the long journey above and under the water, its many hardships nad the final reward of the men by a glimpse into the perscope which showed a flock of big British men-of-war lying peacefully at anchor, unmindful of the "seawolf with the iron skin" who was prowling in the deep—to use the language of the sailor from whose letter this is taken.

It was stated in the letter that the trip had reconnaissance as its purpose, and that the captain refrained from libedating the torpedo in the tube, because doing so would have been contrary to orders. It was further stated that the trip was along the coast of Scotland and England.

"It would seem," says the Ostsee Zeiting, "that while the possession of submarines by Germany was of no great concern to the British, the great activity-radius of the craft is." "In that," comments the Vienna Free Presse, "may be found an example of the farsightedness for which the Germans have already been known."

Rear Admiral Schlieper, of the German navy, publishes some rather interesting details concerning the German submarine and its field of action in an article in the Berliner Tageblatt:

"There has been some complaint in the past," he says, "that we were not building as many submarines as the French and English, for instance. But for this we had good reasons. Deaf to the plaints of the critics we permitted other nations to make the experiments, profiting by their experiences. In addition the demands of service along our coast were different.

"Naturally, I can not speak of these now, but I may mention that the small submarine, limited to activity near its base, was not exactly what we wanted. What we needed were larger boats, which in addition to being sea-going had a great activity-radius. But to build such a submarine was no easy matter. Motor questions and other technical problems had to be solved. This done, we hastened the building of submarines and constructed a nearly perfect boat. That our type of this craft is nearly perfect has been shown by the "U-9", which within the space of two hours destroyed three powerful armored cruisers—one puny David defeating three Goliaths."

SUPERIOR TO COPAIBA & INJECTIONS
SANTAL MIDY
CAPSULES
RELIEVES IN 24 HOURS

Read Star Business Locals.

The C. W. Polvogt Co.

"The Store Thats Always Busy"

The Millinery Section Announces an Important Reduction in Many of

THE - FINEST - HATS

Which Will Offer More Than Customary Savings at This Early Season

The Hats are handsome models, shown during the opening exhibition and still later styles, suitable for both street and dress wear.

The selection includes large, medium and loose-fitting shapes, with most favored trimmings of curled ostrich, burnt ostrich, Numidie, fur and flowers.

Illustrated. Faishionable monkey-fur and a gorgeous red rose with foliage trimming, a large, black velvet shape.

Children's School Hats, a large assortment, priced at $1.25, $1.50, $2, $2.25, $2.50 to $3.00.

We Are Exceeding Our Own Selling Records by Sheer Merit Of A Better Style Service

OUR DRAPERY SECTION.

An Education in Economically Beautifying the Home.

Beautiful Curtain Scrim, in the latest designs, Specially priced, 20c and 25c yd. Handsome Cretonnes in all the new designs in colorings.

Ask to see our French Cretonnes.

A Captivating New Exhibition and Sale of

Colored Dress Goods

Wherein You Can Find All the Leading Shades; Also Plain Black.

Serge is the backbnoe of them, but there are lost of other weaves in fashion. These are Gabardines, like fine whipcords, poplins with straight cords running across; close basket weaves like fine waffle cloth; ripple cloths like a mixture of granite and cheviot; crepe weaves, and the new corduroys, besides cheviots in wide and narrow wales, smooth and rough.

There is a fine, new assortment of these things here.

Colors are the new dark shades, such as hunter's green, the new browns, and reds, and prunes, and blues, are the best of all. Prices on these Suitings run from 50c to $1.50 a yard.

Suits Beautiful and New

It is quite impossible to overlook these very late Suits, arrived so recently. Styles in broad lines are not radically changed, but that American manufacturers are on their mettle in the production of beautiful adaptations is every day more apparent.

FALL DRESSES SHOWING THE PARIS IDEAS INTERPRETED BY NEW YORK ARTISTS.

These have the over-blouse, buttoned and without, in Crepe and Serge; with sleeves and underskirt in bright black Satin, with Roman Stripe trimmings; prices range from $15.00 to $30.00.

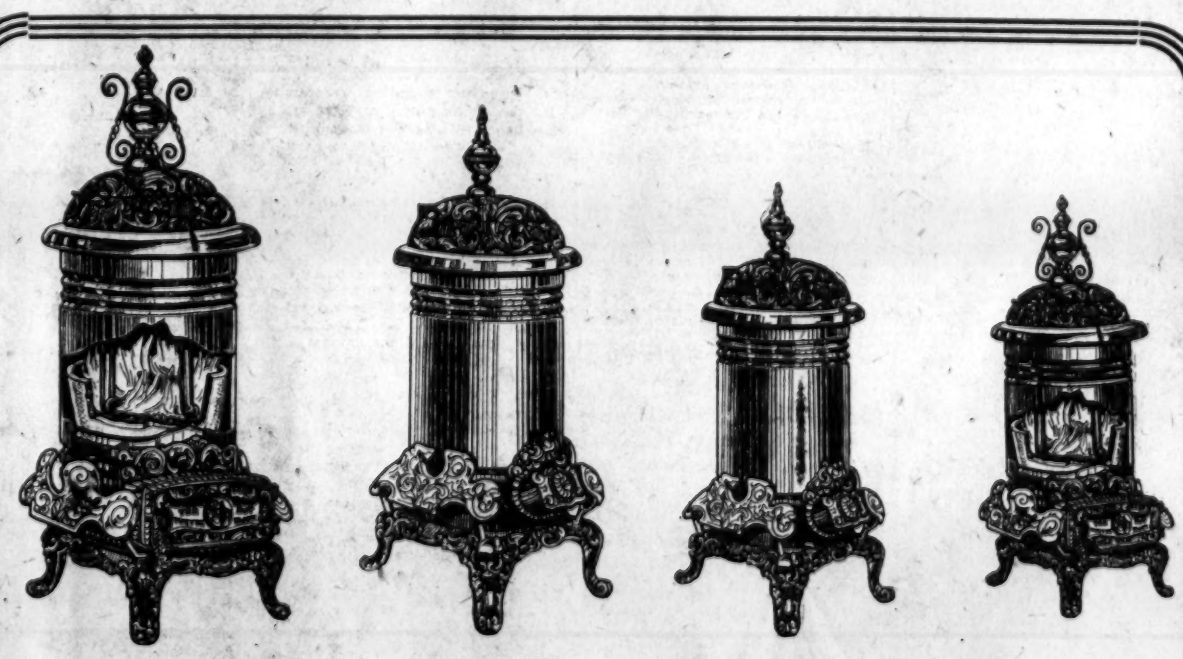
Fall Suits a Variety of Accepted Styles

We have received from our New York houses and manufacturers a few assorted styles in all the imported fabrics, priced from

$15.00 TO $85.00 A SUIT

NEW ARRIVALS BY EXPRESS EVERY DAY.

THE C. W. POLVOGT CO.



The Incomparable VORTEX Hot Blast

With its Double, Rotary-Blast Tubes. Most Efficient and Economical. Guaranteed Air-Tight Always.

SAVES YOU $16.00 TO $25.00 IN FUEL EVERY YEAR.

Perfect Stove for All Fuel, and Requires No Change of Fixtures for Soft Coal, Hard Coal, Wood or Coke. Suitable for Parlors, Sitting and Dining Rooms, Stores or Halls. Four Sizes. Large Stock. All Styles and Sizes.

CATALOGUE ON APPLICATION.

N. JACOBI HARDWARE COMPANY

10 AND 12 SO. FRONT ST. 'PHONES 97 AND 98

Dunbar Finds His Brother

The Thief of Margaret's Cameos

KID JOSEPH threatens DUNBAR ♦ OUR MUTUAL GIRL tries on FALL SWEATERS.

Having been accused of the theft of Margaret's cameos, Dunbar determines to find the thief. The fact that Kid Joseph insists—and clearly is honest in his affirmations—that Dunbar is the thief gives the Man of Mystery a clew as to the identity of the robber.

Dunbar borrows from Margaret the cameo case, on which is the culprit's thumb print. Taking this to his apartments, he gets from his desk a Bertillon identification card and compares the thumb print on the case with the thumb prints on the police headquarters card. What he has feared he finds is true.

Without doubt this person is Dunbar's twin brother, making it very difficult for him. But he determines to clear himself from the serious charge that rests against him and further resolves to end forever the burden of being charged with his brother's many crimes.

Using Anni as the means to find his brother's quarters, Dunbar goes there and leaves a message for his brother in which he demands that he give up the cameos.

Margaret in the meanwhile has her portrait painted by James Montgomery Flagg, and Mrs. Knickerbocker takes Our Mutual Girl to Spalding's, where she purchases the latest sport, auto and outdoor sweaters and coats.

NEW UNIVERSAL RELEASES

"DISILLUSIONED."

Victor Drama Featuring Warren Kerrigan and Vera Sisson.

Jack Vernon, a successful young attorney, after a particularly trying day with his clients, some of whom want divorces and some of whom want immunity from law for crimes they have committed, sits back in his chair and dreams of his childhood. It is a pretty dream, and after it he makes a decision to give up his practice and go back to the village and lead a simple life with friends.

He finds that his childhood sweetheart has been betrayed by the Judge's son, who refuses to marry her. Other things occur to disillusion him regarding the ideas he had about the God-fearing (?) country, and he returns to the city a wiser and better man, but taking the wronged sweetheart with him. A very pretty story, well portrayed.

"THE PIPES OF PAN."

Rex Two-Reel Drama With Pauline Bush and Jie King.

Stephen Arnold, an Artist. . Joe King
Marion, His Wife. . . . Pauline Bush
Arthur Farrell, a Friend. . Lon Chaney
Caprice, Dancer. . . . . Carmen Philipe

Disenchantment? Overtaking man does it necessarily mean sorrow and suffering? Or, can it sometimes be rated as an awakening and produce those effects demanded when one hopes to reach a higher plane of living, higher ideals? Edmund Saltus wrote "The Philosophy of Disenchantment," which treats with the higher philosophy, such as Schoppenhour and Nietches gaze voice to, and in his words he points out that disenchantment was a logical condition and responsible for a great many of the hardships which human beings in this world endured. But is pessimism the sister of disenchantment? This two-reel Rex drama, "The Pipes of Pan," argues otherwise, and in a series of most delightful sentiment, it points out that disenchantment often has its reward.

"THE GIRL WHO WON."

Victor Two-Reel Comedy-Drama Featuring Florence Lawrence and Matt Moore.

Horace Plato married his stenographer, Florence Lloyd, a pretty young widow, and in his heart he loved her. Yet Horace maintained an attitude of simple friendship towards his wife, refusing to be anything other than a brother, as it were. That was his plea of Platonic love. Horace believed himself a lineal descendent of the philosopher, Plato, and it was his ambition to demonstrate to the world that love, in its purest sense, discounted sex—in fact, everything except the mental companionship of two souls whose thoughts vibrated to the same tune of reasoning.

Have you ever met such a person at this? No. Well, there are plenty of them in the world. They call themselves apostles of Plato, and in their poor deluded hearts they believe themselves above all the human passions which have always guilded the world in its mating.

Young Mrs. Plato held different ideas than her husband, though she appeared to concede his viewpoint. Once amrried, she set out to win this man as a practical lover and husband. Whether she accomplished this, the trying events which, for a time, seemed to threaten the happiness of two normal people make one of the most amusing comedy-dramas it has been our pleasure to see in many months.

"SHADOWS."

Two-Reel Imp Detective Drama, in Which King Baggot Plays All the Parts Unaided.

For your consideration—"Shadows". It is the two reel play that has been heralded as one of the most unique, distinct innovations in film drama, one that will disclose King Baggot, Imp Star, an artist unapproached in versatility. In this unique double-reel production King takes all the parts — over a dozen — himself, the following being among the leading parts he plays unaided:

The Banker—King Baggot.
His Son—King Baggot.
The Jailer—King Baggot.
The Detective—King Baggot.
His Wife—King Baggot.
The Chinaman—King Baggot.
The Sweetheart—King Baggot.
The Policeman—King Baggot.
The Innkeeper—King Baggot.

This great feature has been produced by the aid of the new multiple-exposure process, the same as is used with Miss Cleo Madison in her dual portrayal of two roles in the "Trey O' Hearts," although in this case it was much more difficult, with three and four characters on the screen at one and the same time, all being played by King Baggot. Besides being a thrilling and interesting drama, it should prove a great curiosity.

In the end, Mr. Baggot gives short scenes, showing the artist in the make-up of each character, and removing the make-up, so as to disillusion any one who doubts that he plays all the roles.

"A LAW UNTO HERSELF."

In Which the Girl Married the Man She Intended to Kill.

A big Rex number in two-reels, with

Mary Pickford, Carlyle Blackwell and Harold Lockwood in "Such a Little Queen," Grand next Thursday and Friday.

A Popular Idol

To be eighteen years old, to be a leading movie actress for so very particular a director as D. W. Griffith, wizard of the Mutual pictures, and to be the popular idol of countless hundreds of thousands of motion picture devotees all over the world—that is where Mae Marsh, the Majestic-Mutual star, now is.

When she was only sixteen years old, the age when a girl is all arms

and legs, Miss Marsh managed to attract Mr. Griffith's attention and he immediately put her to work. She had run away from school to become an actress, but she did not tell him that, and he never knew it until long afterward. He kept preaching to her the need of improving her mind as well as learning the technique of the drama.

Miss Marsh has done both. She is what fairly may be called an omnivorous reader of the time tried classics. She and Thackeray have more than a speaking accuaintance.

Debonair Richard

The handsome, debonair Richard C. Travers, the Essanay star, is a real golf fan, and in the opening of "The Real Agatha," a new picture, he is shown playing his favorite game at one of the golf clubs of which he is a member. Even while the camera was buzzing and grinding Mr. Travers completely forgot that he was merely "playing" for the picture. He continued in the most conscientious style, and before he knew it he made a 250 yard mile drive while the scene was being taken. He was delighted, to be sure, and is waiting patiently to see the picture. In fact, he was so enthusiastic about his success that he has arranged for a professional match with Champion Evans in the near future.

Here's luck to our "movie" friend! Let's hope he wins.

WINIFRED GREENWOOD

Beautiful Star in "THE TURNER FLY" Bijou Tuesday.

The ease with which Miss Helen Dunbar manages the little Jap baby she adopted several months ago is remarkable. The baby is the pet of the Essanay studio.

GRAND

THEATRE PROGRAM for week of OCTOBER 19th

SIX MORE GREAT DAYS For the People of Wilmington.
This Week This Leader of "Movie" Leaders Will Offer the Most Mammoth and Most Costly of All Screen Triumphs; Headed by the Unsurpassable and Stupendous "Paramount Pictures," Offered Exclusively in This City at the Grand Theatre

WEDNESDAY, OCT. 21st, THE THIRD EPISODE OF THE SEASON'S GREATEST SENSATION, "THE MILLION DOLLAR MYSTERY."

Monday and Tuesday, Oct. 19 and 20th, Jesse L. Lasky Presents the Favorite Comedian, EDWARD ABELES, in the Pretty Romance
"THE MAKING OF BOBBY BURNIT"
ADMISSION: Children, 5 Cents; Adults, 10 Cents.

Wednesday, Oct. 21st, Syndicate Film Corporation Presents Episode No. 3 of the Greatest Serial Picture Ever Shown
"THE MILLION DOLLAR MYSTERY"
A LEAP IN THE DARK—Written by Harold MacGrath
READ THE STORY OF EPISODE NO. 3 IN MONDAY MORNING'S STAR.

JOHN BUNNY and FLORA FINCH. Mr. Bunnyhug Buys a Hat for His Bride. | "A DARING GETAWAY," A Thrilling Story of the Bank.

ADMISSION . . . . . 5 CENTS

Thursday and Friday, Oct. 22nd and 23rd,
Daniel Frohman Presents "The Pride of the Screen,"
Mary Pickford In the Celebrated Romantic Comedy
"SUCH A LITTLE QUEEN" By Channing Pollack.
The Cast Includes CARLYLE BLACKWELL and HAROLD LOCKWOOD
ADMISSION: Children, 5 Cents; Adults, 10 Cents.

REMEMBER, MARY PICKFORD HAS BEEN UNDER CONTRACT TO THE FAMOUS PLAYERS COMPANY, "PARAMOUNT PICTURES," FOR THE PAST YEAR, AND HER CONTRACT DOES NOT EXPIRE FOR FIVE YEARS TO COME, AND DURING THIS TIME MARY PICKFORD ONLY APPEARS WITH THE "FAMOUS PLAYERS" COMPANY, UNDER THE DIRECTION OF DANIEL FROHMAN.

Saturday, Oct. 24th, Big Comedy Bill Will be Announced, Later. Admission: 5 Cts.

INVENTS TANGO TWISTS

Mary Fuller, The Universal Star, is Just Learning The Tango, and is Shown Here in a la Greek Costume.

Charles Giblyn, director of the Nestor Company, and known throughout filmdom for the finished artistry of his production, has added another to his already long list of quiet stories of real life with gripping heart interest. Entitled "As We Journey Through Life," it shows Murdock MacQuarrie as an old man sitting idly turning the leaves of an old family album. As he gazes at the pictures, each in turn brings to his memory some episode of his life and as he turns the pages, his mind's eye, looking back over the expanse of years.

Francis Bushman has a valet whom the rest of the Essanay calls "his man Friday". Mr. Bushman is never out of his sight and says, himself, it is almost uncanny the way the man anticipates his every want. He also appears on the screen with Mr. Bushman in the same capacity, and is as good an actor as he is a valet.

For what is said to be the first time in the history of film manufacture a photoplay actor has been required to play the part of his own father in the same scene with himself. The play referred to is "The Dreamer" in which J. Warren Kerrigan is seen both as the son and the elder parent.

EDWAR DABELES in "The Making of Bobby Burnit" Grand Theatre Monday and Tuesday.

G. M. Anderson, playing in his favorite role, "Broncho Billy," did another hair-raising stunt the other day during the course of picture taking, when he rode his favorite pinto pony up a stairway of 22 steps, through a doorway and into a room.

Cleo Madison in "The Trey O' Hearts"

FOUR BIGGEST STARS EVERY DAY.

MONDAY—4 Reels—Christy Mathewson, Norma Phillips, Ernest Shields, Phil Dunham.
TUESDAY—5 Reels—Pauline Bush, Warren Kerrigan, Winnifred Greenwood, Margarita Fischer.
WEDNESDAY—4 Reels—Cleo Madison, Mayme Hall, Morris Foster, Vivian Prescott.

BIJOU

THE INCOMPARABLE MOVIE PROGRAM

FOUR BIGGEST STARS EVERY DAY!

THURSDAY—5 Reels—King Baggot, Madeline and Marion Fairbanks, Louise Fazenda.
FRIDAY — 5 Reels — Ford Sterling, Rupert Julian, Leona Hutton, Harry Keenan.
SATURDAY — 4 Reels — Florence Lawrence, Matt Moore, Victoria Forde, Eddie Lyons.

MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SATURDAY
"LOVE AND BASEBALL." The First of the Pictures Featuring Christy Mathewson — Two Full Reels.	"THE PIPES OF PAN." Rex Two-Reel Special Release Drama, Featuring Joe King and Pauline Bush.	"THE TREY O' HEARTS" Tenth Installment, in Two Reels. Read it Today.	"SHADOWS" That Famous Two-Reel Drama in Which King Baggot Plays Every Part Himself.	"A LAW UNTO HERSELF." Rex Two-Reel Dramatic Feature, With Rupert Julian and Agnes Vernon.	"THE GIRL WHO WON." Victor Two-Reel Comedy-Drama, Featuring Florence Lawrence and Matt Moore.
"OUR MUTUAL GIRL." Chapter 31, by Irvin S. Cobb.	"THE PROOF OF A MAN" Warren Kerrigan Plays the Lead in This Big Victor Drama	"THE TELL-TALE SCAR." Big Mutual Drama, With Mayme Hall and Morris Foster.	"IN PERIL'S PATH." Mutual Drama, Featuring "the Thanhouser Twins," Madeline and Marion Fairbanks.	"THE WINNING OF DENISE" Two-Reel Mutual Drama, Featuring Leona Hutton and Harry Keenan.	"HE NEVER SAID A WORD." It's Simply Killing—A Nestor Comedy With Victoria Forde and Eddie Lyons.
"THE NEW BUTLER." Joker Comedy, With Ernest Shields and Phil Dunham.	"THE BUTTERFLY" Mutual Drama, With Winnifred Greenwood.	"LIFERITIS." Rousing Crystal Comedy, Featuring Vivian Prescott.	"THOSE COUNTRY KIDS." Rousing Keystone Comedy.	"HYPNOTIC POWER." Special Comedy Featuring Ford Sterling.	"CAUGHT IN A FLUE." Rousing Keystone Comedy Feature.

The TREY O'HEARTS by LOUIS JOSEPH VANCE

10TH INSTALLMENT

The photo-drama corresponding to the installments of "The Trey O'Hearts" may now be seen at the leading moving picture theaters. By this unique arrangement with the Universal Film Mfg. Co. it is therefore not only possible to read "The Trey O'Hearts" in this paper, but also to see each installment of it at the moving picture theaters.

(Copyright, 1914, by Louis Joseph Vance.)

STEEL RIBBONS

SYNOPSIS—The 3 of Hearts is the "death-sign" employed by **Seneca Trine** in the private war of vengeance which, through the agency of his daughter **Judith**, a woman of violent passions like his own, he wages against **Alan Law**, son of the man (now dead) who was innocently responsible for the accident which made **Trine** a helpless cripple. **Alan** is in love with **Rose, Judith's** twin and double but in all other respects her precise opposite. Judith vows to compass Alan's death; but under dramatic circumstances he saves her life and so, unwillingly, wins her love. Thereafter **Judith** is by turns animated by the old hate, the new love, and jealousy of her sister. She earns her father's distrust and is left behind by him when he journeys West, taking **Rose** with him, in order to lure **Alan** away from New York. **Alan** pursues, **Judith** accompanying him against his wish, and succeeds in rescuing **Rose** from **Trine's** special train.

I—LIGHT ENGINE.

Toward the close of that summer's day it was the whim of that arch-manager of theatricals whom men call Fate to stage an anticlimax in the midst of a vast and hilly expanse of desolate middle western country—a rude and rugged disk of earth which boasted no human tenancy within the circle of its far-flung horizon and was bisected, not neatly, rather irregularly, by the flowing double line of steel ribbons which marked the railroad's right of way over the old Santa Fe trail.

So much for the stage: the light effects were provided exclusively by the crimson and purple and gold of a portentous sunset; the properties employed were simply a special train and what is known as a light engine.

It was the engineer of the light engine who started the trouble. After bringing his monster to a full pause, he turned upon his passengers and—not without plausible excuse—violently indicted Mr. Alan Law for abuse of his and his fireman's trustfulness. This the said fireman (climbing forward over the tender) vigorously applauded.

They had been engaged, both gentlemen asserted vigorously, for nothing more dangerous than a quick run across the prairies, in furtherance of the unspecified plans of Mr. Alan Law and his companion, Miss Judith Trine. After starting out, they had wickedly and maliciously been bribed by the said Law to put on speed and catch up with the special, in order that he might rescue from the latter a young woman, his bride-to-be and the sister of Miss Trine.

But—and here was the grievance—they hadn't bargained to be shot at with pistols. And precisely that outrage had been put upon them during and subsequent to the moment of rescue.

It was unhappy Mr. Barcus who precipitated the affair. This gentleman was suffering from a severe sprain to his sense of decent pride. In the service of Miss Rose Trine and her betrothed, Mr. Law, Barcus had blackened his face and hands to the hue of ebony and had garmented himself in the garb of a Pullman porter, surrendering himself to humiliating service to those aboard the special, suffering their insolence and scorn without a murmur, but with the tides of wrath mounting ever higher in his bosom.

And now, when at length he had won his freedom from that ignominious servitude, it was only to be sworn at and vilified, as a common nigger, by railroad hands!

It was the fireman (to be just) who brought the row to a focus by a slighting reference to that "shiftless and misbegotten dinge."

He repented quite promptly. Mr. Barcus jumped for his throat with a bellow of rage. The fireman slipped on the cab platform, trod on nothing, and went over backwards, taking Mr. Barcus with him to the ballast.

At almost the same moment Mr. Law, attempting to restrain the engineer from going to the assistance of his fellow-worker, ducked in under a vicious swing for his chin, grappled with his foe, tripped him up—and went with him to the ground on the opposite side of the locomotive from that occupied by Mr. Barcus and the fireman.

For the next several seconds he was very busy indeed keeping his face out of the ballast. The engineer was a heavy man, but active and infuriated. He fought like a demon unchained. It was all very exciting. Mr. Law was even beginning to enjoy it when he heard a woman shriek. At the same instant revolvers began to pop.

Mr. Law released his foe almost as quickly as he was released. Both rose as one man, to find Judith Trine beside them, a little smile of excitement playing round her lips as she looked up the track and watched the special slow down to a stop—several persons on the back platform plying busy trigger-fingers all the while.

As these last threw open the platform gates and dropped to the ballast, still perforating the air with many bullets, Mr. Law, Miss Judith Trine, and that late belligerent, the engineer, turned simultaneously and sought the rear of the tender.

On the opposite side they found Rose Trine and Mr. Barcus standing uncertainly above the body of the fireman, who, it appeared, had stunned himself in falling and remained insensible.

The appearance of Law and Judith from behind the tender, closely pursued by the engineer, who was in turn closely pursued by gentlemen with revolvers, stirred Barcus and Rose to action. Alan passed him at a round pace, pausing only long enough to seize Rose and drag her with him toward the special. Judith flung him a phrase of well-meant advice in passing:

"Come along, you simpleton—unless you want to be shot down where you stand!"

Mr. Barcus acted on that advice, as immediately as resentfully. Judith Trine was little before him at the steps of the Pullman: Mr. Law had already assisted Rose aboard. Mr. Barcus ungraciously gave place to the lady: his ingrained chivalry sorely strained by bullets that kicked among the ballast round his feet.

Mr. Barcus heaved a heartfelt sigh, sat down heavily on a camp chair, and mopped his heated brow, watching the lights of the locomotive drop swiftly back into the gloaming.

"If any of those guys," he assured Mr. Law presently, "could hit a barn door with a gatling gun at twenty paces—well, I wouldn't be proving myself the giddy ass I am by sticking to your ill-starred fortunes. There wouldn't be any to stick to, because you'd have been snuffed out long, long ago—with all the chances they've had to blow your fool head off, point blank!"

II—PULLMAN.

"Come inside," Law suggested, "and introduce me to the brakeman. I presume I've got to fix things up with him—"

"If there's really any doubt in your mind as to that," Barcus said, rising, "I don't mind telling you you're right."

He paused as Alan entered the car before him and was greeted by a storm of vituperation that fairly blistered the panels of the Pullman. Mr. Seneca Trine, helpless in his invalid chair, thus celebrated his introduction to the young man whom he had never before seen but whose life he had schemed to take these many years.

Alan made no effort to respond, but listened with his head critically to one side and an exasperating expression of deep interest informing his countenance until Mr. Trine was out of breath and vitriol; when the younger man bowed with the slightest shade of mockery in his manner and waved a tolerant hand to Barcus.

"He has, no doubt," Alan inquired, "his own private cell aboard this car?"

"Yas, suh!" Barcus agreed, apeing well the manner of his apparent caste and color. "Ain't dat de troof?" he chuckled.

"Take him away, then," Alan requested wearily—"if you please."

"Yas, suh!" Barcus replied, with nimble alacrity seizing the back of the wheeled chair and swinging it round for a spin up the length of the car.

Before Trine had recovered enough to curse him properly, the door to his drawing room was closed and Barcus was ambling back down the aisle.

His grin of relish at this turning of the tables on the monomaniac proved, however, short-lived. It erased itself in a twinkling when Judith shouldered roughly past him, wearing a sullen and forbidding countenance, and flung herself into the drawing room with her father.

"Storm signals," mused Mr. Barcus. "What possessed our dear friend to bring that tigress along, I'd like to know? He might as well have loaded himself down with a five-gallon can of nitroglycerin."

The cause of h[illegible] temper was not far to seek: at the far end of the car Alan was bending solicitously over the chair in which Rose was resting. One of his arms was round her shoulder. Her face was lifted confidently to his.

Barcus mused morosely on his apprehension of trouble a-brew, simmering over the waxing fire of that strange woman's jealousy. If only there had not been that light engine in pursuit—as Barcus firmly believed it must be—loaded to the guards with Trine's unscrupulous hirelings!

No telling when they might catch up!

The fear of this last catastrophe worked together with his fears of Judith to render that night a sleepless one for Barcus. He spent it in a chair whence he could watch both the door to the compartment Judith had chosen for her own (formerly Marrophat's quarters) and the endless ribbons of steel that swept beneath the trucks.

But nothing happened. He napped uneasily from time to time, waking with a start of fright, but always to find nothing amiss. Ever Judith stopped behind that closed door, and ever the track behind was innocent of the glare of a pursuing headlight.

Nor did anything untoward mark the progress of the morning—unless, indeed, Judith's protracted sessions with her father behind the closed door of the drawing room were to be counted ominous.

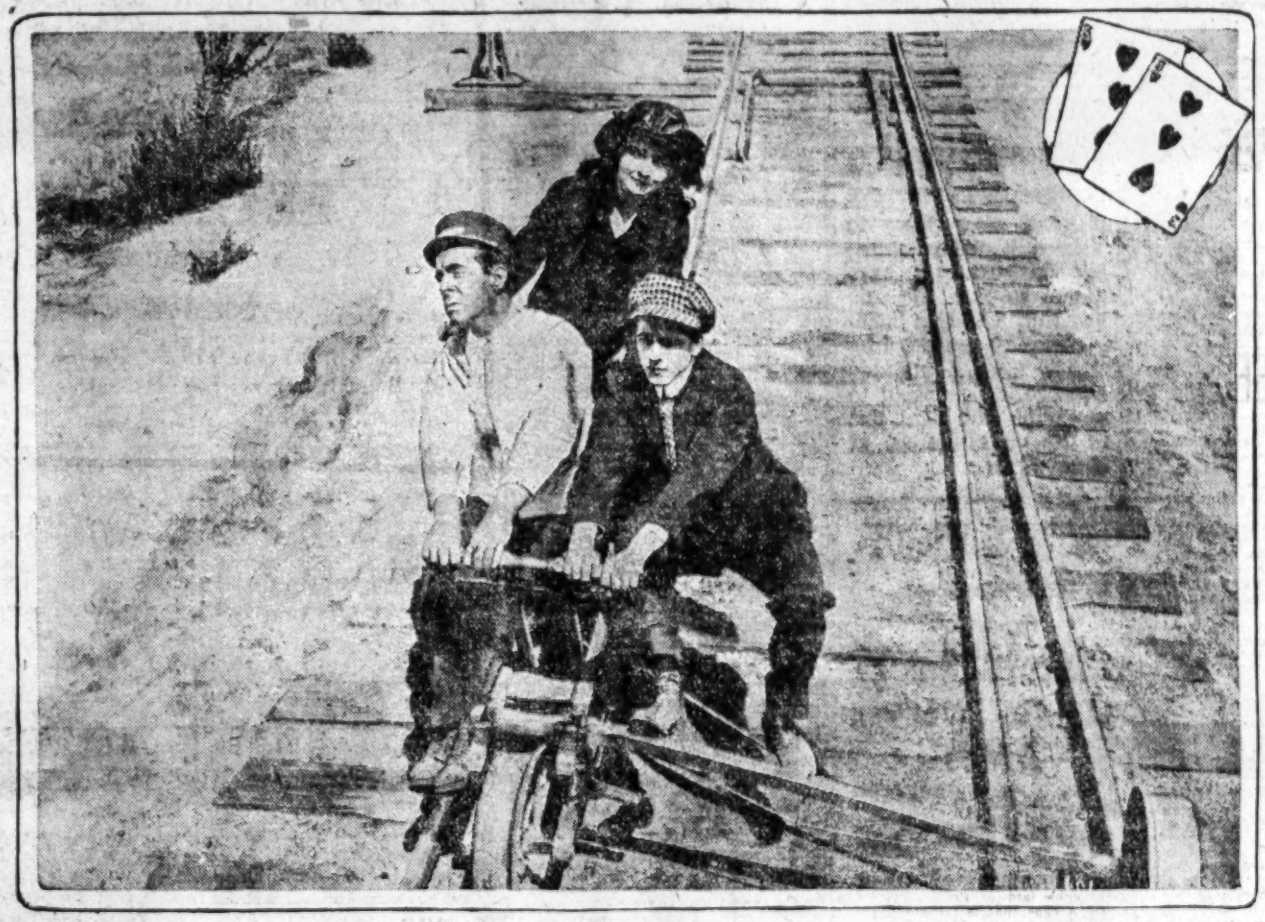
Ever since lunch-time the girl had been closeted with her father; Barcus had been getting some well-earned and sorely-needed rest in his quarters; Alan standing his watch on the observation platform, in company with Rose; and the train booming along through an uncouth wilderness of arid mountains, barren mesas, and sun-smitten flats given over to the desolate genius of sagebrush.

Whatever had been the tenor of the communication between father and daughter, Judith eventually emerged from the drawing room in an ominous temper. Barcus, coming drowsily away from his compartment at the same time, was jarred wide awake by sight of the foreboding countenance she wore; and after a moment of doubt followed her back to the lounge at the rear of the car.

He got there in time to see her at rigid standstill, staring steadfastly at the two figures so close together on the observation platform. But on his appearance Judith shook herself together, snatched up a magazine, and plumped wrathfully into an easy chair.

Mr. Barcus, however, had learned the lesson of bitter experience to the effect that the outward bearing of Miss Judith Trine was no sure index to her inward humor—unless, that is, it might be taken to indicate the direct contrary of its semblance; though even this was no reliable rule. Reminding himself of this, he therefore invented a morbid interest in another magazine.

For all her exasperation, Judith contained herself longer than might have been expected. Her continued show of placidity, indeed, lulled Barcus into a dangerous feeling of security. He was roused by the sudden flight of a magazine across the car, missing his head by a bare two inches, and the bang of a chair overturned by Judith as she jumped up and flung herself furiously toward the door.



Slowly It Stirred on Grease-Hungry Axles.

Just what had happened on the observation platform Barcus didn't know, but he could readily believe that the lovers had just indulged in some especially provoking and long-drawn-out caress.

He overhauled Judith none too soon. In another moment she would have had her sister by the throat—if her purpose had not been to throw Rose bodily overboard, as Barcus suspected. Happily, he was as quick on his feet as Judith on hers; and almost before he had grasped the situation, he had grasped her—had seized her arms and drawn them forcibly behind her back, at the same time swinging her round and endeavoring to propel her back through the doorway.

It was a man-size job. For the ensuing five minutes he had his hands full of violently resentful and superbly ablebodied young woman. Only with the greatest difficulty did he succeed in wrestling her up the aisle and to the door of her compartment, where an even more furious resistance for some additional minutes prefaced the ultimate closing of the door upon the maddened Judith.

Waving aside Alan's proffer of assistance, he acidly advised that gentleman to return to his post of duty and not let his infatuation blind him to what might at any moment loom up on the track behind them, Barcus stoutly held the door against the girl's attempt to pull it open and through another period when she occupied herself with kicking its panels as if hopeful of breaking a way out. A long pause followed. He heard no sounds from within. And wearying, he wondered what the devil she was up to. Then her voice penetrated the barrier, its accents calm and not unamiable:

"Mr. Barcus!"

"Hello!" he replied, startled. "What is it, Miss Judith?"

"Please let me out."

"Not much."

"Oh—please!"

"Will you be good if I let you out?"

"Perfectly."

"No more shenanigan?"

"I promise."

"Word of honor?"

"If my word of honor means anything to you—you have it."

"Well . . . !" he said dubiously.

In the same humor he turned and released the knob; promptly Judith opened it wide and swept out into the corridor, her mood now one of really fetching mockery.

"Thank you so much!" she laughed into his face of discomfiture; and dropping him an ironic curtsy, she turned forward and swung into the drawing room occupied by Trine.

"Wonder what she put that on for?" he speculated, with reference to the ankle-long Pullman wrapper which Judith had seen fit to don during her period of captivity. "Heaven knows it's hot enough without wearing more clothing than decency demands . . . But you never can tell about a woman . . . I bet a dollar I've made a blithering ass of myself—letting her loose at all!"

He took his doubts aft, communicating them to Alan and Rose.

And his long conference with Alan and Rose on the observation platform afforded Judith ample opportunity in which undetected to suborn the train crew to treachery.

Whether she did or no, this is what happened in the course of the next hour: the special was forced to take a siding to make way for the California limited, eastbound; and when this had passed, the engine of the special coughed apologetically and pulled swiftly out, leaving the Pullman stalled on the siding.

III—HAND CAR.

"Well!" Mr. Barcus broke a silence whose eloquence may not be translated in print—"can you beat it?"

"Not with this outfit," Alan admitted gloomily.

"All the same, we can't stop here like bumps on a log, waiting for that gang of thugs to sail up in the light engine and cut our blessed throats."

Mr. Law answered this unanswerable contention only with a shrug. Then, stepping out on the forward platform of the Pullman, he cast a hopeless eye over the landscape.

He lowered his gaze to the tracks and siding—and started sharply.

"Eh—what now?" Barcus inquired with interest.

"Some thoughtful body has left an old hand car over there in the ditch," Alan replied. "Maybe it isn't beyond service. Come along and lend me a hand."

"Half a minute," Barcus answered, dodging suddenly back into the car.

When he reappeared, after some five minutes, Rose accompanied him, and Barcus was smiling as brilliantly as though nothing whatever was wrong with his world.

"Sorry to keep you waiting, old top," he explained; "but I was smitten with an inspiration. There didn't seem to be any sense in letting the amiable Judith loose upon this fair land, so I found a coil of wire in the porter's closet and wired the handle of the drawing room door fast to the bars across the aisle. It'll take her some time to get out, now, without assistance."

Ten minutes more had passed before the two grimy and perspiring gentlemen succeeded in placing the hand car upon the tracks.

"It's a swell little hand car," Barcus observed grimly: "no wonder they threw it away."

"What's the difference how it looks, as long as it will go?"

"But will it?" Barcus doubted.

Somewhere far back along the line a locomotive hooted mournfully.

"It's got to!" Alan replied, helping Rose aboard.

"Don't worry," Barcus advised: "that's a freight whistle."

"Maybe you can distinguish the whistle of a freight from that of a passenger train—I don't say you can't; but I'll take no chances on your judgment being good. Hop aboard here if you're coming with us!"

Slowly the hand car stirred on its grease-hungry and complaining axles; slowly it gathered momentum and surged noisily up the track as Alan and Barcus, on opposite sides of the handlebar, alternately rose and fell back.

Behind it the thunder of an approaching train grew momentarily in volume, lending color to the theory of Mr. Barcus that what they had heard had been the whistle of a freighter rather than of the light engine. But just as Alan was about to advocate leaving the tracks and taking the hand car with them, to clear the way for the train, its rumble began to diminish, grew less and beautifully less, and was stilled.

"What do you make of that?" Alan panted across the racking bar.

"The obvious," Barcus returned. "The freight has taken the siding to wait for some other through train to pass. We'll have to look sharp and be ready to jump."

The grade became a trace more steep; the car moved with less reluctance.

"Let go," Alan advised: "it'll coast down the balance of this incline—and we'd better save our strength."

But they had barely regained their breath and mopped the streaming sweat away from their eyes when a second whistle, of a different tone, startled both back to their task.

Catching the eye of Barcus Alan nodded despairingly.

"Afraid it's all up with us now," he groaned; "that sounded precisely like the whistle of the light engine."

A little grace was granted them, however, through the circumstance (as they afterward discovered) that the light engine had stopped at the siding long enough to couple up Trine's Pullman.

It was fully a quarter of an hour before the growing rumble of the latter warned the trio on the hand car, just as it gained the end of the grade and addressed itself to a level though tortuous stretch of track.

And at this point discovery of the switch of a spur line that shot off southward into the hills furnished Alan with his independent inspiration.

Stopping the hand car after it had jolted over the frogs, he jumped down, set the switch to shunt the pursuit off the spur, and leaped back upon the car.

Hardly had they succeeded in working the hand car up round the shoulder of the next bend when the special took the switch without pause and the roar of its progress, shut off by an intervening mountain, was suddenly stilled to a murmur.

But even so, there was neither rest for the weary nor much excuse for self-congratulation: the rumble of the special was not altogether lost to hearing when the thunder of the freight replaced and drowned it out.

Of a sudden, releasing the handlebar, Alan stood up and signed to Barcus to imitate his example.

"Well—?" this last panted, when he had obeyed.

"Jump off—leave the hand car where it is—they'll have to stop to clear it off the track."

"And then?"

"I'll buy a lift from them if it takes my last dollar in the world," Alan promised. "It's our only hope. We can't keep up this heartbreaking business forever—and it can't be long before Trine and Marrophat discover their mistake!"

IV—CABOOSE.

For once, in a way, it fell out precisely as Mr. Law had planned and prayed.

Constrained to pull up in order to remove the obstruction from the track, the train crew of the freight choked down its collective wrath on being presented with a sum of money. In the hopes of further largesse it lent its common ear to Alan's well-worn tale, which had so frequently proved useful in similar emergencies, of an eloping couple pursued by an unreasoningly vindictive parent; and had its hopes rewarded by the price Alan bargained to pay in exchange for exclusive use of the caboose as far as the next town.

So that it was not more than ten minutes before Rose was settled to rest in such comfort as the caboose afforded, while Alan and Barcus sat within its doorway and smoked.

Neither he nor any other aboard the freight suspected for an instant that, in the box car next forward of the caboose, a woman in man's clothing lay purdu, now and again chuckling impishly to herself in anticipation of the time and the event she was biding with such patience as she could muster.

The whistle of a locomotive overtaking the freight sounded the signal for her to take action on her cherished plan.

Rising, she glanced out of the open door. A curve in the track below the freight, laboring up a steep grade, enabled her to catch a glimpse of a headlight, followed by a string of lighted windows, indicating a single car: the special, beyond a doubt.

Without hesitation, since the train was not running at speed, she dropped out to the ballast, wheeled smartly about, caught the handbar at the end of the box car as it passed and swung herself up between it and the caboose.

Climbing to the top of the box car she peered keenly through the gloaming, which was not yet so dense that she might not discern two heads protruding from the window of the special's engine.

She turned and peered ahead. The freight was approaching a trestle that spanned a wide and shallow gully.

So much the better!

Dropping down again between the cars, she set herself to solve the problem of uncoupling the caboose.

In this she was successful just as the last car rolled out on the trestle. . . .

Its own impetus carried the caboose to the middle of the trestle before it stopped.

As this happened, Alan and Barcus, already warned of an emergency by the slowing down of the car, and for some time alive to the fact that the special was again in pursuit, leaped out upon the ties and helped Rose to alight.

There was no time to execute their plan of the first desperate instant—to run along the ties to safety on the solid earth: the distance was too great; they could not possibly make it.

With common impulse the two men glanced down to the bottom of the gully, then looked at each other with eyes informed by common inspiration.

Barcus announced in a breath: "Thirty feet—not more."

Alan replied: "Can you hold the weight of the two of us for half a minute."

Barcus shrugged: "I can try. We might as well—even if I can't."

While speaking, he was lowering himself between the ties.

"All right," he announced briefly.

With a word to Rose, Alan slipped down beside Barcus, shifted his hold to the body of the latter, and climbed down over him until he was supported solely by the grasp of his two hands on Barcus' ankles.

Instantly Rose followed him, slipping like a snake down over the two men till she in turn hung by her grasp on Alan's ankles, then released her hold and dropped the balance of the distance to the ground, a scant ten feet, landing without injury.

A thought later Alan dropped lightly to her side, followed by Barcus.

Overhead the special engine, hurtling onward like some titanic bolt, struck the caboose with a crash like the explosion of a cannon. It collapsed upon itself like a thing of pasteboard.

That it had been constructed of more solid stuff was abundantly proved by the showed of timbers, splinters and broken iron that rained about the heads of the fugitives.

For all that, the gods smiled upon them for their courage: they escaped without a scratch.

(To be continued.)

DEMOCRATIC TEXT BOOK SETS FORTH RECORD

Tells What Wilson and His Party Have Done.

And Includes the Commendation of Many Who Are Politically Opposed to the Party Now in Power in Washington.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 15.—Nothing just like the Democratic Text Book for 1914, now being distributed, has ever been issued before. It is a chronicle of brilliant achievements. It recites the fact that not since the administration of George Washington has a single Congress enacted so much legislation of big moment to all the people.

The volume opens with a challenge in the form of twenty-two questions addressed to the Republican party, asking which of the great measurers passed by the Sixty-third Congress, and invariably supported by Republican members, would be repealed if the Republican party should be returned to power. The final question is: "Do you endorse the action of those Republican leads who excoriated the President for not seizing Mexico City, at the point of the bayonet, when they knew that by so doing he would have produced in the Western Hemisphere what there is in the Eastern Hemisphere—Hell on Earth?" The Democratic triumph in this particular instance is heralded in the acption printed on the front cover: "War in the East! Peace in the West! Thank God for Wilson!"

The opening chapter of the book proper is entitled "What Woodrow Wilson and the Sixty-third Congress Have Achieved," in which are recited fifty-two fulfillments of puedges to the people, a record not only unsurpassed but unapproached by any other political party in the history of the United States.

Following this chapter is one telling of the wonderful story of "Watchful Waiting." It was prepared under the supervision of the State Department and relates authoritatively the admirable manner in which President Wilson handled the Mexican situation. The text book contains a number of excerpts from editorials warmly endorsing the result attained, which appeared in Republican and independent newspapers, particuuarly in the Pittsburgh Gazette-Times, owned and edited by United States Senator George T. Oliver, and from the Ohio State Journal. The historical value of this chapter is inestimable.

Of course, the Federal Reserve Oct and the Underwood-Simmons Tariff Act are dwelt upon at length. The chapters devoted to these measures are rich in information and are written in a remarkably unbiased vein, the facts making partisanship unnecessary.

Under the caption, "The President Prevents the Greatest of Strikes" is told for the first time and in detail the story of how a tie-up of all the Western railroads, which would have lasted many weeks, if not months, was forestalled by Woodrow Wilson appealing to the patriotism of railroad presidents and railroad laboring men alike. The work of the Federal board of conciliation and of the President himself is brilliantly and faithfully related, much of the official correspondence in the negotiations being published for the first time. Three notable chapters are those containing Republican and Bull Moose approval of the acts of a Democratic President and a Demovratic Congress. The first contains more than 100 excerpts from complimentary editorials appearing in opposition papers; the second is devoted to portions of speeches delivered by Republicans and Bull Moose members of Congress explaining why they considered it their patriotic duty to disregard party lines and follow the Democratic, and the third contains a record of Republican and Bull Moose votes in House and Senate for Democratic measures.

What Woodrow Wilson and the Sixty-third Congress have done for the farmers in the way of improving his credit and assisting him in marketing his crop is described in several chapters. It shows that, upon analysis, the agricultural problems of the country prove to have received more attention than the public generally realizes.

No less impor tant than those dealing with what has been done for the farmer are the chapter setting forth legislation enacted and administrative measures taken in behalf of the laboring men.

A perusal of the table of countents shows that not a subject having the slightest political interest has been overlooked in the preparation of this important and compact little book of 352 pages. The work of compilation was under the supervision of a committee composed of Robert W. Woolley, chairman and editor; Senator Benjamin F. Shively, of Indinana; Representatives E. T. Taylor, of Colorado, and E. E. Reed, of New Hampshire, and former Governor of the Canal Zone, Richard F. Metcalfe. Most of the chapters were written by such well known Washington correspondents as D. Hastings MacAdam, Otto Praeger and Maurice Splain.

BETTER HEALTH EXHIBIT.

State Board of Health to Have Unique "Show" at State Fair.

(State Board of Health .)

Adjoining the Better Babies' Contest at the State Fair next week will be the Better Heath Exhibit. The State Board of Health is getting together and arranging for the largest and most complete exhibit it has ever been able to give. It is the statement of the Board that this display of Better Health will not only surpass in space and details all previous exhibits, but also in the appealing interest of the subjects depicted. It will feature especially the State Sanatorium and Treatment of its Tuberculous Patients, the Care and Feeding of Babies and the great Patent Medicine Fraud.

At present parts of the Board's health exhibit is in use at the Central North Carolina Fair at Greensboro and the Western North Carolina Fair at Asheville. It will be used also by the colored people of the State at their Fair the week following the white State Fair. At the meeting of the American Health Association in Jacksonville, Florida, in December, will be sent this Better Health Exhibit with a representative from the State Board of Health.

AD-MONITIONS

The ad. that "gets a laugh" never gets anything else—least of all a filled-in coupon.

SITUATION IN SWEDEN DURING THE WAR-TIME

Marked Change in Sentiment Toward Belligerents.

Sweeping Over the Country Something More Significant Than Continuous Line of Soldiers Taking Part in Mobilization

(Correspondence of Associated Press)

Stockholm, September 30—There is sweeping over Sweden today something more significant than the continuous line of infantry, cavalry and artillery which goes to take its part in the mobilization of troops, already numbering 225,000. This is the marked change in the sentiment of this country toward the warring powers. Sweden, which, since the beginning of the war, has had decided German sympathies notwithstanding the strict neutrality declared by its government, is today becoming so impartial that in watching the street crowds before the bulletin boards it is impossible to tell whether Germany or England is the favorite.

A month ago a Stockholm merchant who openly avowed English inclinations was both commercially and socially ostracized. Portraits of the Kaiser and German insignia were hung in shop windows, but no one saw any English displays.

But today there are indications on every hand that the pendulum has begun to swing toward England. This is most plainly reflected in press reports. A month ago one looked in vain for English accounts of the war, but now the representative Stockholm papers give an almost equal space to Berlin and London dispatches. Some of the liberal newspapers even go further than this and limit their Berlin dispatches to short paragraphs in conspicuous places. In most of the papers, however, one may read English comment on the destruction of the Rheims cathedral in one column and the German explanation of it in the next. Since this change has occured without any pressure from the government, it seems fairly indicative of the changes of the sentiment of Sweden.

In the opinion of citizens of Stockholm, this change has occured through the gradual decreasing menace of Russia. At first it was taken for granted that Russia had designs upon the integrity of Sweden, but as the days brought no substantiation of these fears ,the animosity of the Swedish populace decreased proportionately. In the meantime reports of German methods of warfare and the holding up of Swedish and Russian steamships by the German warships added further impetus to the change in Swedish feeling. The result is that having begun with pronounced pro-German sympathies, Sweden may now be said to have grown into impartiality. Whereas the first results of the war were watched with the anxiety of a participant, present developments are regarded with the calmness of an observer who seems equally ready to applaud the generalship and strategic successes of both sides.

Another apprehension which flourished under the influence of strong pro-German sentiment is now deprecated in Stockholm. This was the fear that in the event of repeated German successes England would decide that she must encroach upon neutral territory to offset the advantages derived by Germany from her occupation of Belgium.

During this shift in the popular point of view, the Swedish government has stood firmly by its compact with Norway to remain neutral and to stick together in case of violated neutrality. Official Sweden has been undivided in its opinion and the political cleavage which ordinarly shows on the sugface has been temporarily levelled by the war. Whether the sympathies of the various parties have been toward the allies or Germany, they have united in expressing a desire for peace. Neither conservative, liberal or socialist, peasant or nobleman has been guilty of stirring up any war spirit in Sweden.

The partial mobilization, it is explained, is purely a precautionary measure to defend her neutrality "Not to defend it like Belgium", as a Swedish officer said, "but to defend it with success." Following out this purpose, nearly half of Sweden's army of half a million men is in the field, prepared to meet the first move of any of the powers who venture to look lightly upon her neutrality.

The streets of Stockholm are therefore thronged with gray and blue columns, and even the reservists without uniform except for their tricornered hats are moving about ready to be summoned to join the forces. Among all classes, war is unpopular, but the necessity for mobilization, is keenly realized.

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NOTICE OF FORECLOSURE SALE OF LANDS.

By virtue of the power of sale contained in a certain mortgage deed executed by Wilmington Door & Lumber Company to C. N. Evans, President, Trustee, dated March 18th, 1912, and recorded Book 68, page 107, in the office of the Register of Deeds of New Hanover County, default having been made in the payment of the debt thereby secured, the undersigned will, on Monday, the 9th day of November, 1912, at 12 o'clock M., at the court house door in New Hanover county, expose to sale for cash at public auction to the highest bidder, the following described tracts or parcels of land:

First Tract.

Beginning at a point in the western line of Front street 132 feet North of the northern line of Ann street, running thence northwardly along said western line or Front street 66 feet; thence westwardly and parallel with Ann street to the channel or deep water of the Cape Fear river; thence along said channel or deep water of the Cape Fear River southwardly and parallel with Front street 66 feet to the northern line of Lot No. 5, in Block 125 of said City; thence eastwardly and parallel with Ann street to the western line of Front street, the point of beginning. The same being that tract or parcel of land conveyed by one A. M. Price to Brunswick Wood & Coal Company by deed bearing date January the 7th, 1911, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for New Hanover County, and conveyed by Brunswick Wood & Coal Company to Wilmington Door & Lumber Company, as will appear by reference to the Public Records of New Hanover County.

Second Tract.

Beginning at a point in the northern line of Meares street 183 feet east of the eastern line of Fourth street, and running thence along said line of Meares street 63 feet in an eastwardly direction; thence North and parallel with Fifth street 87 feet to the Old Coalfield (Francis Morris) line; thence along said line in a westwardly direction 33 feet; thence southwardly and parallel with Fifth street 87 feet to the northern line of Meares street, the point of beginning. The same being part of Lots 5 and 6, in Block 20, according to the official plan of the City of Wilmington.

Third Tract.

All that certain piece, parcel or tract of land situate, lying and being in Cape Fear Township, on the East side, in the County of New Hanover and State of North Carolina, bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at a cypress, on the West side of Cat Fish Creek, a small distance above an old field; thence with the lower line or a tract formerly owned by Samuel Ashe, west 220 poles to a cypress on said Cat Fish Creek near its head; thence same course 103 poles to the North West river; thence down the river so as to measure in a due South line 95 poles; thence from said river due East 326 poles to Cat Fish Creek; thence up said creek 35 poles; thence due East 75 poles to a stake on the Sand Hill; thence North 12 degrees West 62 poles; thence West 80 poles to Cat Fish Creek, opposite the Fish Station, containing by estimation 222½ acres, of which Twenty-Five acres is high land.

One tract situate in said County of New Hanover, on the South side of Cat Fish Creek, in the upper part of the bend, beginning at a cypress of the creek between the line of the land which formerly belonged to Samuel Ashe and Thos. C. Reston; thence with their line East 84 poles to the corner of said Ashe's line or rather his old center ditch; thence with said Center Ditch North 2 poles; thence East 30 poles to the corner by the side of the Creek; thence West to the Creek and thence up the Creek to the beginning, containing 9½ acres.

One tract situate in said County of New Hanover, on said North West River and Cat Fish Creek.

Beginning on the River, on the lower corner of the tract, on said Creek first above described; thence East 60 poles; thence South 129 poles to the River; thence up the River to the beginning, containing 60 acres of Tide Swamp.

Also eight acres of Sand Hill, situate in said County of New Hanover, on Cat Fish Creek.

Beginning on the Creek at what was formerly known as the Reston lower corner; thence down the creek 20 poles; thence East and back adjoining the western line for its complement. The last mentioned Four tracts of land, described under "Third Tract" herein being the same lands conveyed by E. P. H. Strunch and wife to Brunswick Wood & Coal Company by deed bearing date June 12, 1909, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for New Hanover County, in Book 58, page 453 et seq., and reference is hereby made to said deed for the description therein contained, and the same being conveyed by the Brunswick Wood & Coal Company to the Wilmington Door & Lumber Company, by proper deed of conveyance, as the Public Records of New Hanover County will show.

The foregoing tracts of land will be sold separately, except as to those tracts lying on or near Cat Fish Creek, which latter tracts will be offered separately and as a whole.

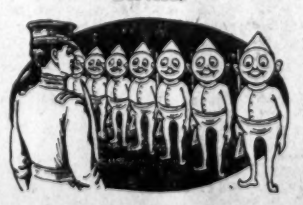
Dated and posted this 7th day of October, 1914.

C. N. EVANS, President,
Trustee.

Robert Ruark, Attorney.
oc8-30t

Diseased Blood Calls for Help

Nature's Willing Workers are Always at Your Service.



If it is eczema, pimples, boils or worse—your safeguard is S. S. S., the famous blood purifier. It is always lined up to attack diseased blood. And it always does the work. It does the work after disappointment, after alleged specialists, mercury, iodides, strychnine, arsenic and other destructive drugs that have reaped a harvest of mistakes and left a host of invalids guessing as to what is to come. S. S. S. is not such a drug as the cupidity or ignorance of man would be able to produce. It is Nature's wonderful contribution to our necessities. It is wonderful because it can not be imitated; can not be made any other way than to assemble Nature's products and produce what a host of men know as S. S. S., the world's greatest medicine. There are people everywhere that had an old sore or ulcer that defied all the salves known. And yet S. S. S. taken into the blood just naturally put into that old sore the elements that made new tissue, new flesh, and covered it with a new coating of healthy skin. Get a bottle of S. S. S. today of any druggest and be on the way to perfect blood health. But beware of substitutes. For special advice consult the medical department, The Swift Specific Co., 55 Swift Bldg., Atlanta, Ga. It is free and has helped a multitude.

New Fall Styles!

IN Queen Quality AND Walk-Over SHOES For WOMEN

Exclusive Models in all Leathers—Passing Charm and Grace. Come in Soon and Look. We Will Show You

Some Real Shoes

PETERSON & RULFS
"Home of Good Shoes"
OPPOSITE MURCHISON NATIONAL BANK

TERMS TO SUIT THE PAY-DAYS

"DOLLAR a WEEK" **CREDIT** "DOLLAR a WEEK"

Have You Seen The New Styles?

—They're here, waiting for you: all of the new styles in men's, women's and children's fall and winter clothing. Come in and let us tell you all about our easy credit plan and our low, plain prices. NOW is the best time to make your selection.

Men's Suits in the new Tartan plaids and other up-to-date patterns; all styles and all sizes, $12 to $30 . . . . . Balmacaans in a big variety of styles, $10 up . . . . . Men's Hats in all the latest shapes and colors, $2 up

Women's Tailored Suits in the popular Redingote models, $12 to $35 . . . . . Women's and Misses' Coats in the new semi-fitted models, $12 to $32 . . . . . Basque Dresses in silk and wool fabrics, $10 up . . . . Velvet Turbans—very new—$3 up.

Every Garment Guaranteed.
No Charge for Alterations.
Separate Departments for Men's and Women's Garments.

FARLEY & CO.
116 Market Street

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

MEETING OF COTTON EXCHANGE

Members Are Called to Gather Monday to Consider New Amendments to the By-Laws.

New York, Oct. 17.—There will be a meeting of New York Cotton Exchange members on Monday to consider the proposed amendments to the by-laws which are expected to be generally approved and finally adopted by ballot early in the week. Meanwhile the plans for taking over old contracts by a syndicate are reported to be making favorable progress and the talk of reopening the exchange early in November is still heard generally around the floor. Reports from spinning circles indicate that the mills are buying raw material only in small lots on a scale down, and local spot dealers said that their offers from Texas were a shade lower again today and back to nearly the low point of the week. Weather advices were more favorable, generally clear conditions and higher temperatures being reported from the South but very little crop news of any kind is coming in and factors which usually exert a considerable influence on sentiment are naturally ineffective in the absence of open markets.

THE PORT MOVEMENT.

New Orleans—Middling, 6¾; receipts, 2,403; exports, 14,467; sales, 943; stock, 69,850.

Galveston—Middling, 6¾; receipts, 13,417; exports, 800; stock, 148,583.

Mobile—Middling, 6¾; receipts, 630; stock, 19,859.

Savannah—Middling, 6½; receipts, 6,210; sales, 1,176; stock, 72,071.

Charleston—Middling, 6½; receipts, 1,348; stock, 38,592.

Wilmington—Middling, 6½; receipts, 828; stock, 16,690.

Norfolk—Middling, 6¾; receipts, 1,228; exports, 300; sales, 322; stock, 3,208.

Baltimore—Stock, 4,983.

Boston—Stock, 4,133.

Philadelphia—Exports, 375; sales, 4,133; stock, 2,600.

New York—Exports, 450; stock, 86,430.

Total today—Receipts, 28,032; exports, 15,592; stock, 484,829.

Total for week—Receipts, 25,032; exports, 15,592.

Total for season—Receipts, 844,689; exports, 330,871.

Interior Movement.

Houston—Middling, 6¾; receipts, 11,599; shipments, 10,065; sales, 2,894; stock, 84,842.

Memphis—Middling, 6¾; receipts, 8,133; shipments, 3,377; sales, 1,100; stock, 99,887.

Augusta—Middling, 6¾; receipts, 4,359; shipments, 1,479; sales, 1,283; stock, 30,119.

St. Louis—Middling, 6¾; receipts, 1,304; shipments, 1,141; stock, 14,650.

Cincinnati—Middling, 6¾; receipts, 686; shipments, 528; stock, 3,138.

Little Rock—Middling, 6 ; receipts, 1,545; shipments, 193; stock, 18,455.

Total today—Receipts, 27,266; shipments, 16,849; stock, 301,831.

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

Spot Brokers and Buyers Report Somewhat Better Feeling.

New Orleans, Oct. 17.—Spot brokers and buyers reported a somewhat better feeling in the market for actual cotton today and the feeling was reflected in the unexpected advance of one-sixteenth in spot prices here, middling being quoted at 6 3-4. This was all the more surprising in view of the reduction of one-eighth in price at Dallas, where middling was quoted at 6 1-4 on sales of 7,554 bales.

Little liquidation of futures was done. January was quoted at 7.25 bid and 7.30 asked. Spot cotton quiet; sales 143; to arrive 700.

COTTON SEED OIL MARKET.

New York, Oct. 17.—The pressure of crude oil at lower prices was again a factor in promoting hedge sales and consequent further weakness in futures today. The continued buying of western interests was not in sufficient volume to check the decline and closing prices were unchanged at 7 points net lower. Sales, 7,500 bbls. Prime crude, 3.93 to 4.00; prime summer yellow, spot, and October, 5.15; November, 5.14; December, 5.19; January, 5.28; February, 5.40; March, 5.56; April, 5.67; May, 5.82; prime winter yellow and summer white, 5.25 to 6.25.

NEW YORK FINANCES.

The Conditions of Banks and Clearing Houses at Close of Business Yesterday.

New York, Oct. 17.—The statement of the average condition of clearing house banks and trust companies for the week shows that the cash reserve increased $6,857,200, leaving a deficit of $934,150 below legal requirements. The statement follows:

Average condition:

Loans, $2,175,513,000; decrease, $4,423,000.

Specie, $335,630,000; increase, $4,468,000.

Legal tenders, $98,936,000; increase, $1,441,000.

Net deposits, $1,931,447,000; decrease, $3,792,000.

Circulation, $146,227,000; increase, $2,083,000.

Banks' cash reserve in vault, $369,491,000.

Trust companies' cash reserve in vaults, $65,075,000.

Aggregate cash reserve, $434,566,000.

Deficit cash reserve, $934,150; decrease, $6,857,200.

Trust companies' reserve with clearing house members carrying 25 per cent. cash reserve, $50,705,000.

Summary of State banks and trust companies in Greater New York not included in clearing house statement:

Loans and investments, $562,581,100; decrease, $887,000.

Gold, $41,136,800; decrease, $1,461,600.

Currency and bank notes, $13,537,200; increase, $496,300.

Total deposits, $633,576,800; decrease, $304,700.

DRY GOODS MARKET.

New York, Oct. 17.—The dry goods jobbing trade was seasonably quiet today. Cotton goods and yarns were irregular and unsteady. Burlaps were dull and weak. Linens were steady. Underwear was in better demand for home and foreign use.

ADVANCE IN WHEAT CONTINUES

Sensational Reports Concerning the Losses in Crop Responsible for Continued Rise.

Chicago, Oct. 17.—Sensational reports of crop losses were largely responsible today for a continued advance in the price of wheat. The market closed nervous, at ⅞ to 1⅛c. above last night.

Corn finished ⅝ to ¾ to 1c. up, oats with a gain of ⅛ to 1c., and provisions, strong, strung out from 10c. decline to a rise of 20c.

Grain and provisions closed:

Wheat—Dec., 1.14 ; May, 1.20⅛.

Corn—Dec., 67⅞; May, 70¼.

Oats—Dec., 49⅛; May, 52 .

Pork—Jan., 18.67.

Lard—Nov., 10.30; Jan., 9.97.

Ribs—Oct., 11.00; Jan., 9.72.

Wheat—No. 2, red, 1.11½ to 1.12½; No. 2, hard, 1.11½ to 1.12½.

Corn—No. 2, yellow, 73½ to 74.

Oats—Standard, 47 to 48.

MARINE.

Arrived.

Str. Falls City (Br.), 2,917 tons, Eastwood, Balboa, Heide & Co.

Cleared.

Str. Cherokee, Bunnell, New York, C. J. Becker, agent.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in Port at Wilmington, North Carolina.

Steamers.

Str. Falls City (Br.), 2,917 tons, Eastwood, Heide & Co.

Str. Linwood (Br.), 1,952 tons, Colton, Alexander Sprunt & Sons.

Str. Strathlorne (Br.), 2,803 tons, Stanhope, Heide & Co., agents.

Str. Nicaria (Ger.) 2,289 tons, Hollasch, at Southport, Heide & Co.

Str. Kiel (Ger) 2,572 tons, Linke, at Southport, Heide & Co.

Schooners.

Schr. Alice L. Pendleton, 567 tons, Marshall, C. D. Maffitt & Co.

Barges.

Standard Oil Barge No. 80, Standard Oil Co.

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

STAR OFFICE, Oct. 17.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Steady, at 45.

ROSIN—Steady. Large, $3.40; small, $3.30.

TAR—Firm, $2.25 per barrel; per gallon, 10c.

CRUDE TURPENTINE — Firm, $3.25 per barrel for soft; $3.25 per barrel for virgin; $2.25 per barrel for hard.

Quotations same day last year — Spirits turpentine, steady, 38¾c.; rosin, firm, 3.30; tar, firm, 2.30-40; crude, firm, 3.00, 3.00, 2.00.

Receipts.

Spirits Turpentine 7

Rosin 109

Tar 58

Crude Turpentine 2

Receipts same day last year—Spirits turpentine, 12 casks; rosin, 36 barrels; tar, 10 barrels; crude turpentine, 18 barrels.

COTTON MARKET.

Market — Spot, middling, steady, 6¼; last year, 13.

Receipts, 328 bales; same day last year, 5,190 bales.

Total receipts since September 1st, 18,498 bales.

Total receipts to same day last year, 122,765 bales.

FOODSTUFFS AND FEEDS.

(Wholesale Price Quotations of Saturday by Wilmington Chamber of Commerce.)

Flour—Fancy Patent, $6.00 to $6.25 (car lots).

Corn—Domestic, $1.00; Imported, 95c.

Meal—96 lb. bag, $1.95 to $2.00.

Oats—Mixed, 60c; white, 65c. bu.

Hay—No. 1, Timothy, $24.00; No. 1, Mixed, $23.00 ton.

Middlings—$30.00 to $31.00.

D. S. Sides—From 13¼ to 14c.

Plates—from 11½ to 12.

Lard—From 8 to 8¼, according to quality.

Coffee—From 9 to 12c.

Rice—Broken, 4¼ to 4½c; Japan, 5 to 5¼c; Fancy Head, 5¾ to 6¾c.

Sugar—Granulated basis, 6¾ to 7c; lower grades, usual difference.

Molasses — Black strap, 15c; mixed, 28c; Fancy Porto Rico, 40c.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

(Quoted by W. J. Meredith, Oct. 17.)

CORN—$2.10 per sack.

POTATOES — Irish potatoes, $1.00 per bu. Sweet potatoes, yams, 75c. per bu.

PEAS—Out of season.

BEEF—Native dressed, 7 to 8c.; very dull.

PORK—Small, 10@12 cents; large, no sale.

SHEEP—No sale. Lambs, $1.50 to $2.50 per head; very dull; no sale.

WOOL—Burry, 14 to 15c.; black wool, 16 to 17c.; first-class white wool, 21c. free, 20@21c. per lb.

HIDES—Green salt, 12c.; dry flints, 17@19c. lb.; dull.

NORTH CAROLINA BACON—Hams, 22c.; good demand; sides and shoulders, 16c. per lb.

BEESWAX—Firm, 28@29c. per lb.

POULTRY — Chickens, grown, 45@50c.; spring, 15c@35c. per head; good demand.

EGGS—24@26c. per doz.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Cotton and Naval Stores at This Port Yesterday.

Wilmington, N. C., Oct. 17.

Atlantic Coast Line—4 casks spirits turpentine; 105 barrels rosin; 10 barrels tar; 2 barrels crude turpentine.

Seaboard Air Line—3 casks spirits turpentine; 4 barrels rosin; 43 barrels tar.

Total—7 casks spirits turpentine; 109 barrels rosin; 55 barrels tar; 2 barrels crude turpentine.

WILMINGTON PEANUT MARKET.

(Quoted by J. S. Funchess & Co.)

Wilmington, N. C., October 16.—North Carolina Peanuts—Market weaker; old stock, fancy hand-picked, 65c. per bu.; No. 1, machine picked, 60c. per bu.

Virginias—New crop, Jumbo, 70c. per bu.; fancy hand-picked, 65c. per bu.; No. 1, machine picked, 60c. per bu.

Spanish—New crop; Small Spanish, 70c. per bu.; Jumbo Spanish, 65c. per bu.

COTTON GOODS MARKET QUIET

Readjustment of Prices to Seven Cent Cotton From 14 Cents Goes on Slowly.

New York, Oct. 17.—Cotton goods market are generally quiet and weak. The price readjustment to a basis of seven cent cotton from 14 cent cotton is going no slowly on all trade markets and jobbers are not yet ready to operate for spring staple goods, and selling agents do not see that market concessions in prices will stimulate distribution at this time. Collections in the trade are poor and the inability to market ra wcotton continues to impede trade in many ways. Colored goods are being revised to any extent. A revision of only 1-4 cent a yard was made on some lines of braded bleached cottons sold to the jobbing trade. A much sharper revision is looked for when the time comes to make prices for spiring, which is expected to be some time in the latter part of next month. Prints and percales are selling very slowly and large printers are curtailing their output drastically. Brown sheetings are low and very irregular. Repeat orders on fine and fancy cottons are coming in unsually slow for spring. Wide sheetings rule firm and cotton blankets are very firm. This is explained by the steady demand for goods of this class for export to countries at war. Regular export trade is slowly improving wherever financial affairs are being readjusted abroad. There continues to be an increasing demand for cotton goods to be shipped to London and other ports, presumably to supply armies and to take the place of goods shut out from other countries. Army duck is firm but commercial duck is easy. Prices are nominally quoted as follows:

Print cloths, 28 inch 64x64's, 3c; 64x60 2 7-8c; 38 1-3 inch 64x64's 3 7-8c; brown sheetings, southern standards 7 1-4c. and 7 1-2c, denims 9 oz. 13 1-2c; ticklings, 8 oz. 13c; standard prints 5 1-4c; staple ginghams 6 1-4c; dress ginghams 9 1-4c.

LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Chicago, Oct. 17.—Hogs—Steady. Bulk 7.30 to 7.70; light, 7.25 to 7.85; mixed, 7.15 to 8; heavy, 7 to 8; rough, 7 to 7.15. Pigs, 4.50 to 7.20.

Cattle—Steady. Beeves, 6.50 to 10.90. Steers, 6.10 to 9.10; stockers and feeders, 5.15 to 8; cows and heifers, 3.40 to 9; calves, 7.50 to 11.25.

Sheep—Weak. Sheep, 4.85 to 6.00; yearlings, 5.50 to 6.10; lambs, 6.00 to 7.85.

FINANCIAL MARKET.

New York, Oct. 17.—Mercantile paper, 6 to 7. Sterling exchange, easy; for 60 day bills, 4.9425; for cables, 4.9825; for demand, 4.9753. Bar silver, 50⅝.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

Liverpool, Oct. 17.—Cotton — Spot, quiet. Sales, 3,700 bales, including 2,900 American, on the basis of 5.05d. for middling. Imports, 3,391 bales, including 1,936 American.

NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET.

New York, Oct. 17.—Raw sugar, quiet. Molasses sugar, 7.34; centrifugal, 4.39. Refined, quiet.

Butter—Firm.

Cheese—Steady.

NAVAL STORES MARKET.

Savannah, Ga., Oct. 17.—Turpentine, nominal, 45½; no sales; receipts, 167; shipments, 137; stock, 26,717.

Rosin—Nominal; no sales. Receipts, 1,212; shipments, 4,26; stock, 108,746. Quote: A, B, 3.50; C, D, 3.52½; E, F, G, H, I, 3.55; K, 4.15; M, 4.50; N, 6.00; W G, 6.25; W W, 6.35.

PETERSBURG PEANUT MARKET.

(Reported by Rodgers, Plummer & Co., Inc.)

Petersburg, Va., Sept. 28.—Spanish—Market, quiet. Spanish, 80c. per bushel for Farmers' stock.

Virginias—Market quiet. Jumbo, 4c. per lb. Fancy Hand Picked, 3¾c. per lb. Extra Prime, 3½c. per lb. Prime, 3¼c. per lb. Machine Picked, 3¼c. to 3¾c. per lb.

WILSON — The greatest man in the United States.

WILSON — The greatest heaters in the WORLD.

For Sale Only by

CAPE FEAR HARDWARE CO.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED

THE WEATHER.

United States Department of Agriculture—Weather Bureau.

October 18, 1914.

Meteorological data for the 24 hours ending at 8 P. M. yesterday:

Temperature at 8 A. M., 59 degrees; at 8 P. M., 64 degrees; maximum, 73 degrees; minimum, 59 degrees; mean, 66 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .09; rainfall for the month to date, 3.08 inches.

Stage of water in Cape Fear river, at Fayetteville, at 8 A. M., Wednesday, 3.9 feet.

THE WEATHER.

For North Carolina—Fair Sunday and Monday.

The Port Calendar, Oct. 18, 1914.

Sun rises ... ... 6:19 A. M.

Sun sets ... ...5:35 P. M.

Day's length ... ... .11 hrs. 16 min.

THE TIDES.

	High water. A.M.	P.M.	Low water. A.M.	P.M.
Wilmington. . .	8:53	9:11	3:46	4:15
Southport . . .	6:35	7:04	12:30	1:08
Masonboro Inl . .	6:24	6:58	12:10	12:46

WEATHER BUREAU REPORTS.

October 17, 1914.

STATIONS:	Weather at 8 P. M.	Temperature Highest today.	Temperature Lowest last night.	Precipitation at 8 P. M.
Abilene . . .	clear	88	46	.0
Asheville . .	cldy	62	40	.0
Atlanta . . .	cldy	66	46	.0
Augusta . . .	clear	70	52	.0
Birmingh. . .	clear	68	48	.0
Boston. . . .	cldy	66	58	.90
Charleston .	clear	74	58	.0
Charlotte. .	clear	66	48	.0
Chicago. . .	rain	62	50	.01
Galveston. .	clear	78	66	.0
Jacksonv . .	clear	76	60	.0
Memphis. . .	clear	70	54	.02
Mobile. . . .	clear	76	56	.0
Montgom'y .	clear	70	48	.0
New Orleans	clear	76	56	.0
New York .	clear	68	64	.18
Oklahoma .	clear	88	44	.0
Palestine . .	clear	84	52	.0
Pittsburg. .	rain	62	50	.02
Raleigh. . .	clear	70	54	.0
Savannah . .	clear	74	58	.0
Shreveport .	clear	84	50	.0
St. Louis. . .	clear	68	52	.26
Washing'n .	clear	70	60	.0

N. & W. Ry. Norfolk & Western

Quickest and Best Line West and Northwest.

Block System. Rock Ballast. 85-lb. Rails.

Schedule in Effect May 10, 1914.

Lv. Norfolk	8:40 a.m.	8:00 p.m.
Lv. Petersburg . . .	11:00 am.	10:40 p.m.
Lv. Durham	1:00 a.m.	5:30 p.m.
Lv. Lynchburg . . .	2:45 p.m	2:30 a.m.
Ar. Cincinnati . . .	1:20 a.m.	6:30 p.m.
Ar. Columbus . . .	6:45 a.m.	7:00 p.m.
Ar. Chicago	5:00 p.m.	8:00 a.m.
Ar. St. Louis	6:32 p.m.	8:30 a.m.

Close connections made for Seattle, San Francisco and All Western Points.

Pullman sleeping and parlor cars. Dining and N. Cafe dining cars. Equipment and service standard of excellence. Blue Ridge and Allegheny mountains crossed at most picturesque parts.

Time tables, descriptive literature and information free. Correspondence invited.

W. B. BEVILL, Pass. Traf. Mgr.

W. C. SAUNDERS, G. P. A., Roanoke, Va.

C. H. BOSLEY, D. P. A., Richmond, Va.

NOTICE OF REGISTRATION AND GENERAL ELECTION.

Notice is hereby given of the General Election in the County of New Hanover on Tuesday after the first Monday of November, it being the 3rd day of November, 1914.

Said election will be held during the hours and in the manner prescribed by law, and at the places hereinafter named.

Registration books will be opened Monday, October 5th, and remain open until the close of the day of October 25th, for the registration of new voters and the transfer of voters from one Ward or Precinct to another.

Registrars will be in attendance at the polling places of their respective wards and precincts on Saturdays of each week during said registration period.

The polling places and names of the registrars and Judges of Election fixed for the aforesaid election are as follows:

First Ward, First Precinct—Polling place: Fourth Street Bridge. Registrar, W. McD. Evans; Judges, B. C. Moore and James Elkins.

First Ward, Second Precinct—Polling place: Engine House, Fourth and Campbell streets. Registrar, W. H. Howe; Judges, W. H. Northrop, Jr., and Wm. Sheehan.

Second Ward—Polling place: Court House. Registrar, W. W. Hodges; Judges, H. P. Munson and W. J. Meredith.

Third Ward—Polling place: Giblem Lodge, Eighth and Princess streets. Registrar, A. G. Hankins; Judges, S. J. Ellis and Coy Hewett.

Fourth Ward—Polling place: McClellan's Stable, on Dock, between Front and Second. Registrar: Geo. P. Howe; Judges, J. O. Reilly and S. Seigler, Sr.

Fifth Ward, First Precinct—Polling place: Front and Queen streets. Registrar, R. Henry Orrell; Judges, Edward Register and Thos. Lossen.

Fifth Ward, Second Precinct—Polling place: Engine House, Sixth and Castle streets. Registrar, T. C. Landen; Judges, W. M. Creasy and W. H. Biddle.

Cape Fear Precinct—Polling place: Johnson's Store, Four and One-Half Mile Post. Registrar, J. Herbert Johnson; Judges, W. D. Rhodes, Jr., and J. W. Winders.

Delgado Precinct — Polling place: Barber Shop. Registrar, R. F. Hall; Judges, W. D. McCaig and W. A. Woods.

Seven Mile Post Precinct—Polling place: Seven Mile Post. Registrar, Jas. N. Shepard; Judges, R. J. Canady and M. O. West.

Seagate Precinct—Polling place: Rodgers' Store. Registrar, John Hines; Judges, G. W. Westbrook and Geo. Rodgers.

Masonboro Precinct — Polling place: Farrar's Store. Registrar, W. Horne; Judges, J. P. Herring and Addison Hewlett.

Federal Point Precinct — Polling place: T. J. Burnett's house. Registrar, H. A. Kure, Sr.; Judges, T. J. Burnett and Hank Williams.

The above notice cancels all other polling places and the changes indicated are hereby published in accordance with law, together with the full list of polling places.

This October 1st, 1914.

C. W. WOODWARD, Chairman,
Board of Elections of New Hanover County.

oc1,tll25,inc.

Atlantic Coast Line

"The Standard Railroad of the South."

Bulletin of Special Round Trip Fares.

—from—

WILMINGTON

YOUKON, FLA. $31.30
On sale October 6 to 18, inclusive, limited returning October 31.

ATLANTA, GA. $13.85
On sale October 12, 13 and 14; limited, returning, October 24.

RALEIGH, N. C. $4.75
On sale October 17 to 24, inclusive, limited returning October 26.

RICHMOND, VA. $8.10
On sale October 17, 18, 19, limited returning October 27th.

NEW ORLEANS, LA. $35.60
On sale October 17 and 18, limited returning October 31.

NEW ORLEANS, LA. $35.60
On sale October 24, 25 and 26, limited returning November 15.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C. $3.25
On sale October 25 to 30, inclusive. Limited, returning, October 31st.

CHICAGO, ILL. $41.70
On sale October 24, 25 and 26; limited, returning, November 4th.

RALEIGH, N. C. $4.75
On sale October 26 to 29, inclusive. Limited, returning, November 1.

NEWBERN, N. C. $2.90
On sale October 26 to 30, inclusive. Limited, returning, October 31.

RICHMOND, VA. $10.70
On sale November 6, 7, 8; limited, returning, November 22nd.

ATLANTA, GA. $13.85
On sale November 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12, limited returning November 23.

SAVANNAH, GA. $10.80
On sale November 7, 8, 9 and 10, limited returning November 20.

For schedules, reservations and any further information, call 'phone 160, or apply to C. M. ACKER, Ticket Agent of the

ATLANTIC COAST LINE

W. J. CRAIG, Pass. Traf. Mgr. T. C. WHITE, Gen. Pass. Agt.

CLYDE LINE

TO NEW YORK AND GEORGETOWN, S. C.

New York to Wilmington.

Steamship Cherokee, Friday, Sept. 25th

Steamship Navahoe, Friday, Oct. 2nd

Wilmington to Georgetown.

Steamship Cherokee, Monday, Sept. 28th

Steamship Navahoe, Monday, Oct. 5th

Wilmington to New York.

Steamship Navahoe, Saturday, Sept. 26

Steamship Cherokee, Saturday, Oct. 3

Both Steamers Carry Passengers.

Through bills of lading and lowest through rates guaranteed to and from all points in North and South Carolina.

CLYDE STEAMSHIP CO.

C. J. BECKER, Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

H. G. SMALLBONES, Commercial Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

General Offices: Pier 36, N. R., New York

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY

The Progressive Railway of the South.

Bulletin of Special Round Trip Rates in Effect from Wilmington.

YOUKON, FLA. $21.30
On sale October 6 to 18, inclusive, limited, returning, October 31.

RALEIGH, N. C. $4.75
On sale October 17 to 24, inclusive, limited, returning, October 26.
On sale October 24 to 31st; limited, returning Nov. 2nd.

RICHMOND, VA. $8.10
On sale October 17, 18, 19, limited returning, October 27th.

NEW ORLEANS, LA. $35.60
On sale October 17 and 18, limited returning, October 31.
On sale October 24, 25 and 26; limited, returning, November 4th.

CHICAGO, ILL. $41.70
On sale October 24, 25 and 26; limited, returning, November 15th.

ATLANTA, GA. $13.85
On sale November 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12; limited, returning, November 23.

CHARLOTTE, N. C. $6.40
On sale Oct. 25 to 30th; limited, returning, November 1st.

SAVANNAH, GA. $10.80
On sale November 7, 8, 9 and 10; limited returning November 20.

For tickets, Pullman reservations, or any information, call 'phone 178, or apply to Agent.

H. E. PLEASANTS, T. P. A., Wilmington, N. C.

JOHN T. WEST, D. P. A., Raleigh, N. C.

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY

"THE PROGRESSIVE RAILWAY OF THE SOUTH."

EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 9, 1914.

Trains Leave Wilmington Daily as Follows:

No. 13—3:00 P. M.—For Local Stations, Lumberton, Maxton, Laurinburg, Charlotte and Intermediate Points, connecting at Hamlet for Richmond, Washington, New York, Atlanta, Jacksonville, and all points North and South.

Through Pullman sleeping car service between Wilmington and Atlanta.

No. 19—5:00 A. M.—Local train for Charlotte. Sleeper open at 10:00 P. M.

For detailed information and reservations, call on City Ticket Office, Orton Hotel, Wilmington, N. C. 'Phone 178.

E. E. HUNTER, Div. Frt. Agt., JOHN T. WEST, Div. Pass. Agt., Wilmington, N. C. Raleigh, N. C.

J. L. BECTON
CIVIL ENGINEER
27-28 I. O. O. F. Bldg.,
N. W. Cor. 3rd and Princess.
WILMINGTON, N. C.
'Phone 1494-W. P. O. Box 594.

THROUGH SLEEPING CARS OF ALL STEEL CONSTRUCTION. WILMINGTON TO ATLANTA.

Daily, via the ATLANTI COAST LINE

The Standard Railroad of the South.

LV. WILMINGTON ... ... 3.45 P. M.
Ar. Florence ... ... 7.30 P. M.
Lv. Florence ... ... 7.55 P. M.
Ar. Sumter ... ... 9.20 P. M.
Ar. Augusta ... ... 1.40 A. M.
AR. ATLANTA ... ... 6.00 A. M.

Passengers may remain in Sleepers in Union Depot, until 8.00 A. M.

THROUGH COACHES FROM FLORENCE.

For reservations, etc., PHONE 160, ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

SUBURBAN SCHEDULE

In Effect October 12, 1914.

WINTER PARK, WRIGHTSVILLE, WRIGHTSVILLE BEACH AND INTERMEDIATE POINTS.

EASTBOUND: Leave Front and Princess for Winter Park	Leave Front and Princess for Wrightsville	Leave Front and Princess for Beach	WESTBOUND: Leave Winter Park for Wilmington	Leave Wrightsville for Wilmington	Leave for for Wilmington
.....	.....	.....	a6:26 A. M.	a6:15 A. M.	.....
a6:30 A. M.	a6:30 A. M.	a6:30 A. M.	a7:26 A. M.	a7:25 A. M.	.....
.....	.....	.....	b7:56 A. M.	b7:45 A. M.	b7:35 A. M.
6:55 A. M.	6:55 A. M.	b6:55 A. M.	a8:01 A. M.	a7:50 A. M.	a7:40 A. M.
a8:00 A. M.	a8:00 A. M.	.....	a8:41 A. M.	a8:30 A. M.	.....
8:30 A. M.	8:30 A. M.	8:30 A. M.	9:26 A. M.	9:25 A. M.	9:15 A. M.
.....	.....	.....	b10:31A.M.	b10:20 A. M.	.....
10:00 A. M.	10:00 A. M.	10:00 A. M.	11:06 A. M.	11:55 A. M.	10:45 A. M.
11:30 A. M.	11:30 A. M.	11:30 A. M.	12:36 P. M.	12:25 P. M.	12:15 P. M.
1:10 P. M.	1:10 P. M.	1:10 P. M.	2:01 P. M.	1:50 P. M.	c1:45 P. M.
c1:55 P. M.	c1:55 P. M.	.....	c2:36 P. M.	c2:25 P. M.	.....
cd2:35 P. M.	.....	.....	cd3:06P.M.	.....	.....
3:00 P. M.	3:00 P. M.	3:00 P. M.	c3:50 P. M.	.....	.....
3:30 P. M.	.....	.....	4:06 P. M.	3:55 P. M.	3:45 P. M.
c4:10 P. M.	.....	.....	c4:30 P. M.	.....	.....
4:30 P. M.	4:30 P. M.	4:30 P. M.	c5:10 P. M.	.....	.....
c4:50 P. M.	.....	.....	5:36 P. M.	5:25 P. M.	5:15 P. M.
5:30 P. M.	5:30 P. M.	.....	6:11 P. M.	6:00 P. M.	.....
6:10 P. M.	6:10 P. M.	.....	6:51 P. M.	6:40 P. M.	.....
6:40 P. M.	6:40 P. M.	6:40 P. M.	7:41 P. M.	7:30 P. M.	7:20 P. M.
7:15 P. M.	7:15 P. M.	.....	8:06 P. M.	7:55 P. M.	.....
8:15 P. M.	8:15 P. M.	.....	8:56 P. M.	8:45 P. M.	.....
9:15 P. M.	9:15 P. M.	9:15 P. M.	10:21 P. M.	10:10 P. M.	10:00 P. M.
10:15 P. M.	10:15 P. M.	.....	10:56 P. M.	10:45 P. M.	.....
11:15 P. M.	11:15 P. M.	11:15 P. M.	12:21 A. M.	12:10 A. M.	12:00 M.

SPECIAL FOR SUNDAYS.

Leave Front and Princess streets every half hour from 2:00 to 5:00 P. M.

Leave Beach every half hour from 2:45 to 5:45 P. M.

a—Daily, except Sundays.
b—Sundays Only.
c—Superceded by half hour cars Sunday afternoons.
d—Goes through to Seagate; returning leaves Seagate at 3:00 P. M.
e—Leaves from Station No. 3.

FREIGHT SCHEDULE.

(Daily, except Sundays.)

Leave Ninth and Orange streets, 3:30 P. M.
Freight Depot open from 2:30 to 3:30 P. M.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE

Arrivals and Departures of Trains at Wilmington. Effective Sept. 20, 1914. Time Not Guaranteed.

DEPARTURES:	TO AND FROM	ARRIVALS:
No. 90. ‡ 3:40 A.M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Eastern North Carolina points. Connects at Goldsboro with Southern Railway and Norfolk Southern Railroad. No. 91 leaves Norfolk 3:40 P. M. and Richmond 4:10 P. M.	No. 91. a 1:15 A.M.
No. 51. * 5:25 A.M.	Chadbourn, Conway, Florence Charleston, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa, Ft. Myers, Columbia and Asheville. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Columbia, open to receive passengers at Wilmington at and after 10:00 P. M., and may be occupied until 7:00 A. M.	No. 50. *12:45 A.M.
No. 64. ‡ 5:50 A.M.	Jacksonville, Newbern and intermediate stations.	No. 65. ‡ 6:15 P.M.
No. 48. * 8:30 A.M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Washington. Pullman Parlor Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk, connecting at Rocky Mount with New York trains with Pullman Service.	No. 49. * 6:00 P.M.
No. 53. * 8:45 A.M.	Solid train between Wilmington and Mt. Airy, via Fayetteville and Sanford.	No. 52. * 5:05 P.M.
No. 62. * 3:25 P.M.	Jacksonville, Newbern and intermediate stations.	No. 63. *12:50 P.M.
No. 57. ‡ 6:20 P.M.	Chadbourn, Conway and intermediate stations.	No. 58. ‡ 8:15 A.M.
* No. 55. 3:45 P.M.	Chadbourn, Florence, Augusta, Atlanta and the West. Charleston, Savannah and all Florida Points. Columbia, Asheville and the West. All Steel Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington, Augusta and Atlanta, and between Florence and Columbia.	No. 54. *12:30 P.M.
No. 59. ‡ 6:30 P.M.	Fayetteville and intermediate stations.	No. 60. ‡10:15 A.M.
No. 42. * 6:45 P.M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk, Washington and New York. Pullman Broiler, Buffet Sleeping Cars, between Wilmington and Washington, connecting with New York trains; also Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk.	No. 41. * 9:40 A.M.

* Daily ‡ Daily except Sunday. a Daily except Monday. ‡ Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

For folders, reservations, rates of fares, etc., call 'phone 160.

W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager, T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent. WILMINGTON, N. C.

This Door Is Open To You!

THE average American wants quick action, and the Bell telephone gives it to him. He wants prompt and definite results from his advertising, and the Bell telephone directory gives it to him.

The Bell telephone directory is always near the telephone in the office or home. It is the most frequently consulted commercial directory in the world. It brings results for advertisers that other mediums can not accomplish.

A limited amount of space in our directories is sold to selected advertisers. Write at once for rates and information in order to have your advertisement included in the next directory.

Publicity Department, Atlanta, Ga.

When You Telephone, Smile

SOUTHERN BELL TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH COMPANY

WM. GREGERSEN

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT

112 North Water St. Wilmington, N. C.

POULTRY, EGGS, PEANUTS, POTATOES, FRUITS and PRODUCE OF ALL KINDS.

MADE BY H-R Southern Map Company WILMINGTON N. C. TRADE MARK

BLUE-PRINTS

OVERMAN DRAMATIC IN SENATE SPEECH

In Tears, He Appeals for Government Aid for South.

FOR JUSTICE, NOT ALMS

Pleads for Loan of the Nation's Credit to the Cotton Growing States for a Period of Three Years. Defeated.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Washington, D. C., Oct. 17.—With tears streaming down his cheeks, Senator Overman made a speech in the Senate today in support of the Smith-Overman cotton amendment to the war tax bill. Several other Senators mingled their tears with the junior North Carolina senator's. It was perhaps the most eloquent speech the North Carolina senator ever made. Mr. Overman told the Senate that the South did not ask for alms; that simple justice was all that was asked, the loan of the people's credit to the cotton growing states for a period of three years.

Not a dollar would be charged to any state, he said, except those directly benefited. Senator Overman told of what he termed panicky conditions in his state, and said that unless something was done many of the State's best people would be bankrupt.

Senator Simmons cast his vote for the amendment, while Senator Overman actively supported it. But the proposition was defeated as everyone knew it would be.

"We of the South," said Senator Overman, "come not to the Senate and ask for alms; we spurn them. We do not ask for any gift, we ask simply that this great government lend us its credit to take care of our own situation. We ask for justice.

"We men here, pleading for the people of the South, are as serious as if we stood in front of the cannon's mouth; it is a serious question. We do not know what is going to happen in our section of the country with fifteen million bales of cotton on hand that cannot be sold at all.

"Some few bales are being sold at five and six cents, but the cotton mills do not know what to pay for it.

"Will the bankers lend money on it? No.

"Why, I would not loan money on cotton myself if I were a banker.

"I would not as the trustee for the depositors of my bank loan money on cotton today at six cents when tomorrow it might go down to five cents or four cents.

"We do not want money; we want a market. Give us your credit and we will make a market and that is all we need.

"Senators talk about precedents. I hope to God there never will be need to follow this precedent in the United States again. There never has been need to establish such a precedent and there never will be again.

"Mr. President, the banks of the South get their money from New York. They discount their paper in New York for the purpose of financing their crops in the South. The bankers lend the money to the merchants to supply the cotton planters. The cotton planter supplies the poor tenant farmer, and about 40 per cent of the cotton growers are the poor colored men of the South. These men today cannot sell their cotton. What is to become of them during the wintry months or what is to become of the poor white tenant farmers?

"I tell you, my countrymen, if something is not done for this Southern country in the near future, starvation will stare us in the face and a million poor colored men whom we have been trying to take care of, who have no land and who have been living on the supplies given to them by the planters, will be roaming up and down the South begging bread, and how can we give it to them if we are threatened financially and in a condition of ruin and distress.

"We simply ask that you write upon a piece of paper a bond and give it to us and let us take these five million bales of cotton and save them and hold them until it may be sold and you can get your money back. Under these conditions the tax payers of the South will help and if the cotton does not pay back the amount of the bonds, we ask that you tax us for the purpose, so that the government of the United States shall not lose a cent on its cotton.

"We will pay it ourselves; we will bear our burdens; but we ask you to help us to save ourselves from bankruptcy, sister States.

"Have we not done our duty to the Union? Have we not been loyal?"

P. R. A.

TUBERCULOSIS DAY DURING WEEK OF NOVEMBER 29TH

Churches, Schools and Beneficent and Frantenal Orders to Observe It.

By sermons, lectures, motion pictures, exhibits, and many other methods, The National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis will enlist thousands of churches, schools, and lodges of the country in a simultaneous educational movement against tuberculosis during the week of November 29th. The campaign is to be known as the Fifth Annual Tuberculosis Day Movement.

A special circular entitled "What is Tuberculosis Day" has been prepared and is being widely distributed. The plan of Tuberculosis Day, as explained in the circular, does not necessarily comprehend a special sermon on tuberculosis in November 29th. If a church, school, or lodge gives the subject attention in any way during that week, this will help in the national educational movement.

Outlines for lectures or sermons on tuberculosis and "stock" talks on this subject will be furnished free to ministers and others who can use them. Literature for distribution in the churches, schools, lodges, and elsewhere will also be given away in large quantities. Persons wishing such literature, either for the preparation of sermons or talks on tuberculosis, or for distribution in public meetings on Tuberculosis Day, should get in touch with their local antituberculosis society or if that it not possible, with The National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis, 105 East 22nd street, New York City.

HUMAN BEINGS NOT THE ONLY REFUGEES IN PARIS.

Thousands of Homeless Cats and Dogs Follow Homeless Masters.

Paris, Oct. 16.—Human beings are not the only refugees from the war zone now harbored in Paris. Homeless cats and dogs from Belgium and the stricken cities of Northern France followed their homeless masters and mistresses and have added thousands to the canine and feline population of the city. They gave plenty of trouble to the pound keeper, whose war-reduced staff had already enough to do to collect the thousands of animal pets abandoned during the exodus of Parisians when siege was threatened. The pound keeper became so overwhelmed that Le Figaro took cognizance of the situation in the following article:

"The horrors of war do not prevent lovers of animals from continuing sensible to the sufferings of their proteges; especially cats and dogs—for the poor horses are no longer a question in our cities.

"We have received complaints from certain animal lovers who feel compassion for the cruel treatment of which these animals have been the object at the pound.

"We have made inquiries. Let sensitive persons console themselves.

"In these last weeks the exodus of the unfortunate populations of the north brought to Paris a certain quantity of stray cats.

"Dogs were also 'Belgian refugees.'

"And then there has been the dispersion in Paris of cats and dogs abandoned by their masters at the time of the panic the beginning of September. And it is thus that the pound has had to receive five times as many prisoners as usual. Mobilization reduced its personnel by two-thirds and its wagons have been requisitioned. The animals have consequently suffered and the care of them has perforce been insufficient for some days.

"But now all goes well. Order has been re-established at the pound. The dogs are again almost happy. The cats also."

NEWBERN MAN'S DEAD BODY FOUND IN AN OUT HOUSE

Evidence Seems to Indicate That H. J. Staub Was Murdered.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Newbern, N. C. Oct. 17.—H. J. Staub, a well known citizen of this city, who owned a large farm and dairy a few miles from town, was found dead in an out-building on the premises late this afternoon, and indications are that he was murdered.

A coroner's jury has been empaneled and are tonight making a strict inquiry into the affair.

The finding of Mr. Staub's body and the belief that he has been murdered has caused a great deal of excitement.

Business Locals

Advertisements inserted under this head, One Cent per word for each insertion, but no advertisement taken for less than 25c. Additional words more than 25, One Cent per word. Unless the advertiser has a regular account, all advertisements under this head are STRICTLY CASH IN ADVANCE, the amount being too small to warrant a charge. The Star will send without charge a Western Union Messenger to any address in the city, for advertisements in this department, upon request by 'phone to No, 51. Messengers will also call for Telegrams for the Western Union Telegraph Company, or for notes or small packages to be delivered anywhere in the city. No charge for collecting the telegrams, or advertisements for the Star, but a small charge for strictly Messenger Service. Telephone subscribers may at any time telephone their telegrams and bills will be rendered to suit the sender, daily, weekly or monthly. For this service, call "Western Union," but for advertisements always call the Star office. No. 51. Locals cannot be taken over the telephone — but upon request messenger will be dispatched to any part of the city for them.

HAVE SEVERAL NICE COTTAGES and two-story houses for rent, at reasonable prices. Telephone 832, L. W. Moore, Real Estate, 123 Princess. oc18-1t

FOR RENT — SPLENDID FIVE-ROOM cottage, 807 Dock; only $16.67 per month. Immediate possession. L. W. Moore, Agent; 123 Princess street. oc18-1t

FOR SALE — THE WORTH FARM, IN Lyon Swamp drainage district. Will produce without fertilizer, 50-60 bushels corn per acre. Well adapted for other crops. L. W. Moore, Agent; 123 Princess. oc18-1t

WANTED — BY A RESPECTABLE white woman, a position to look after a child. Good references. "C. C." care Star. oc18-1t*

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM, with every convenience. 'Phone 1816-J. Or call 310 Walnut street. oc18-1t*

FOR RENT—WELL LOCATED STORE in down town section; suitable for any kind of retail business. Can arrange long lease. Apply Box 538, City. oc18-1t*

FOUR ROOMS FOR RENT IN DESIRable location, with all modern conveniences, and near car line. Refined, congenial young man and mother living in part of the house. Will sublet for low rental to right parties. Call 'Phone 1317, or address "X," Box 363. oc18-1t*

OPENING OF A "WOMAN'S EXchange," in connection with the "Doll Hospital," Tuesday, October 20th. Embroidered lingeries, crocheting, etc. Public invited. 311 North Fifth street. oc18-1t*

FOR SALE — BUREAU AND WASH stand in good condition. Price $12. 207 North Fifth. oc18-1t

WANTED — TO SELL, 1,000 CORDS green old-field pine wood, f. o. b. cars Highsmith siding. A. N. Smith, Roseboro, N. C. oc18-4t*

WOOD MANTELS, SLATE MANTELS, marble mantels, brick mantels, cabinet mantels, made in oak, birch, mahogany and white wood. The New Tile Shop. J. F. McVey, 301 South Front street. oc18-1t*

DESK ROOM. CALL AT 219 SOUTH Front street. oc18-1t*

FOR RENT — EIGHT-ROOM HOUSE, bath, lavatory, electricity and gas. Deep back yard. Apply for particulars to 317 South Fifth street; 'Phone 1891-J. oc18-1t*

DON'T BUY A NEW HAT. WE CAN clean, block and shape your old hat like new. American Practical Hatter and Tailor, 128 Market street. 'Phone 418-W. oc18-1t*

PERSONAL — BRING YOUR LAST year's overcoat and Fall suits here. We will sanitary clean and press them like new. American Practical Hatter and Tailor, 128 Market street; 'Phone 418-W. oc18-1t*

WE WILL LEND YOU THE MONEY TO build a home at Winoca. This money can be had by individual loan or through a B. & L. Association. This is an opportunity to get a home on long time; easy, like rent paying, plan. The chance won't be open long; see us at once. J. G. Wright & Son, Real Estate Agents. oc18-2t

$20 PER MONTH FOR A NICE BUNGalow on Wrightsville Avenue. F. A. Lord, Insurance and Real Estate. oc18-2t

IF I DIDN'T TELL YOU ABOUT THAT charming apartment I have for rent, I should have. F. A. Lord, 'Phone 766. oc18-1t

BUTTER — WE ARE JUST IN REceipt of a shipment of fresh Catawba Gem creamery butter, put up in sanitary one-pound cartons. Made in Hickory, N. C. Owing to the introduction of new, modern machinery, the quality of this butter has been greatly improved. Independent Ice Co., Distributors. oc18-1t

WANTED — ROOM-MATE FOR CONgenial, refined young man. Central location, car service, use of 'phone. Hot and cold water; private family. References, if desired. Call 1327-J. oc18-1t*

DR. RANSEY WEATHERSBEE WISHes to announce the removal of his dental office to Rooms 206 and 207, Second floor, of the Southern Building. oc18-3t*

FOR RENT — LARGE FRONT ROOM, furnished. 106 North Fourth street. oc18-1t*

CONVERSATION LESSONS GIVEN BY French lady, speaking with true Parisian accent. Those beginning French also will be taken. Mrs. M. B. Hatchell, 504 South Second street. 'Phone 1651-W. oc18-1t*

FOR SALE — A COMPLETE LINE OF genuine Keystone pulleys, all of the split type, but will stand any kind of service. We also have for prompt delivery all kinds of machinery, new and rebuilt. Call and inspect our stock at the Lingo City Machinery Yard, Wilmington Iron Works. oc18-1t

DECIDE WHAT YOU WANT IN REAL Estate, and let us do the rest. We now have some very desirable property listed for sale. Our services are at your command. 'Phone 145. W. A. McGirt, Real Estate and Insurance. oc18-1t

WE HAVE A FEW STORES ON OUR rent list. These stores are situated in the heart of the business district, and are suitable for Wholesale or Retail business. W. A. McGirt, Masonic Temple Building. oc18-1t

FOR RENT — APARTMENTS, NO. 504 Dock street, with every modern convenience. We would be pleased to show you. W. A. McGirt, Real Estate and Insurance, Masonic Temple building. oc18-1t

BUY A BALE OF COTTON FROM THE Farmer, through this office. We will arrange to have same stored for You, and our service will cost you nothing. W. A. McGirt, Masonic Temple Building. oc18-1t

IF YOU ARE LOOKING FOR A FARM, see me. Have numerous propositions that will interest you. Write or 'phone. W. A. McGirt, Real Estate and Farm Lands. oc18-1t

HOMES FOR RENT — ALL MODERN houses; No. 508 Market, 8 rooms, $45. No. 520 Market, 12 rooms, $50.00; No. 309 Carolina Place, brick cottage, 6 rooms, $25.00; No. 310 Grace, 7 rooms, $32.50, and others. James Owen Reilly, Fire Insurance and Real Estate. oc18-2t

THE RURAL BUILDING & LOAN ASsociation will open a new series Saturday, November 7th, 1914. The surest and easiest way to save money or to own your home. Series limited to 1,000 shares. You can subscribe for stock now. James Owen Reilly, Secretary and Treasurer. oc18-3t

WANTED — POSITION AS CHAUFFeur; thoroughly experienced and will give good references. Address "Box," care Star office, Wilmington, N. C. oc18-1t*

NOTICE — WE HAVE A FULL LINE of window shade material to select from. Quality and service guaranteed. 'Phone R. O. Rodgers, care C. W. Yates & Co. oc18-1t*

FOR RENT — LARGE ROOM, SUITable for two gentlemen. Also one small room; a good location, with all conveniences. 'Phone 1104-J. Address "W," care Star. oc18-1t*

LOST — FEMALE BULL DOG, ON 5:15 Beach car Thursday evening. Answers to name of "Bess." Reward, if returned to 416 South Fourth street. oc18-1t*

REMINGTON TYPEWRITER, NO. 7, in good order, for sale cheap. Address "Typewriter," care Star. oc18-1t*

FOR RENT — ONE NICELY FURNISHed front room, suitable for two, with or without board; 212 Red Cross street. oc18-1t*

ATTENTION — AUTOMOBILE FOR sale. Five-passenger Studebaker, in good condition. Price less than $300. Terms to suit. Can be seen at No. 9 Market street. oc18-1t*

NOTICE — WE HAVE A FULL LINE of window shade material to select from. Quality and service guaranteed. 'Phone R. O. Rodgers, care C. W. Yates & Co. oc18-1t*

WOOD! WOOD! — ALL GRADES OF wood, at the Whiteman Wood Yard, sawed any length. 'Phone 850-J. John H. Whiteman. oc18-1t*

WANTED—EMPLOYMENT IN AFTERnoon or night. Can give reference. Address "Hustler," care Star. oc18-1t*

FOR SALE — COMBINATION HORSE at a bargain. Address P. O. Box 538. oc18-1t*

IF YOU WANT A GOOD ROOF AT small cost, use our special brand of 5x18 Juniper shingles, $5.25 per thousand, delivered. Clark-Lynch Lumber Co. oc18-1t

WANTED — AGENTS TO HANDLE two articles of merit. One to three hundred per cent. profit. Used by everybody. Address Wilson Co., Box 1044, Wilmington, N. C. oc18-1t*

LOST — ON STREET, TWO SIDE CURtains for automobile. Finder 'phone 709-J, for reward. oc18-1t*

RELIABLE MEN AND WOMEN EVerywhere earn $12.50 per 100 passing out free packages perfumed soap powder, starch, etc. No money needed. Ward's Grocery Department, 216 Institute Place, Chicago. oc18-1t*

LADIES TO SEW AT HOME, GOOD pay. Send stamp. Work sent prepaid. King Mfg. Co., 1431 Broadway, N. Y. City. oc18-1t*

WANTED — CIGAR SALESMAN TO sell cigars, cigarettes, tobacco, to dealers; $100 per month; $5 per day traveling expenses. Amber Tobacco Co., Boston, Mass. oc18-1t*

A FENCE BUILT OF OUR LONG LEAF heart posts and stringers and cypress pickets or boards is a permanent asset to your property. Clark-Lynch Lumber Co. oc18-1t

SALESMAN — FOR GENERAL MERcantile trade in N. C., to sell a new proposition of merit. Vacancy now. Attractive commission contract, balance of year and 1915; $35 weekly for expenses. Miles F. Bixler Co., Wholesale Jewelers, 198-42 Carlin Bldg., Cleveland, O. oc18-1t*

SALESMAN EXPERIENCED IN ANY line, to sell general trade in North Carolina. Unexcelled specialty proposition. Commission contract; $35 weekly for expenses. Continental Jewelry Co., 796-41 Continental Bldg., Cleveland, Ohio. oc18-1t*

WANTED—SALESMEN VISITING THE general store trade to carry side line. No samples necessary. On commission basis. Address Box 18, Savannah, Ga. oc18-su,2t*

LET US SEND YOU SOME CONVINCing literature on the subject of Beaver Board, together with instructions for applying. Clark-Lynch Lumber Co. oc18-1t

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED room, electric lights, nice bath room, use of 'phone. In private family. 'Phone 1104-W, or apply 205 Red Cross street. oc18-2t*

COME TO THE BIG AUCTION SALE of town lots in Rose Hill, N. C., next Tuesday, at 10:30. oc18-2t*

BRING YOUR FAMILIES TO THE auction sale of town lots in Rose Hill, October 20th, at 10:30. Nice presents will be given away. oc18-2t*

AGENTS WANTED — AGENTS OR representatives to handle newly patented bath room fixture to dispense dentifrice automatically. Nothing similar on the market. Unlimited field. Retails 50c. Dentor Co., Times Building, N. Y. oc18-1t*

WHEN COTTON IS LOW AND MONEY tight is the time to pick up bargains at the auction sale of town lots in Rose Hill, next Tuesday, at 10:30. oc18-2t*

WE EXPECT TO SELL A LARGE number of the best residence lots in Rose Hill next Tuesday, rain or shine. Terms easy. Come out and buy bargains. oc18-2t*

LOST — ONE WATERMAN FOUNTAIN Pen. Reward, if returned to 908 Market street. oc18-1t*

FOR RENT — FURNISHED HOUSE, 11 rooms, modern, in perfect order. Very attractive price to right party. Just the place for a select boarding house. See M. C. Darby & Co., Real Estate. oc18-1t

WE CLEAN KALSOMINE AND WALL paper like new. Old mirrors re-silvered and new ones made to order. Please address 515 Nun street. oc18-1t*

LET US STORE YOUR FURNITURE — Hopkins Furniture Co., 20 Market street. oc18-1t

LET US PACK YOUR FURNITURE for shipment. We have experts. Hopkins Furniture Co., 20 Market street. oc18-1t

MISSES REBA AND EDNA MYERS will open a dancing class in the Hibernian Hall, beginning November 2nd. Classes Monday and Thursday afternoons and Tuesday and Friday evenings. For particulars, call No. 1460-W. oc18-1t

LET US MOVE YOUR FURNITURE without damage. Hopkins Furniture Co., 20 Market street. oc18-1t

FOR SALE — ONE BRUSH RUNabout auto, like new. Cheap for cash. Hopkins Furniture Co., 20 Market street. oc18-1t

FOR RENT — TWO UNFURNISHED rooms for light housekeeping; running water, electric lights and gas, to desirable party. Use of 'phone. $10. 814 Orange street. oc17-3t*

A FULL LINE OF SHADE TREES, roses and shrubs. Buy home grown fruit trees at The Holland Nurseries, Castle Haynes, N. C. 'Phone 5411. oc17-w,su-tf

NEW YORK TEACHER DESIRES PUpils for piano and for instruction in French and German. Coaching. Special attention to beginners. Best references. Rates reasonable. 64 Carolina Apartment. oc16-7t

FOR RENT — AT SEA GATE, WATER front, a six-room bungalow with electric lights, automatic electric water plant and complete sewerage system. Servants' house, garage, barn, stable and chicken yard. Large lawn and twelve acres of fertile land. Can be rented with or without land. Apply to A. W. Pate Co. oc16-3t

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TYPEWRITERS FOR RENT — REMington, Monarch and Smith-Premier. Delivered anywhere. One month's rental to apply on purchase. Price visible models, $3.00 per month. Remington Typewriter Co. oc16-7t

CITY AND SUBURBAN BUILDING ASsociation, 114 Princess street; opens its seventh series of stock Saturday, November 7th. Subscribe for stock today and let us help you own a home. Clayton Giles, Sr., President; L. J. Carter, Secretary. oc17-2tt

THE GILBERT HOUSE — EUROPEAN Plan, for those touring the South; Front and Princess streets. Junction of all cars to Union depot. Steam heat, hot water and electric lights. A. M. Gilbert, Prop.; 'Phone 827-J, Wilmington, N. C. oc15-7t

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MACKEREL, NO. 1, MEDIUM SIZE; mackerel, mullets, mullets; roe, Scotch herring, halibut, tuny fish, shad roe, fresh. 'Phone 1038. C. R. Pape, corner Seventh and Chestnut. oc14-7t

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FLORIDA GRAPE FRUIT, NEW COcoanuts, malaga grapes, N. Y. apples, oranges, pears, bananas, lemons, onions, turnips, potatoes, etc. Wilmington Fruit Exchange; 'Phone 930. oc13-7t

MR. PROSPECTIVE BUILDER — NOW is the time to get cheap and thoroughly worked out plans for any kind of building contemplated. Best references. P. O. Box 1056, Wilmington, N. C. Telephone 1997-W. oc4-1mo*

REDUCED OFFICE RENT IN THE Maffitt's Marine Wireless Building, Northeast corner Water and Princess streets. See C. D. Maffitt, Room No. 10; 'Phone 112. au28-tf

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FOR SALE—A PAIR OF GOOD draught horses, first class condition, also two heavy wagons and harness. Will take in exchange real estate. U. A. Underwood. au25-tf

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TRY MOORE AND ALDERMAN, wholesale fruit and produce dealers. Apples, cabbage, potatoes, onions, oranges, ets. No. 4 Pincess street, Phone 182. oc4-tf

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NOTICE—HAVE YOUR TIRES REpaired at the Auto Repair Co., No. 211 North 2nd street. Full stock of tires and supplies always on hand. jy29-tf

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FOR THE LATEST FOR THE FALL and Winter in the Merchant Tailoring line, see Leger Meyer, the Professional Tailor, 109 Princess street; second floor. se13-su-tf

MAKE MONEY WITH US. AMOUNT depends upon time devoted. No canvassing. Ambitious local man wanted. Address Ostrander, Dept. 248, 12 West 31st St., New York. au30-1u-tf

LOCAL REPRESENTATIVE WANTED. No canvassing or soliciting required. Good income assured. Address National Co-operative Realty Co., V-744 Marden Bldg., Washington, D. C. se6-su8t*

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GOVERNMENT POSITIONS ARE EASY to get. My free booklet, Y-1319, tells how. Write today—now. Earl Hopkins, Washington, D. C. se2,we,su-17t

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PEARS! PEARS—DELIVERED ANYwhere, charges prepaid, for 75 cents per bushel. Oscar Hinly, Whiteville, N. C. se 20-su-we-tf

THE LATEST IN STYLES AND GOODS in the merchant tailoring line and other work pertaining to it by Leger Meyer, the Practical and Professional Tailor, 109 Princess street, Second floor. se 27-su-tf

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PLAIN TALK No. 3

If a business man went to his home after his day's work in his office and found the chairs in his library dusty; pictures hanging crooked on the wall; the room cold; a general sense of untidiness, uncleanliness and general disorder, he would register a kick and howl that would be heard all over the house. And yet — this same man spends his hours of business in an office where intelligent and regular janitor service is unknown, in fact where there are no facilities for such service. He sits through the dirt and dust. His clients and friends call; they do not see; they have become accustomed and hardened to the old order of things. And there lies the point. Few NEW faces do come. There is no attraction. Look this square in the face. Is this the case in your business? Think it over. There is a building in Wilmington which remedies all of these and many other troubles for $12.00 a month and up. Brighten up. Stir around a bit. Get yourself in the Murchison National Bank Building, and be proud of your office quarters. Visit the tenants already in this handsome building; talk to them. They have a message for you.

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